EPA Tribal Wetlands Workshop National Wetland Condition Assessment Sept. 28, 2021

# Today's presentation

- NWCA/NARS overview
- Sampling protocols
- Reporting/communicating results
- Tribes' involvement in NWCA

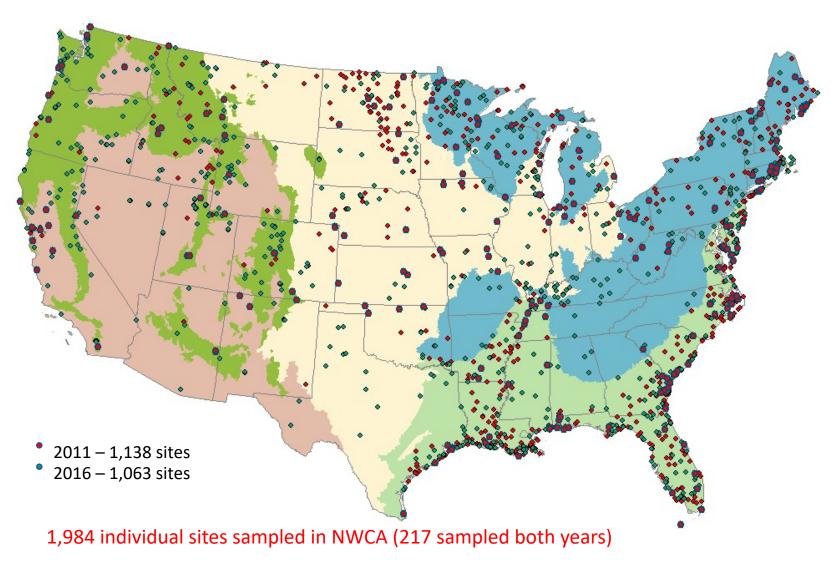


## **NWCA overview**

- Part of the National Aquatic Resource Survey (NARS) program
  - Initiative under Clean Water Act to assess the quality of lakes, rivers and streams, wetlands, and coastal water using statistical surveys
  - EPA works with states, tribes, and federal partners to implement
- NWCA samples approximately 1,000 wetland sites across the country every 5 years
  - Surveys conducted in 2011, 2016, 2021
- NWCA uses a statistical design to select sites from mapped wetlands included in the National Wetland Inventory
  - Tidal and non-tidal wetlands
  - Rooted vegetation and when present, open water less than 1 meter deep
- Standard field methods used at all sites



**NWCA sites** 





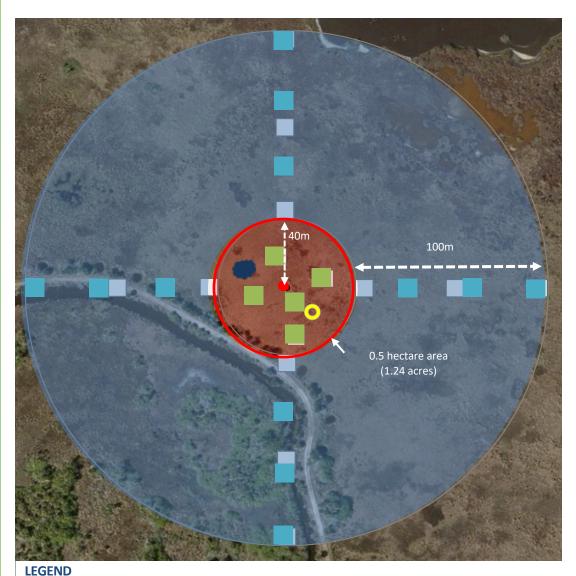
## FIELD SAMPLING APPROACH

### **Core Assessment Area**

- 80 m diameter circle around the sampling point (0.5 ha)
- Collect data on vegetation, soil, surface water, hydrology, and physical alterations

### The Surrounding "Buffer"

- 100 m area outside the core assessment area
- Collect data on physical alterations in 12 plots







## **VEGETATION DATA**

#### Characterization of plant community at five 100m<sup>2</sup> plots

- Presence and cover of each vascular plant species
- Cover of all vascular species by strata
- Cover of bryophytes, lichens, and algae
- Tree counts, cover, and snags
- Ground cover (water, bare ground, litter, woody debris)
- Plant vouchers
  - QA vouchers and unknowns
- Collected data used to
  - Assess biological condition
  - Assess extent of non-native plant species
  - Calculate other plant-based metrics



### SOIL DATA

- Full characterization of soil at one plot location
- Soil pit dug to 125cm with manual tools (shovels, augers) to expose profile face
  - Morphology (texture, color, redox features)
  - Depth to water table
  - Hydric soil field indicators
- Soil samples collected
  - Each horizon layer
    - Bulk density
    - Chemistry
  - 10 cm cores at surface
    - Chemistry
    - Isotope analysis
- Collected data used to
  - Assess levels of metal contamination
  - Assess nutrient enrichment
  - Derive estimates of carbon storage



### PHYSICAL DISTURBANCE DATA

- Presence of human-mediated physical alterations
  - Areal cover and severity within core assessment area (AA)
  - Presence within three 100m2 plots arrayed along cardinal transect lines in 100 m area outside AA

#### 3 general categories

- Vegetation
  - Removal and replacement
- Hydrology
  - Flow obstruction and water addition/subtraction
- Soil
  - Surface modification and hardening

#### Collected data used to

- Assess extent of habitat stressors
- Characterize reference condition



# SURFACE WATER & HYDROLOGY DATA

- Surface water attributes and hydrology characterized at every site
  - Water sources
  - Hydrology indicators
- Water samples collected at sites with surface water
  - Water chemistry
    - nitrogen, phosphorus, DOC, pH, conductivity, chloride, sulfate
  - Chlorophyll-a
  - Algal toxins (microcystin)

### Collected data used to

- Assess risk of recreational exposure to algal toxins
- Assess levels of nutrients

# Analysis and reporting of data

- Compile and QA lab and field data
- Calculate and assess metrics for condition and stressor indicators
- Develop and refine benchmarks
- Estimate percentage of population in categories
  - Good, fair, poor
  - High, moderate, low

### **NWCA Indicators**

### **Biological**

- Vegetation multimetric index
- Nonnative plant stressor index

### Chemical

• Soil heavy metal index

### **Physical**

- Vegetation removal
- Vegetation replacement
- Flow obstruction
- Water addition/subtraction
- Surface hardening
- Surface modification

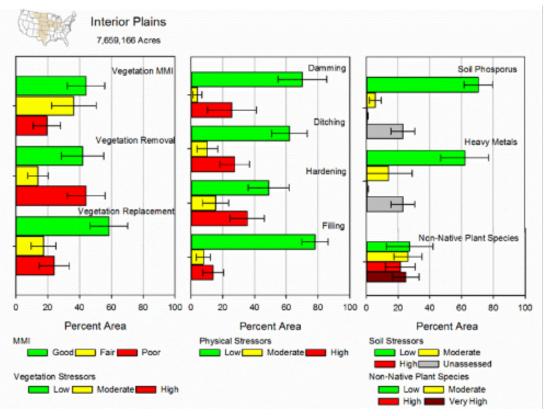
#### Recreation

• microcystin



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# Analysis and reporting of data



NWCA 2011 regional findings for the Interior Plains region

- 44% of wetland area in good condition; 19% in poor condition
- Vegetation removal (44%), hardening (35%), and ditching (28%) are predominant stressors at high levels
  - All physical stressors except filling/erosion above 20%
- Nonnative plants at high or very high stressor levels for 46% of wetland area
  - Only 4% inland herbaceous wetland area at low stressor levels



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# **NWCA and Tribes**

- Sampling wetland sites on Tribal lands
  - Sites chosen via the statistical design
  - Sites targeted for specific purposes
- Training on NWCA methods
  - EPA Region 10 (2012)
  - EPA Region 7 (2019)
  - EPA Region 5 (2022)
- Discuss opportunities with EPA Regional contacts
  - Wetland program development grant funding
  - Regional Workshops

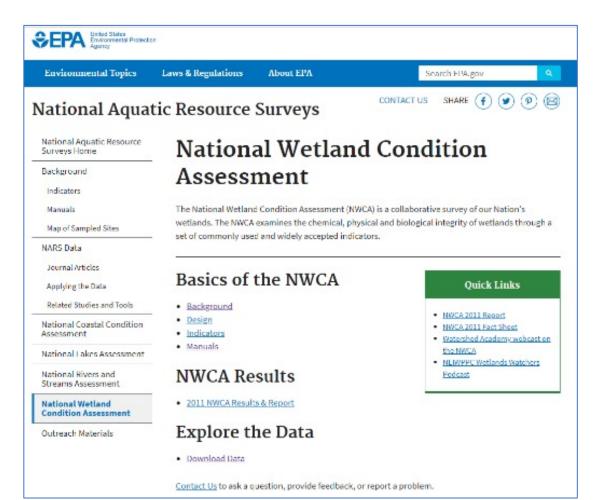


# **Additional resources**

- NWCA web page
- NWCA methods training modules
- ASWM Hydric soil training modules
- Topical collection of scientific papers in Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Journal



# NWCA web page



Results, data and information on survey design, indicators, and methods available at:

https://www.epa.gov/national -aquatic-resourcesurveys/nwca

Survey contact:

Gregg Serenbetz Serenbetz.Gregg@epa.gov



# Hydric soil training modules

- Developed by Association of State Wetland Managers
- Training series for wetland field practitioners who need expertise in hydric soils and want to know
  - how hydric soils are formed
  - how to recognize and interpret the information they provide when observed in the field.
- 12 individual modules
  - Basics of Hydric Soils (3 modules)
  - Hydric Soil Processes (3 modules)
  - Landforms and Landscapes (3 modules)
  - Using Field Observations of Soils Onsite in Decision Making (3 modules)
- Access to video presentations is free and available at:

https://www.aswm.org/wetland-science/soils/9736-aswmhydric-soils-online-training-series



# **Scientific papers**

Environmental Monitoring and Assessment All Volumes & Issues

#### Topical Collection on Monitoring Wetlands on a Continental Scale: The Technical Basis for the National Wetland Condition Assessment

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT



ISSN: 0167-6369 (Print) 1573-2959 (Online)

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