

Strategic Property Buyouts To Enhance Flood Resilience

Creating a Model for Flood Risk Reduction, Community Protection and Environmental Gains

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Project Goals and Objectives

Hurricane Harvey inundated hundreds of thousands of homes with an estimated damage of USD 125 billion.

Damages to some of these properties could have been prevented if they were previously identified as having important natural values and bought-out or acquired prior to the flood event.

Existing land acquisition and buyout programs are often initiated in a reactionary manner after a flooding event has occurred, resulting in open spaces that does little to protect environmental assets or prevent long term flooding for structures in vulnerable locations.



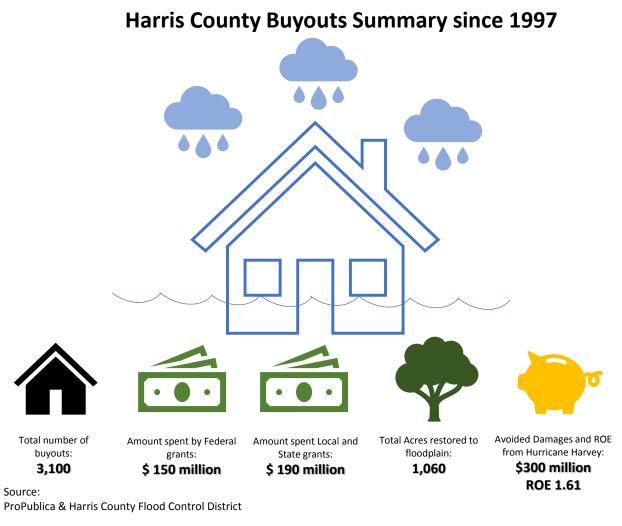
Project Goals and Objectives

This study addresses the problem by developing a proactive framework for identifying candidate parcels for acquisition in advance of storm events by prioritizing important natural features.

This approach enables the selection of properties with the potential of being restored to open spaces as well as serve important natural flood attenuation purposes.



Existing Buyouts in Harris County

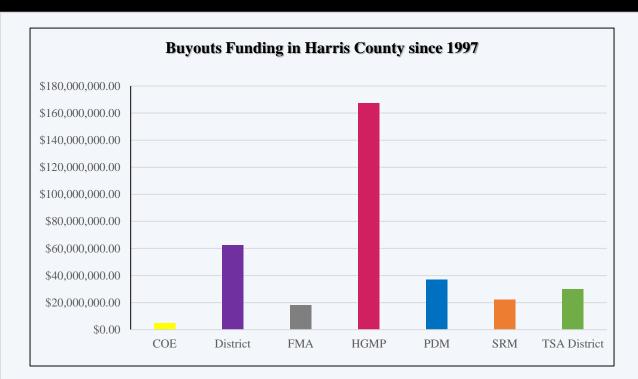


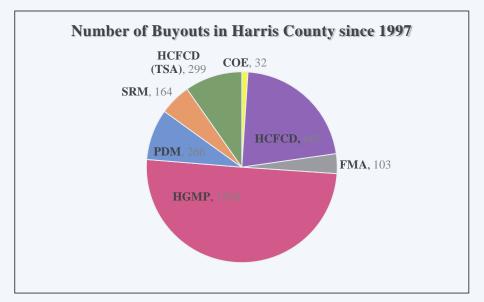
Source:

COE: Army Corp of Engineers

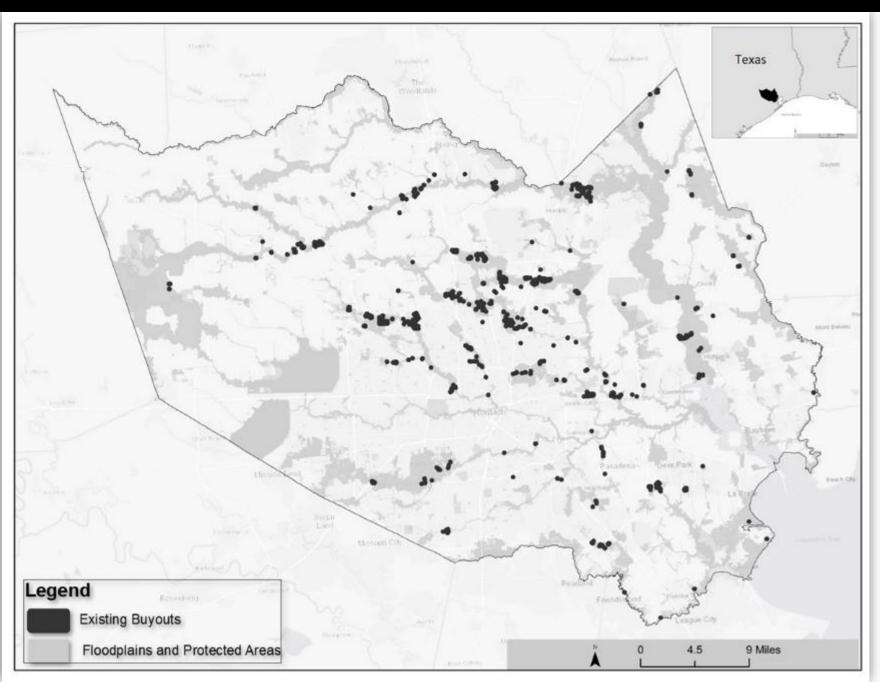
HGMP: Hazard Mitigation Grant Program District: Harris County Flood Control District

FMA: Flood Mitigation Assistance TSA: Transitional Sheltering Assistance PDM: Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program

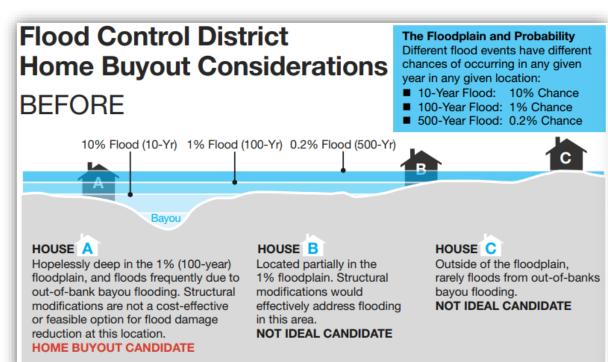




Existing Buyouts in Harris County



Existing Buyout Requirements in Harris County





Some Shortfalls

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Priority is given to structures deep within the 100-yr floodplain

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

Only Structures with repetitive flood damages usually determined from insured flood claims are considered

Source: Harris County Flood Control District

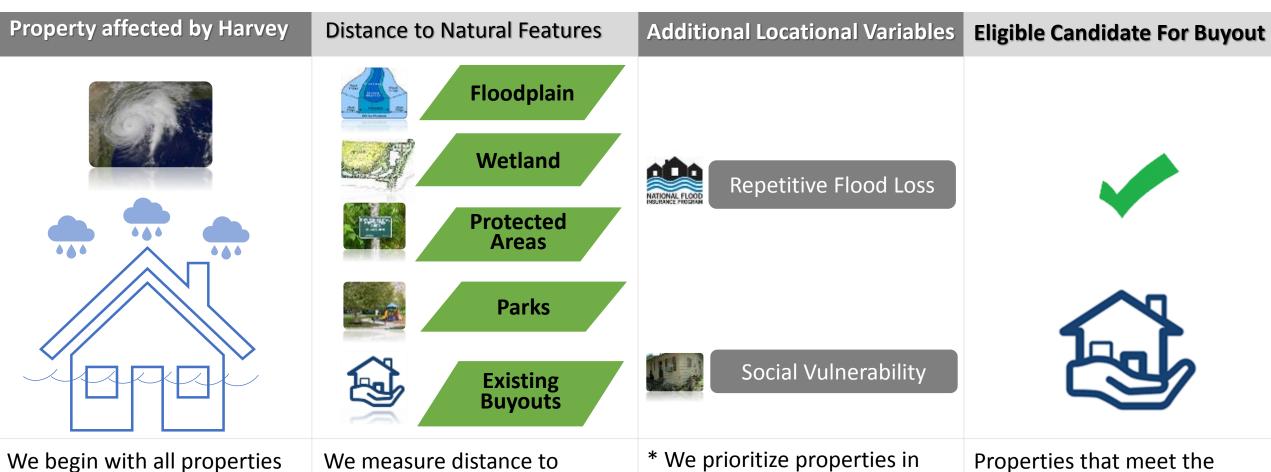


Properties outside the floodplain and in proximity to important ecological services are not considered



Poor consideration for proximity to existing buyouts

Conceptual Framework For Candidate Buyout Selection



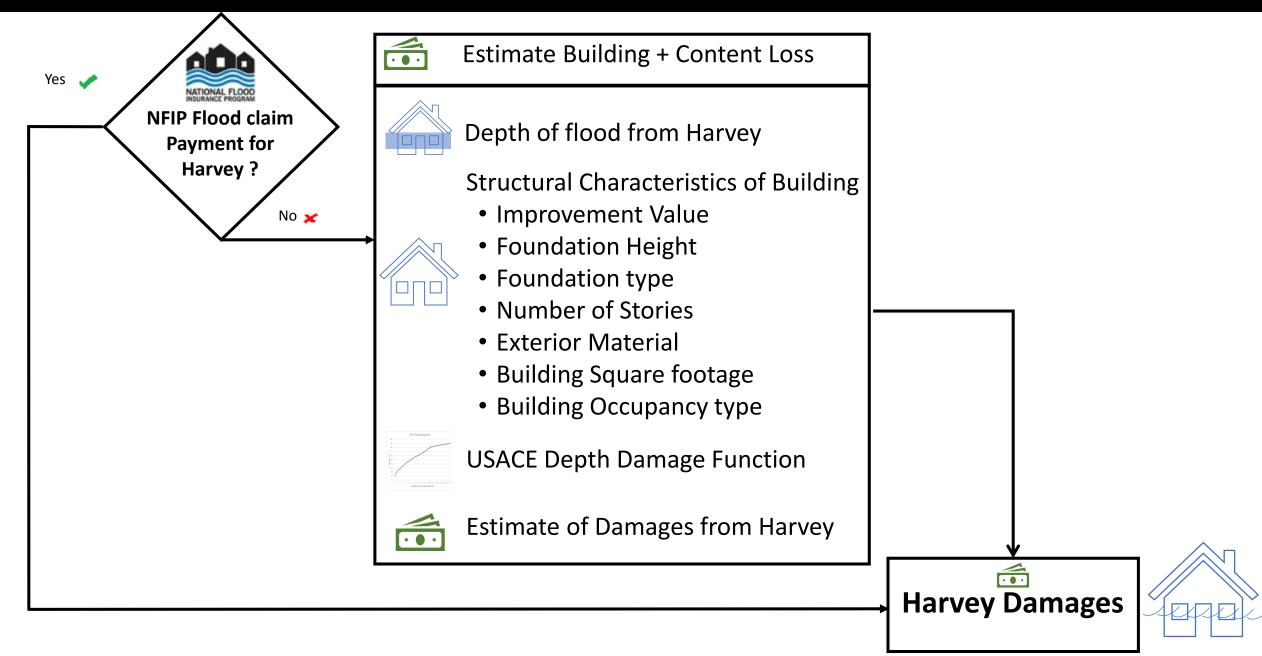
We begin with all properties inundated by Hurricane Harvey with significant damage to both structure and contents of the building

We measure distance to various natural features from the affected property

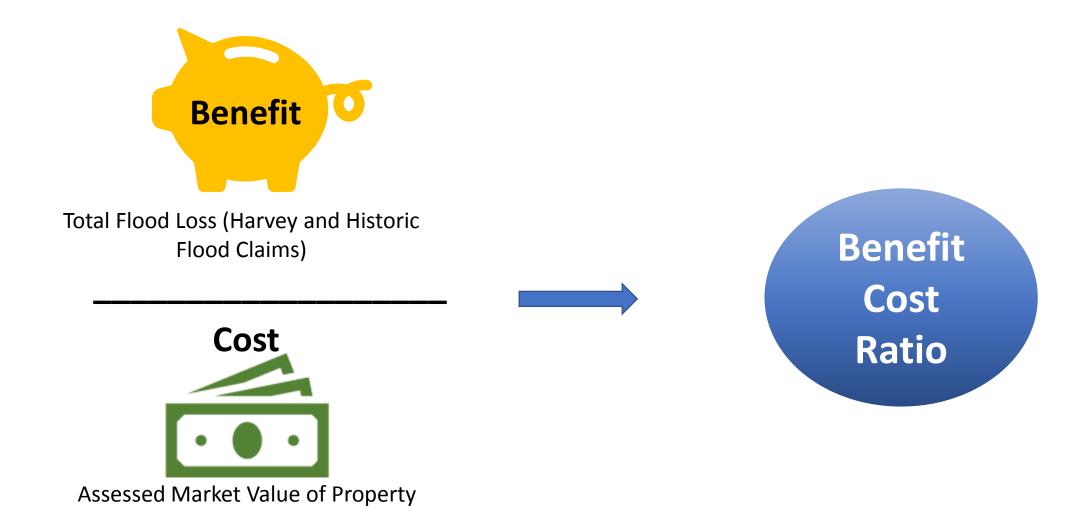
* We prioritize properties in census tracts with a SVI score of ≥ 0.5 determined from CDC social vulnerability database * We also prioritize properties with repetitive flood claims

Properties that meet the eligibility criteria for different scenario are selected as candidates for future buyouts and property acquisition

Flood Damage Modeling:



Benefit-Cost Calculation

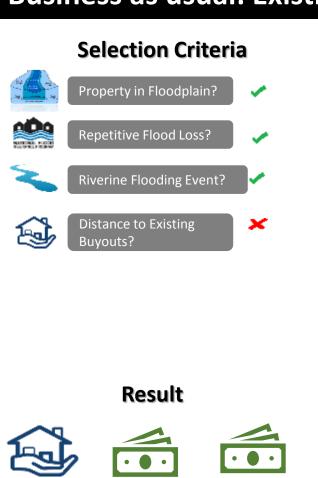


We assume that a ratio higher than 1 indicates that the scenario would have a net financial benefit to the community.

Buyout Selection Scenarios

Scenario	Measures	Description
Current Practice	Flooding Source	Riverine flooding
	Repetitive Loss	Whether property loss is repetitive
	Floodplain	Whether property is in the floodplain
Wetlands, Floodplains and Buyouts	SFHA distance	Distance of property to edge of floodplain
	NWI Distance	Distance of property to edge of Wetland
	Buyout Distance	Distance of property to nearest existing buyout
Parks, Protected Areas, and Buyouts	Park distance	Distance of property to parks
	Conservation	Distance of property to conservation east.
	Protected Areas	Distance of property to protected areas
	Buyout Distance	Distance of property to nearest existing buyout
All Natural Features and Buyouts	SFHA distance	Distance of property to edge of floodplain
	NWI Distance	Distance of property to edge of Wetland
	Park distance	Distance of property to parks
	Conservation	Distance of property to conservation east.
	Protected Areas	Distance of property to protected areas
	Buyout Distance	Distance of property to nearest existing buyout

Business as usual: Existing Requirements in Harris County





Value Ratio:

2.67



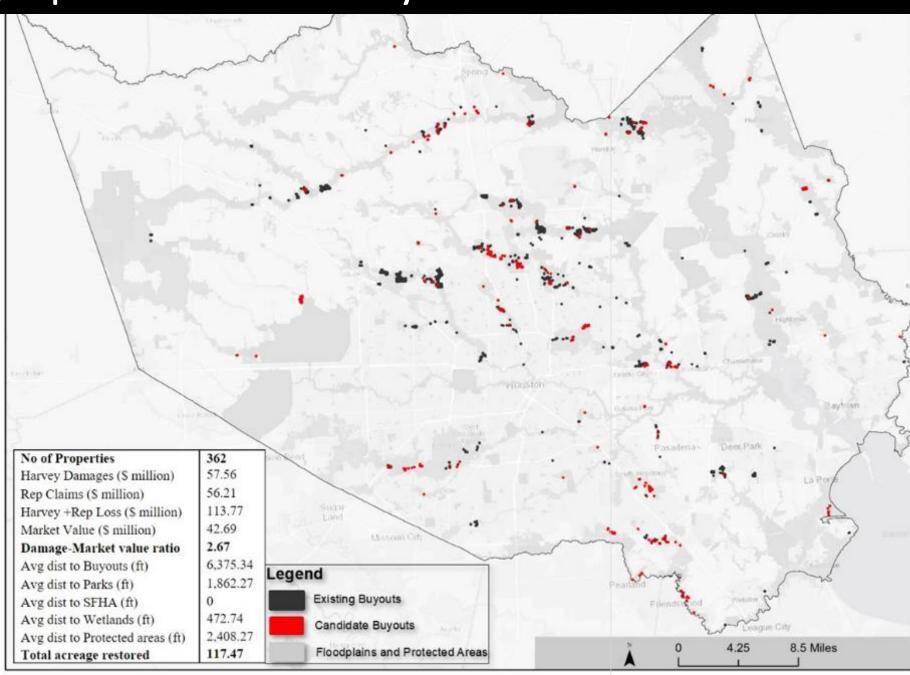
Market Value of

Properties:

\$ 42 million

ecological:

117



Business as Usual: Existing Requirements in Harris County: Example Area

Some candidate buyouts in proximity to existing buyouts

Only few eligible parcels despite location within the floodplain

Not Eligible
Outside the floodplain

Result





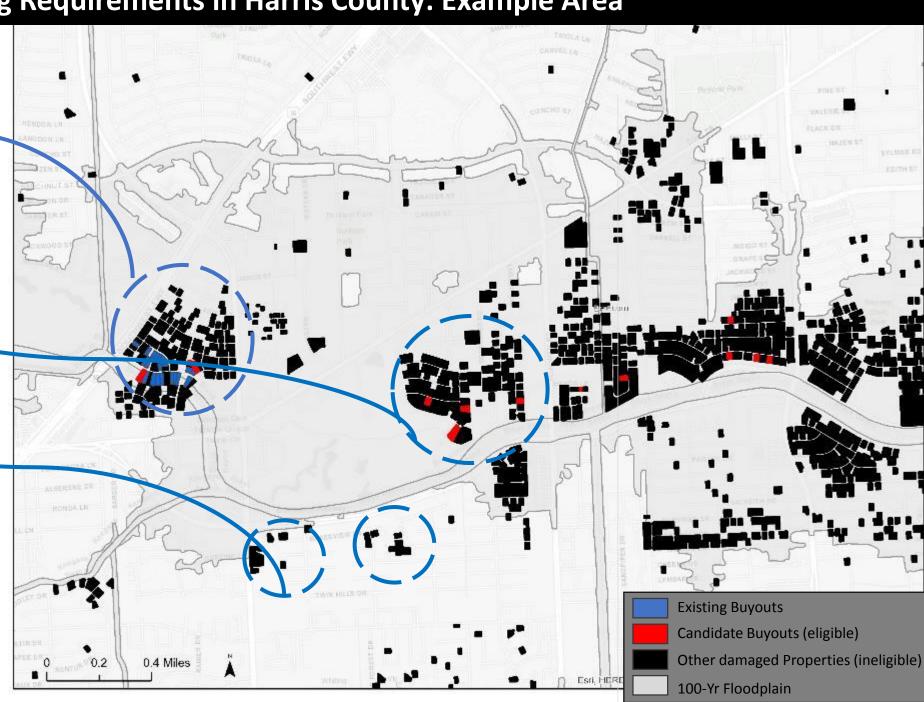
otal number of didate buyouts: Harvey and other floods \$ 113 million





2.67





4b: All Natural Features and Buyouts (1000 ft)

Selection Criteria



Existing Buyouts Distance



Park Distance ≤ 1000 ft



Wetland Distance < 1000 ft



Protected Area Distance < 1000 ft



Floodplain Distance ≤ 1000 ft

Result



290

Total Damages from candidate buyouts: Harvey and other floods

\$ 44 million



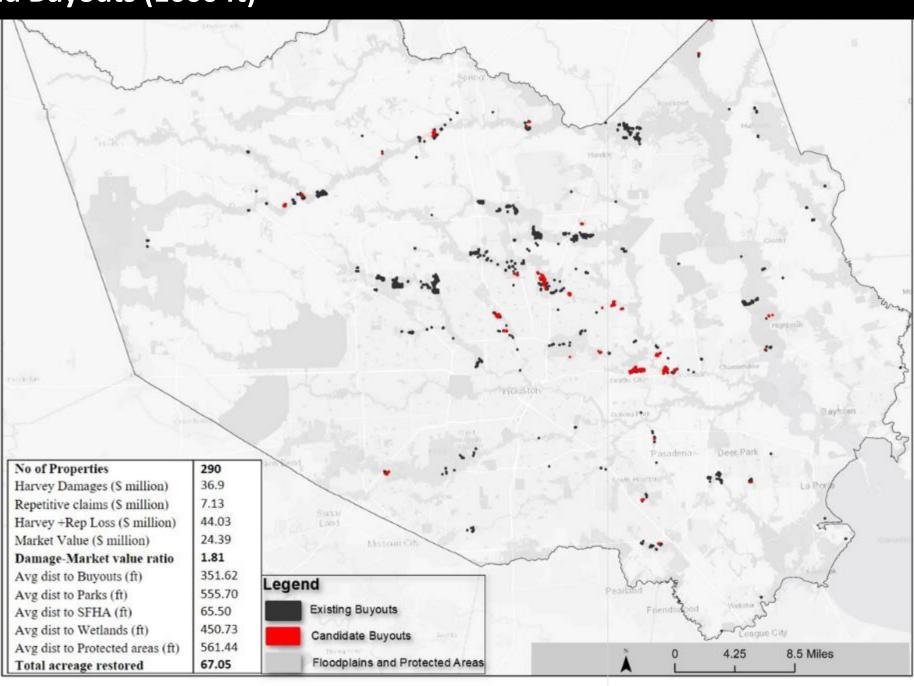
Market Value of Properties:

\$ 24 million

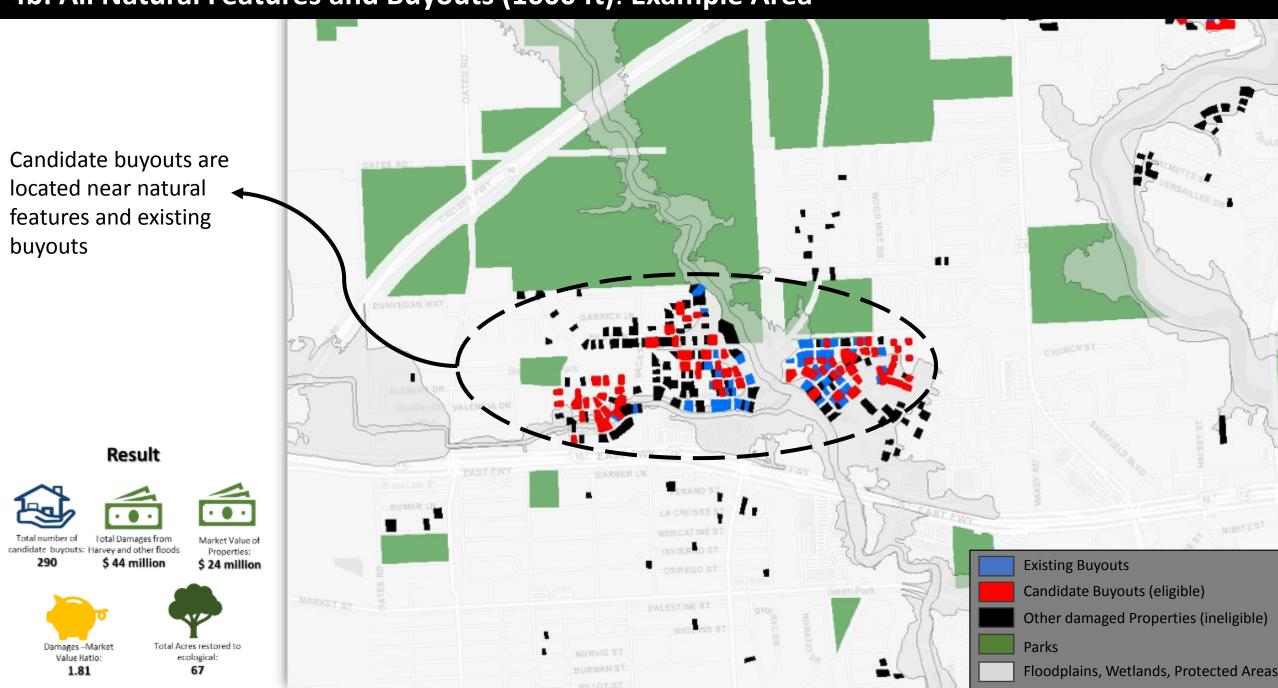


Damages - Market Value Ratio: 1.81

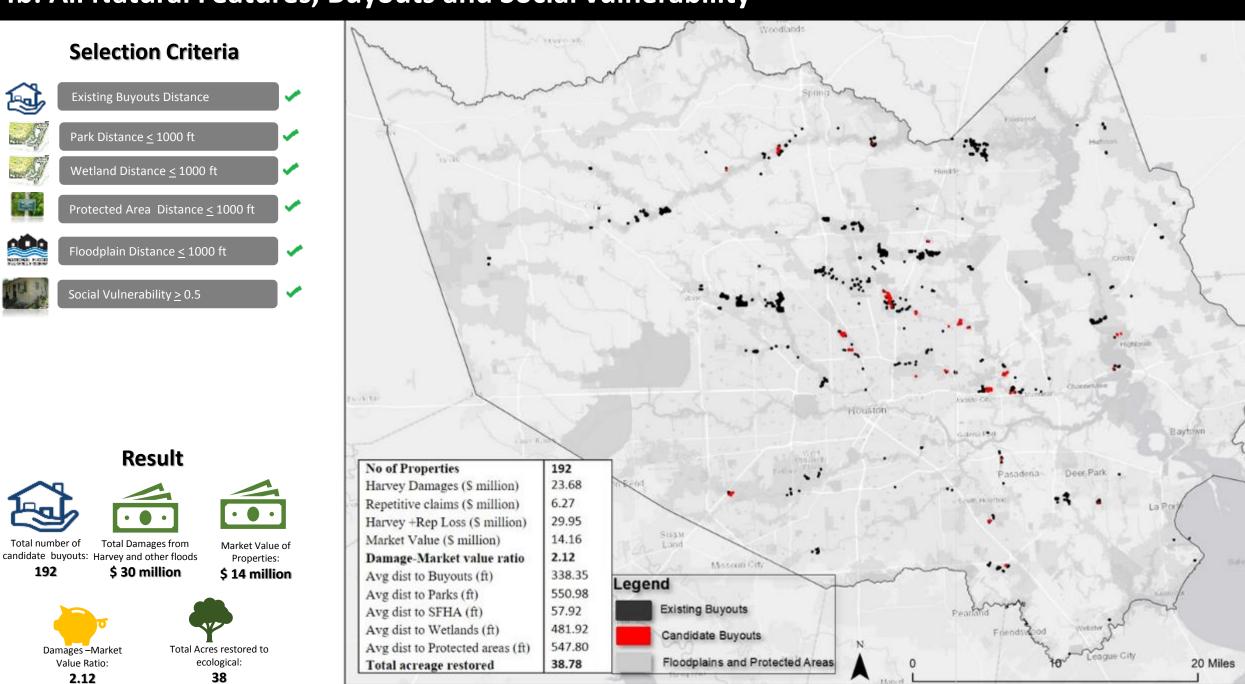




4b: All Natural Features and Buyouts (1000 ft): Example Area



4b: All Natural Features, Buyouts and Social vulnerability



4b: All Ecological Features, Buyouts and social vulnerability (1000 ft): Example Area

Proximity to all ecological features including existing buyouts and high Housing and Transportation **Social Vulnerability**





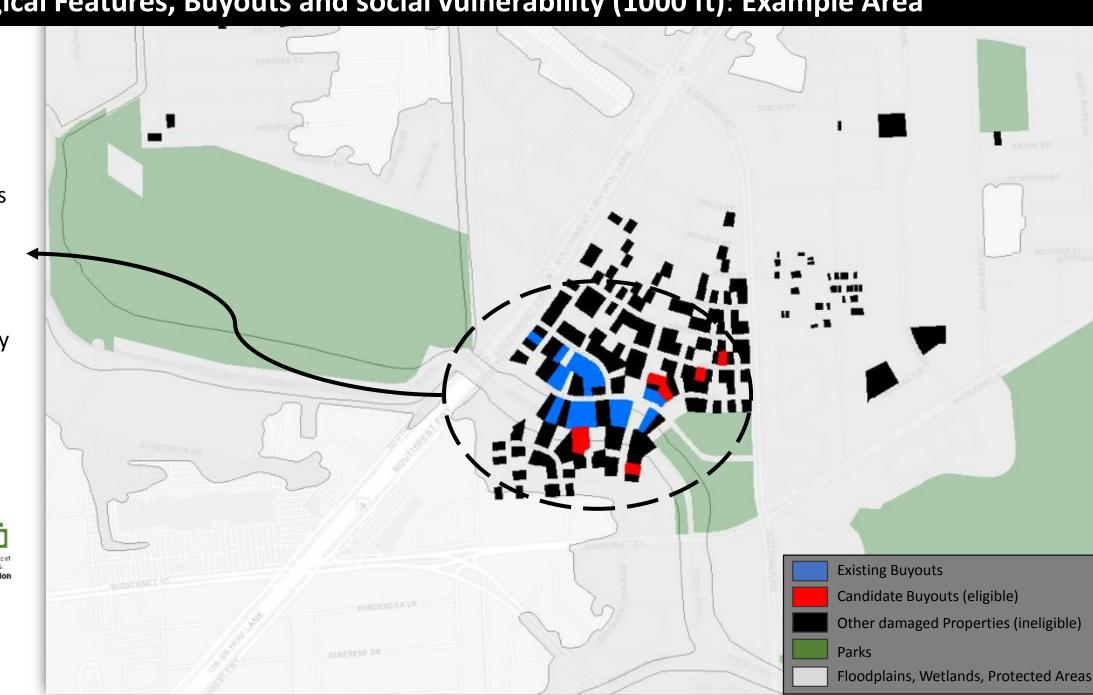




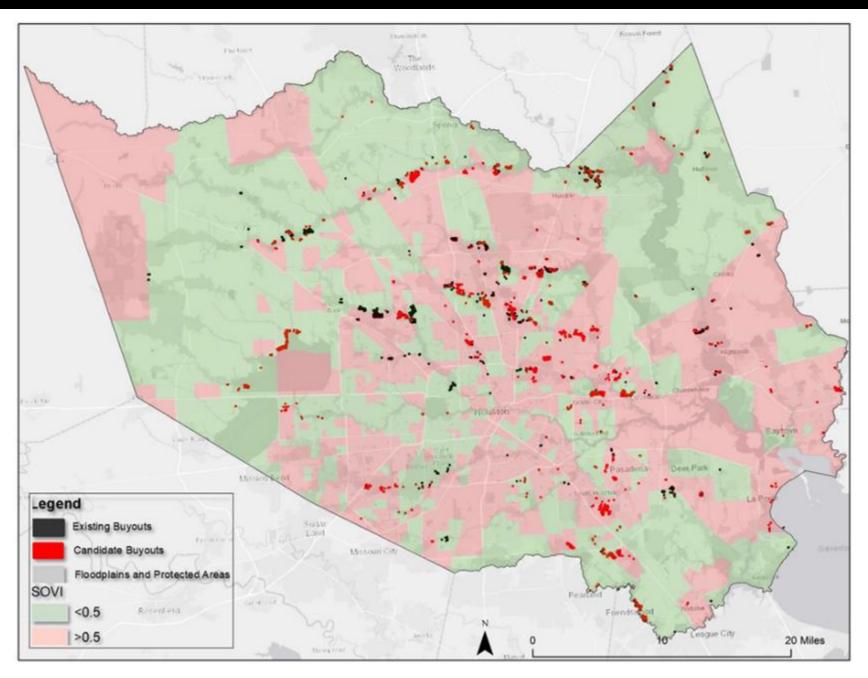






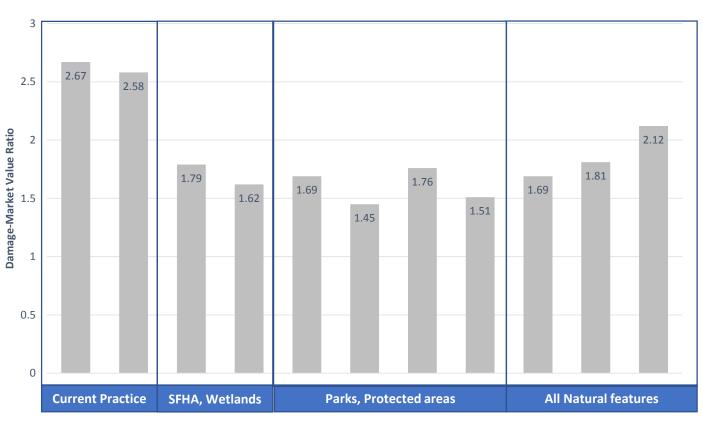


4b: All Ecological Features and Buyouts (1000 ft): Example Area



Economic Benefits from Candidate Buyout Scenarios

Damage-Market Value Ratio



BUSINESS AS USUAL

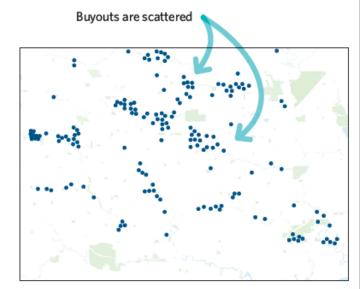


Cost effective flood mitigation





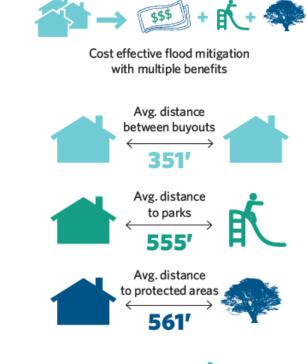


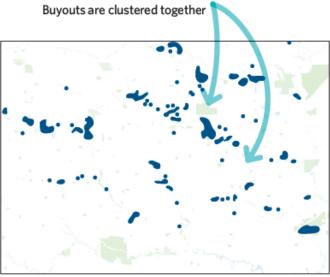


Summary

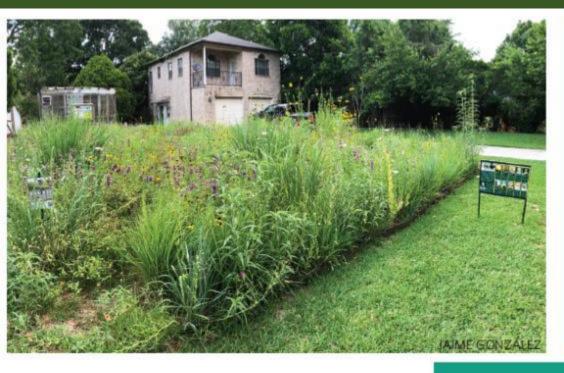
The proactive model prioritizes clustered buyouts that are close to natural features and ultimately can result in fewer, larger patches of open space that can be restored to benefit people and nature.

A PROACTIVE MODEL





Benefits of Strategic Buyouts

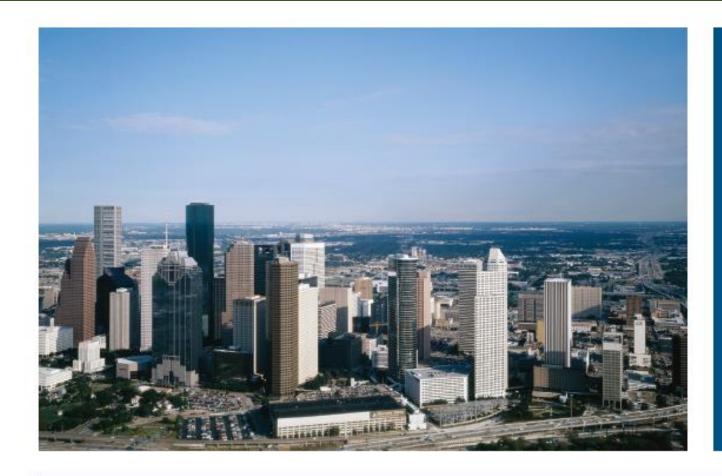


- ◀ Over time, can lead to clusters of open space that can be used as green infrastructure to restore the functions of floodplains, absorb and clean storm water, provide space for outdoor recreation and improve the visual character of urban areas
- As cost effective as traditional buyouts

- Less expensive to manage fewer, larger areas with multiple functions rather than scattered, empty lots
- Added benefits for people and wildlife



Benefits of Strategic Buyouts



- √ From 1992-2010, Houston lost wetlands that could detain 4 billion gallons of storm water (\$600 million in lost storm water detention).
- The \$2.5b flood bond passed on Harvey's anniversary in August included funding for both traditional infrastructure repair as well as taking a look at things like detention ponds restoration.

 Research shows that every square meter of Houston pavement equates to \$4,000 in extra flood damage. (Sam Brody/TAMU)

Thank you

For additional information or to request the full technical report, please contact:

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