#### Community Engagement and Cost Benefit Analysis for Sea Level Rise and Storm Surge Adaptation

#### Methods, Case Studies, and Wetland-specific Opportunities



Samuel B. Merrill, Ph.D. December 10, 2012



#### Muskie School of Public Service

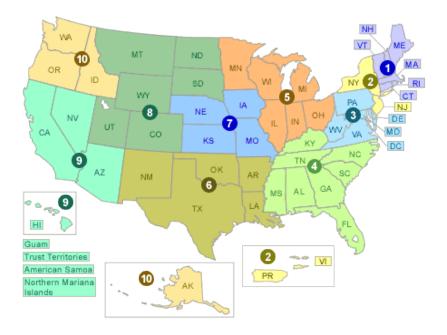
University of Southern Maine Portland, Maine

### **Environmental Finance Center Network**

The EFCN is a university-based organization creating innovative solutions to managing costs of environmental protection and improvement. It consists of ten EFCs serving states in EPA's ten regions. By sharing information, tools and techniques, the EFCs <u>help</u> address difficult how-to-pay issues of providing environmental services.

http://www.epa.gov/efinpage/efcn.htm.







www.catalysisadaptation.com



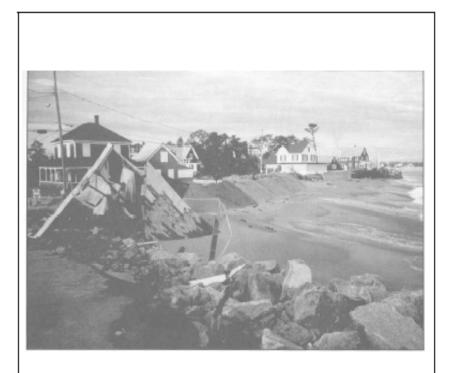


United States Environmental Protection Agency

\$EPA

Policy, Planning, And Evaluation (2122) EPA-230-R-95-900 September 1995

#### Anticipatory Planning For Sea-Level Rise Along The Coast of Maine





This report a joint effort in cooperation with State of Maine's State Planning Office.

# On the right track... in 1995!

## But it was never <u>brought to the</u> <u>local level</u>

# So it was LOST in the archives.



# Nore reports...and updated sea level regulations

2006 - As the result of a 2 year stakeholder process, Maine adopted 2 feet of sea level rise over the next 100 years, which was a "middle-of-the road" prediction for global sea level rise, into its NRPA. Protecting Maine's Beaches for the Future

A Proposal to Create an Integrated Beach Management Program



A Report of the Beach Stakeholder's Group to the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources 122<sup>nd</sup> Maine Legislature, 2<sup>nd</sup> Regular Session

February 2006



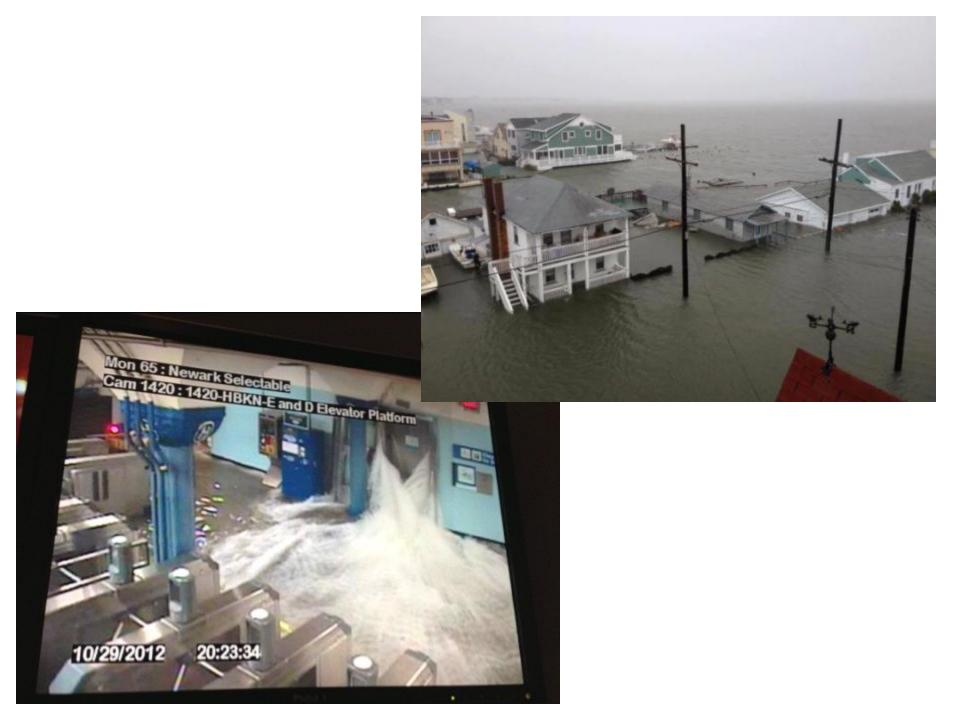
P.A. Slovinsky, MGS

# **Impacts from Flooding**









# **Adaptation Works**

Homeowners in Florida could reduce losses from a severe hurricane by 61 percent, resulting in \$51 billion in savings, simply by building to strong construction codes.

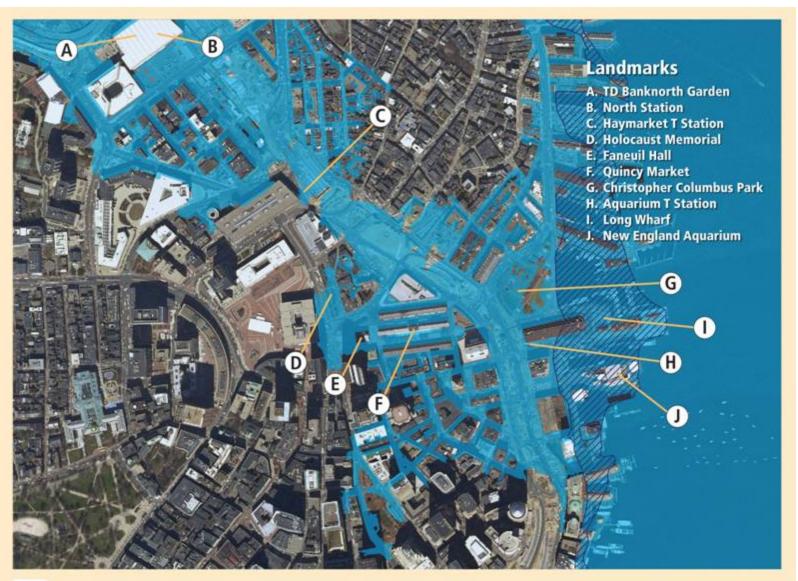
Wharton Risk Management and Decision Processes Center, University of Pennsylvania. "Managing Large Scale Risks in a New Era of Catastrophe." 2007

#### It is Difficult to Shift into Action Mode:

- 1) Consequences appear far off in time.
- 2) Cost-benefit relationships are ambiguous.
- 3) Possible actions are complex.
- 4) Doing nothing is far, far easier.



#### Coastal Flooding in Boston under Present and High Emission Sea Levels



## There are only four options:

- 1) Do nothing (usually = remain in denial)
- 2) Fortify assets
- 3) Accommodate higher water levels
- 4) Relocate assets

#### **There are only four options:**

Do nothing (usually = remain in denial)
 Fortify assets
 Accommodate higher water levels
 Relocate assets

>> COAST is a tool and approach to help evaluate costs and benefits of these options.

### Possible Assets to Model

- Real estate values
- Economic output
- Public health impacts
- Displaced persons, vulnerable demographics
- Natural resources values
- Cultural resources values
- Community impacts
- Infrastructure (transportation, energy, facilities, telecommunications)

#### **The COAST Process**

#### Has been or is being used in

- 1. Old Orchard Beach, ME
- 2. Portland, ME
- 3. Falmouth, ME
- 4. East Machias, ME
- 5. Seabrook, NH
- 6. Hampton, NH
- 7. Hampton Falls, NH
- 8. Tybee Island, GA
- 9. Cambridge, MA
- 10. Kingston, NY
- 11. Oxdford, MD

# The COAST Strategy

1) Don't discuss climate change.

# The COAST Strategy

Don't discuss climate change.
 Focus on observed, local data.

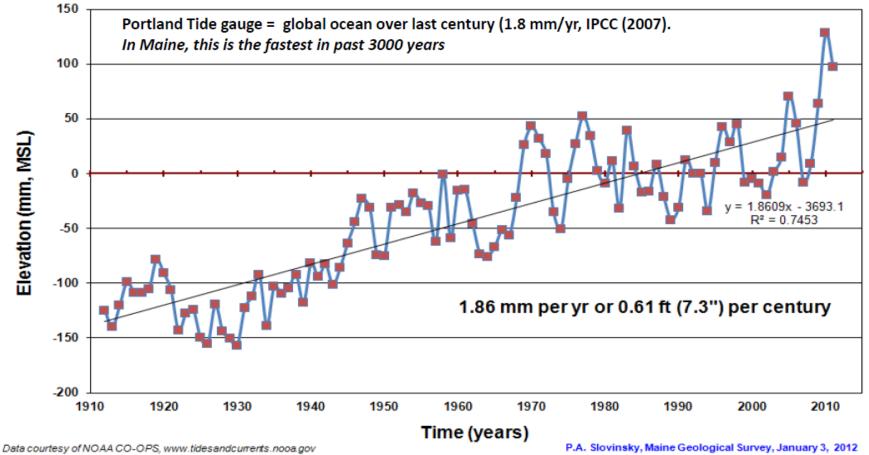


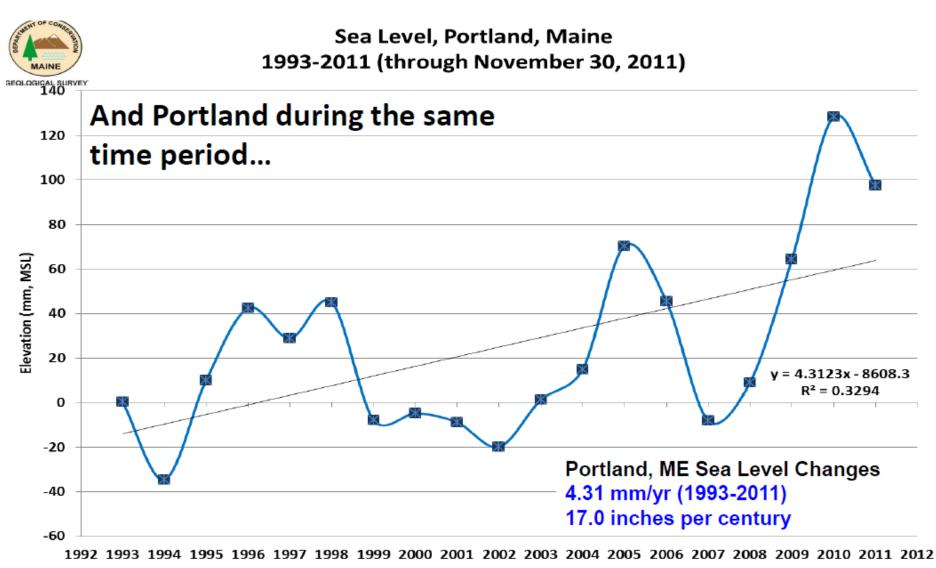
Patriot's Day Storm 2007: York Beach

#### Sea Level, Portland, Maine 1912-2011 (through November 30, 2011)

MAINE

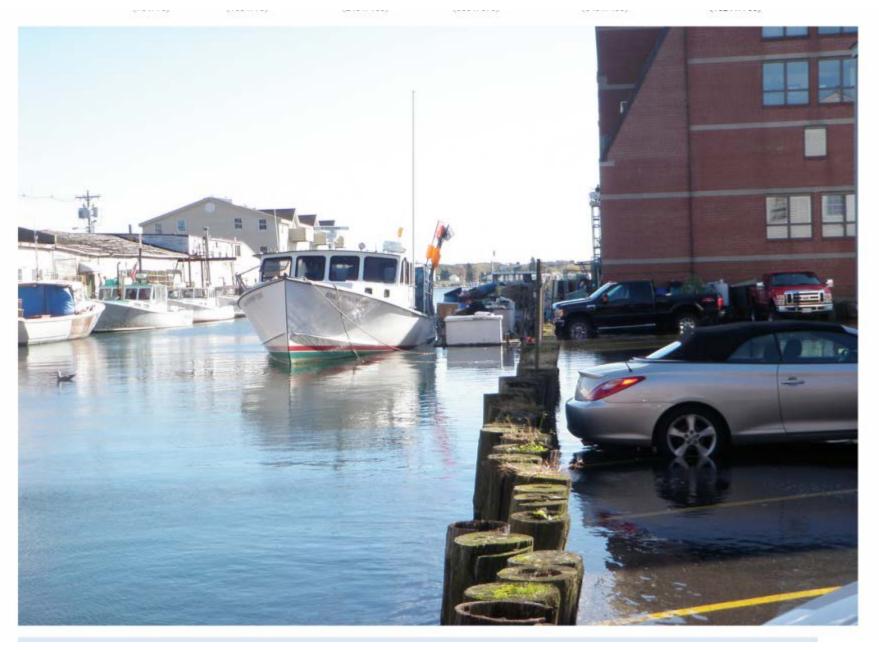
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY





Year





#### The Old Port, 10/11 at high tide (M. Craig)







Marginal Way and Cove St., 9/10, New Moon

J. Piribeck



Marginal Way and Cove St., 9/10, New Moon

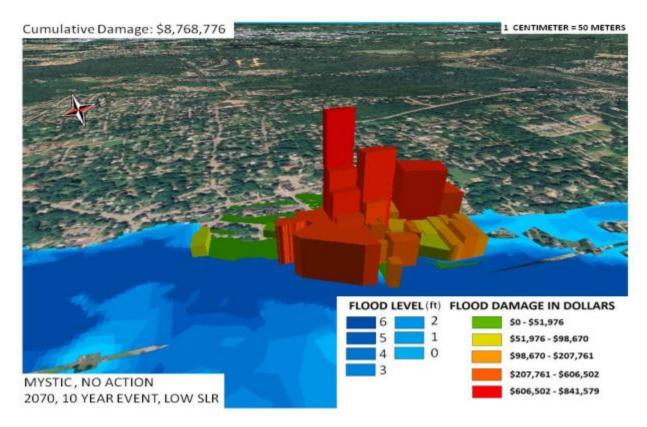
J. Piribeck



The Old Port, 3/10 at high tide (D. Yakovleff)

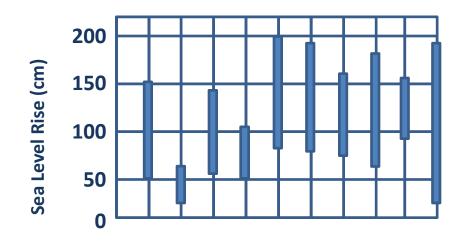
# The COAST Strategy

Don't discuss climate change.
 Focus on observed, local data.
 Use 3D visualization.

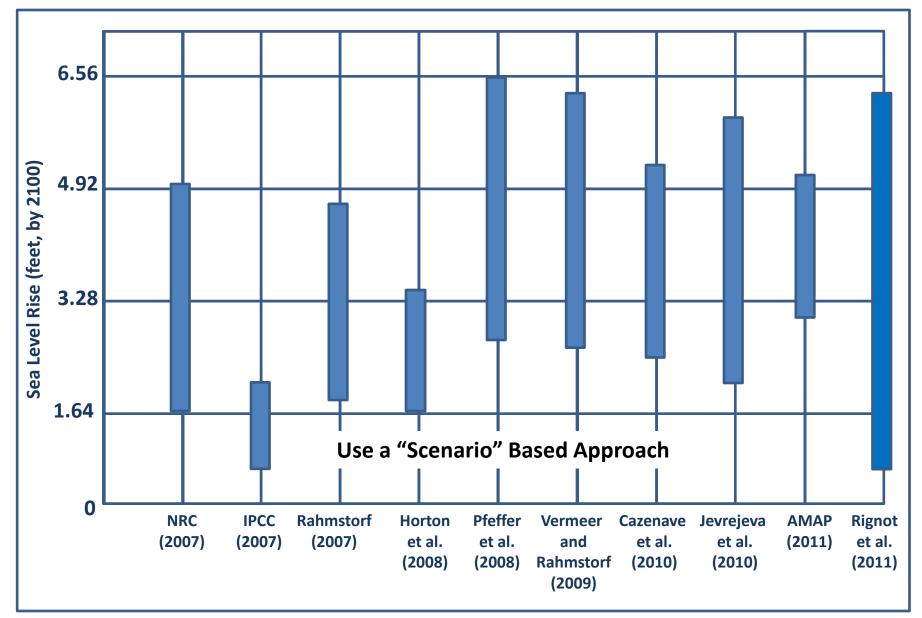


# The COAST Strategy

- 1) Don't discuss climate change.
- 2) Focus on observed, local data.
- 3) Use 3D visualization.
- 4) Use a scenario-based approach.

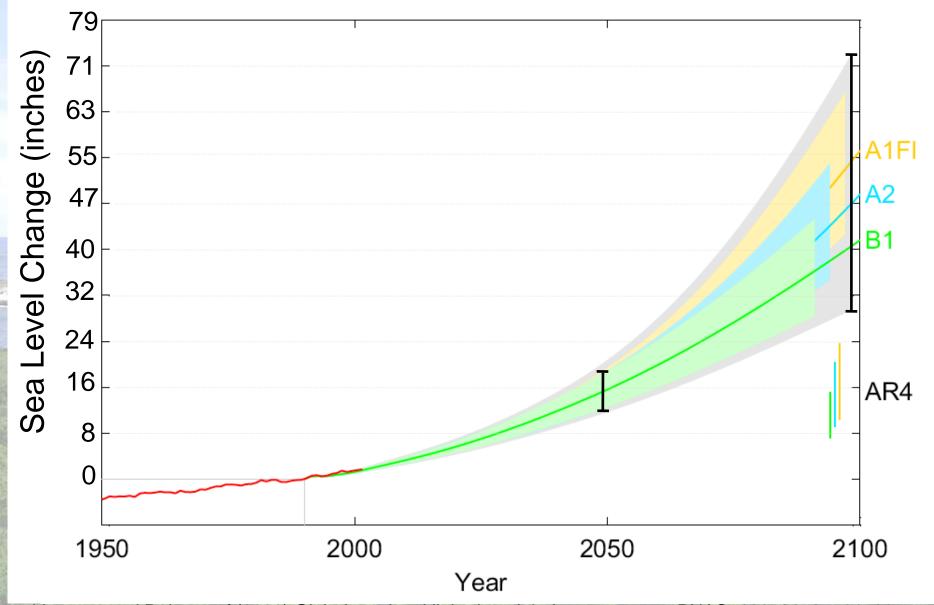


# **SLR Scenario Ranges**



Adapted from Rahmstorf (2010); and Williams (2012)

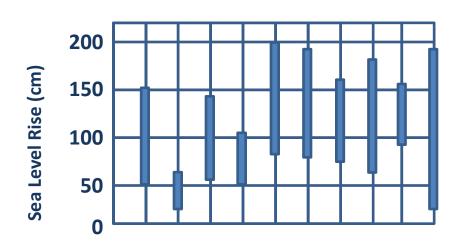
## Projection of Sea Level Rise from 1990 to 2100



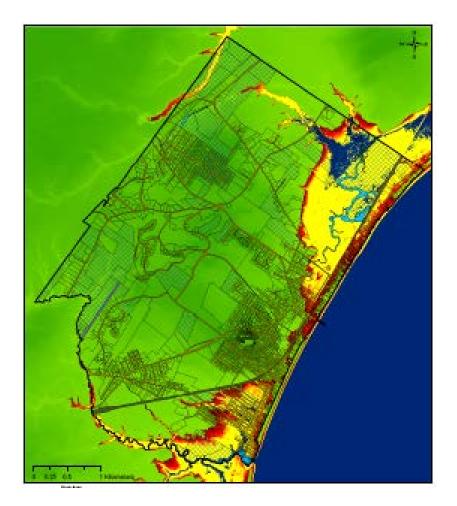
Vermeer and Rahmstorf (2009) Global sea level linked to global temperature. PNAS 106, 21527–21532.

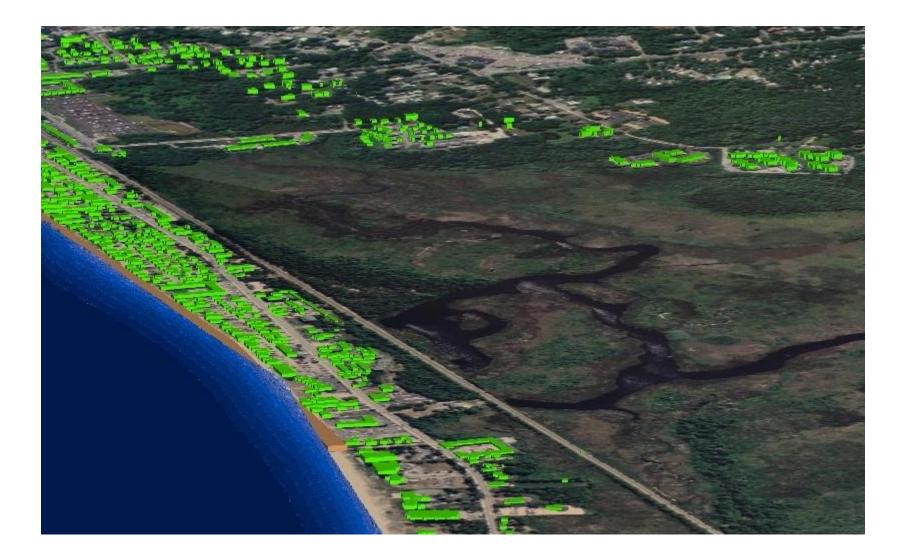
# The COAST Strategy

- 1) Don't discuss climate change.
- 2) Focus on observed, local data.
- 3) Use 3D visualization.
- 4) Use a scenario-based approach.
- 5) Empower with a sense of possibility ... then get out of the way.





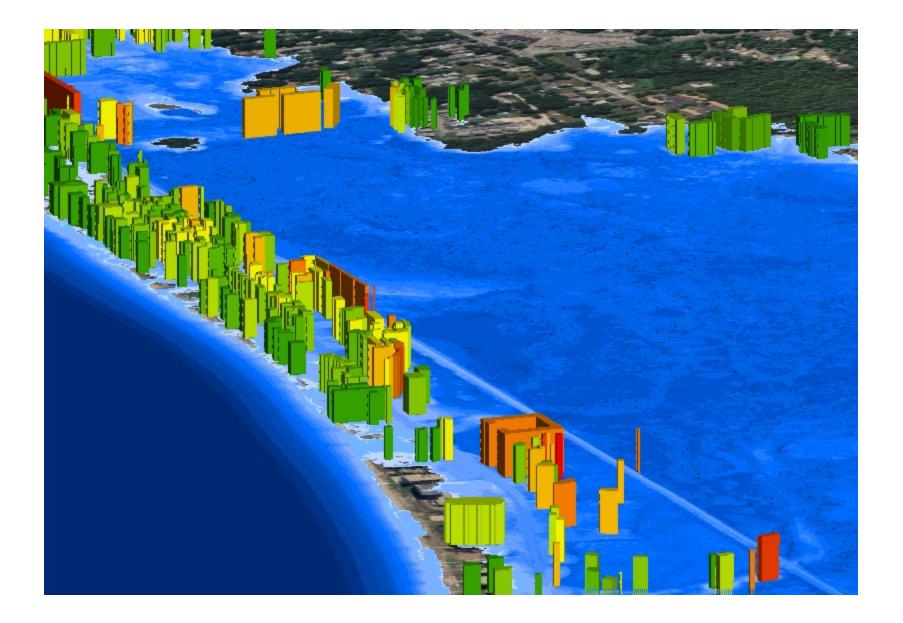




### **Data for Decision-Making**

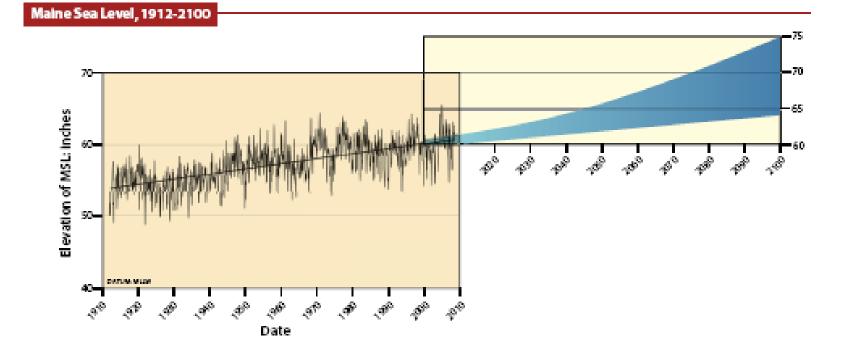
Damage Functions for Single Family Residential Structures with Basement

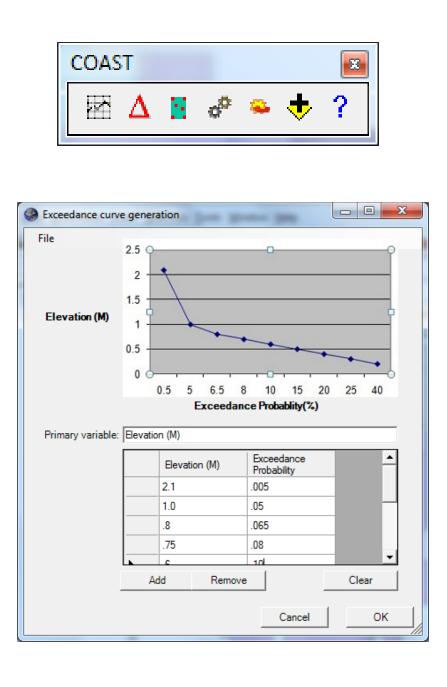
Depth (feet)	Mean of Damage		
0	25.5%		
1	32.0%		
2	38.7%		
3	45.5%		
4	52.2%		
5	58.6%		
6	64.5%		



## Expected costs and damages, 2010 - 2050

SLR	Adaptation	Residual	Adaptation	Total Damages
Scenario		Damages	Cost	and Costs
		(\$ million)	(\$ million)	(\$ million)
No SLR	No Action	680	0	680
	50 yr flood	3.4	52.4	55.8
	100 yr flood	0	60	60
Low	No Action	899.3	0	899.3
	50 yr flood	28.3	52.4	80.7
	100 yr flood	0	60	60
High	No Action	1016.6	0	1016.6
	50 yr flood	67.8	52.4	120.2
	100 yr flood	37.6	60	97.6





File					
Scenario Name: Agressive Sea Level Rise - 60 year					
Start Date:	Wednesday,	June	15, 2011	-	
End Date:	Monday ,	May	18, 2071	•	
Fixed Modifiers					
	n - NOAA Chart 2492				
Derrier Constr	ustion Drepond 71	777 C			
	uction - Proposal 71 Surge - NOAA Docu		52011		
	Surge - NOAA Docu		52011		
Dynamic Modifiers	Surge - NOAA Docu ressive		52011		
Dynamic Modifiers	Surge - NOAA Docu ressive pderate		52011		
Dynamic Modifiers	Surge - NOAA Docu ressive pderate		52011		
Dynamic Modifiers	Surge - NOAA Docu ressive pderate		52011		

Seconfiguration
Output Settings
Range Gradient:
Damage Field: DAMAGE_VALUE
Output Directory: c:\COAST\Projected Damage\
Open File in ArcMap
Open File in ArcGlobe
Open File in Google Earth

Climatic Change DOI 10.1007/s10584-011-0379-z

# Simplified method for scenario-based risk assessment adaptation planning in the coastal zone

Paul Kirshen • Samuel Merrill • Peter Slovinsky • Norman Richardson

Received: 16 November 2009 / Accepted: 14 November 2011 © Springer Science+Business Media B.V. 2011

#### **COAST Programming Status**

- Currently runs as an extension in ArcMap v.9 and 10
- Currently requires Spatial Analyst
- Converting to a subset of Global Mapper, no Arc required
- <u>Will remain a free download</u>, on the NE/EFC website
- Expected online release date for v1.0: Q2 2013

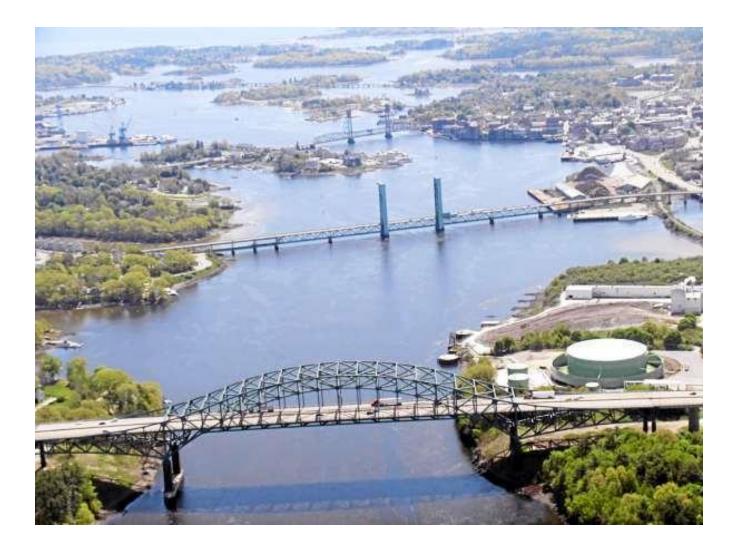


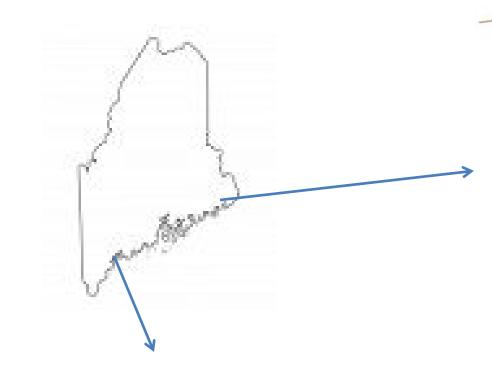
#### The COAST Process

- 1. Specify location and vulnerable asset
- 2. Select time horizons, SLR and SS thresholds
- 3. Select adaptation action, estimate costs
- 4. Input Depth Damage Function
- 5. Input reference data (parcel, elevation, etc)
- 6. Run the model
- 7. Use maps and tables in public process

## Possible Assets to Model

- Real estate values
- Economic output
- Public health impacts
- Displaced persons, vulnerable demographics
- Natural resources values
- Cultural resources values
- Community impacts
- Infrastructure (transportation, energy, facilities, telecommunications)

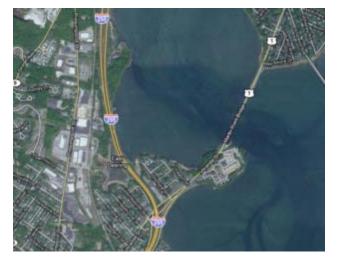






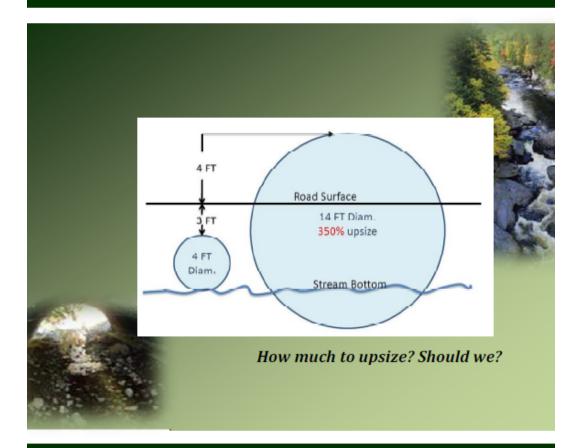
#### Machias Bridge, Machias

(pressure transducer placed in 8/11)



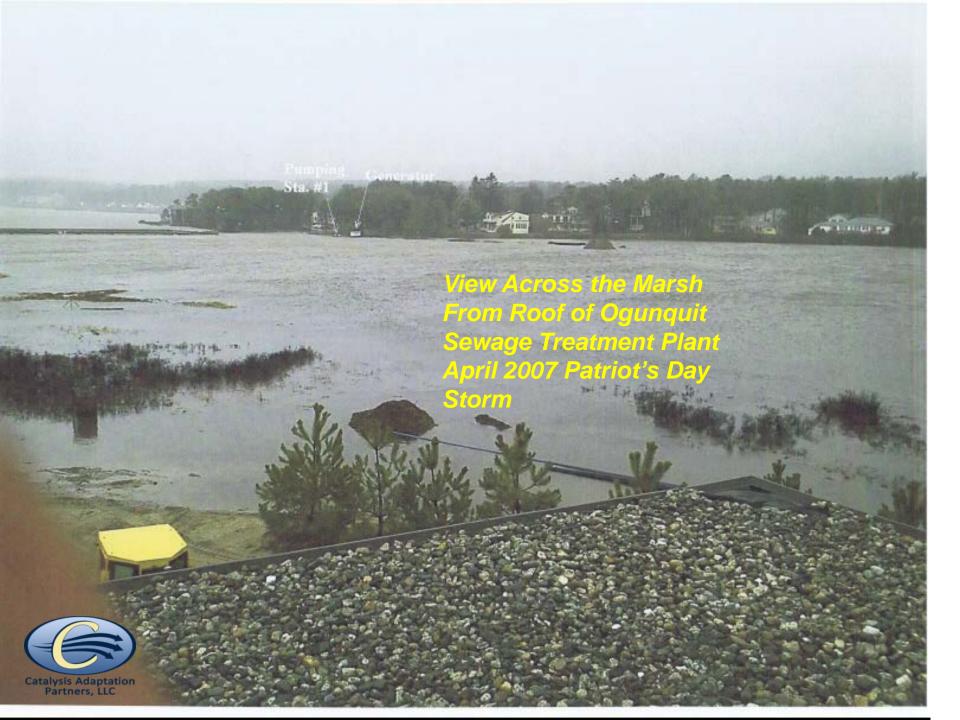
Martin's Point Bridge, Falmouth

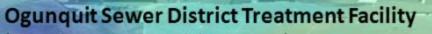
# A Financial Impact Assessment of LD 1725: Stream Crossings



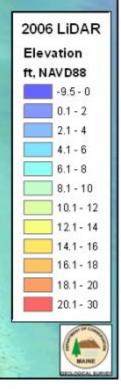
Prepared by: The New England Environmental Finance Center For the Maine Department of Transportation Office of Environmental Planning



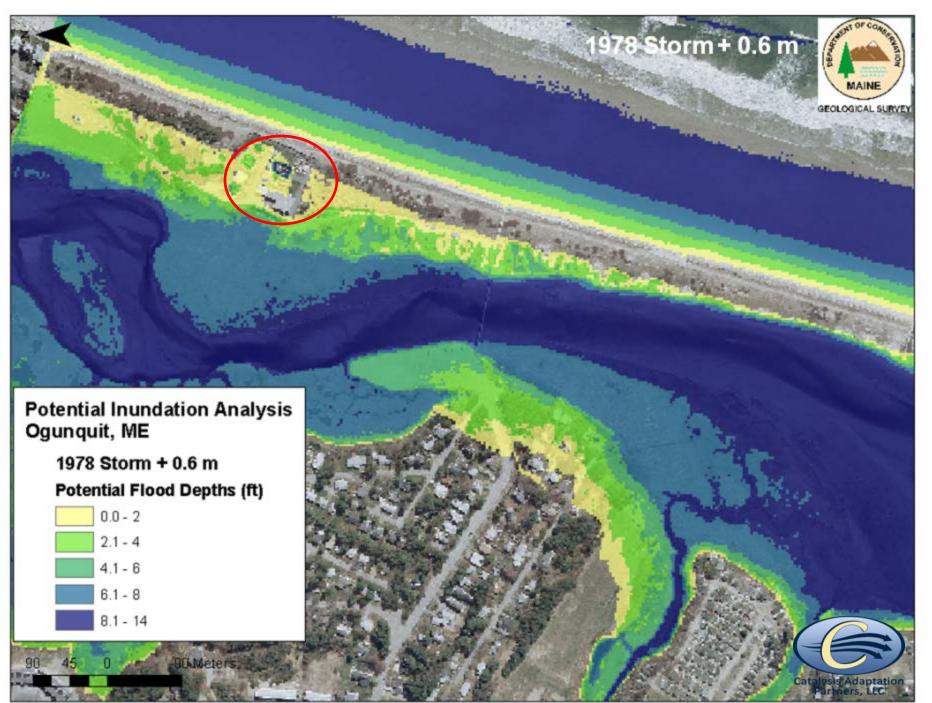




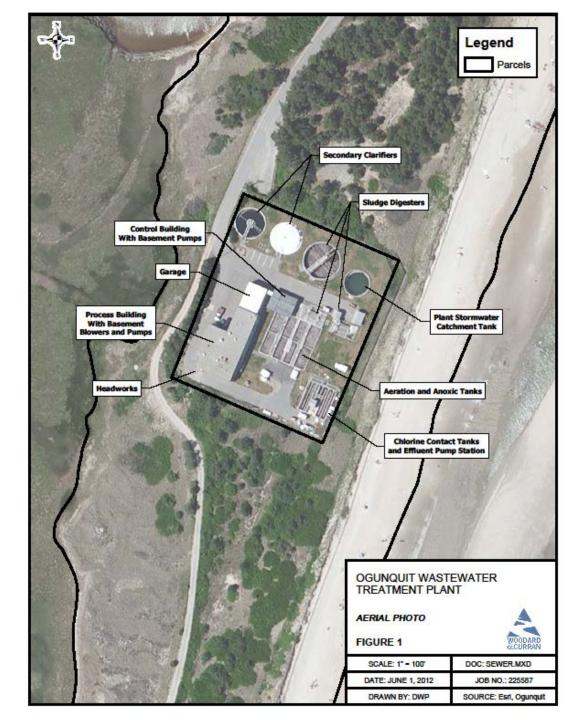
(2006 LiDAR; 2009 ArcGlobe Imagery)



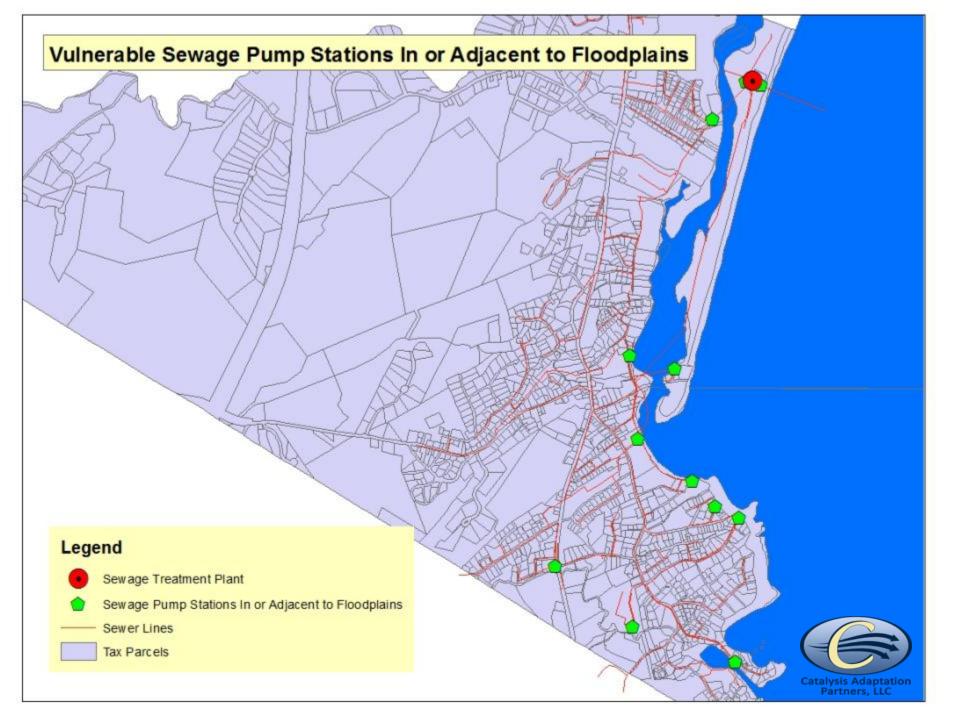




For general planning purposes only.







# **Controversial Adaptation Solution?**

Wells Sanitary District Main Plant

**Ogunquit Sewer District** 

Eatelys's Adaptation

Main Plant

#### Adaptation Actions: Hard or Soft

• Revetments



Pea Patch Island, DE (Delaware River)

# Wetland Impacts

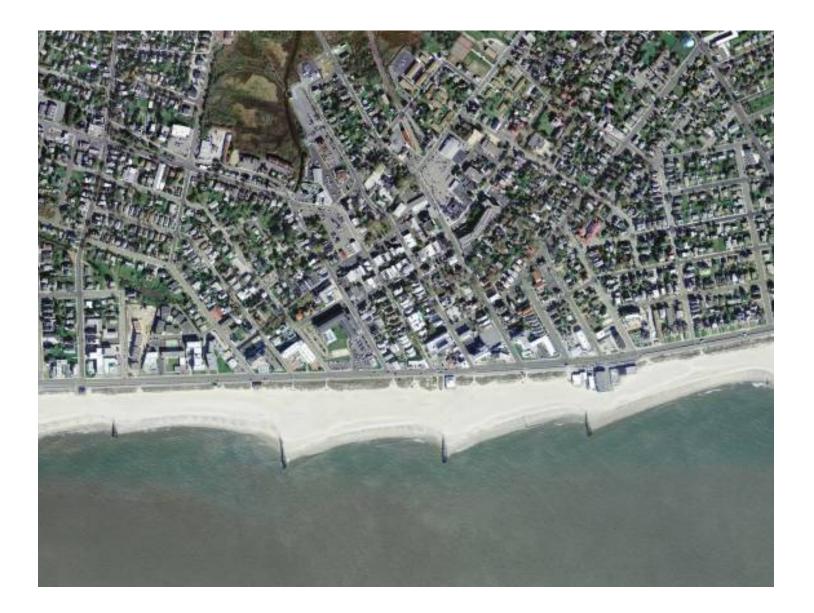
"<u>The impact of sea level rise on coastal wetlands will depend in</u> <u>large measure on whether developed areas immediately</u> <u>inland of the marsh are protected from rising sea level by</u> <u>levees and bulkheads</u>. In a Charleston case study, protecting developed areas would increase an 80 percent wetland loss to 90 percent for a five-foot rise. In a nationwide analysis, structural protection would increase a 30-80 percent loss to 50-90 percent."

EPA's Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation (<u>http://papers.risingsea.net/Sea-level-rise-and-coastal-wetlands.html</u>)

### Adaptation Actions: Hard or Soft

- Revetments
- Geotextile tubes







# Side Note: New Wetlands Projects Starting in 3 Maine Towns

- NOAA funded through Maine State Planning Office
- RFP out, town applications received.

# Side Note: New Wetlands Projects Starting in 3 Maine Towns

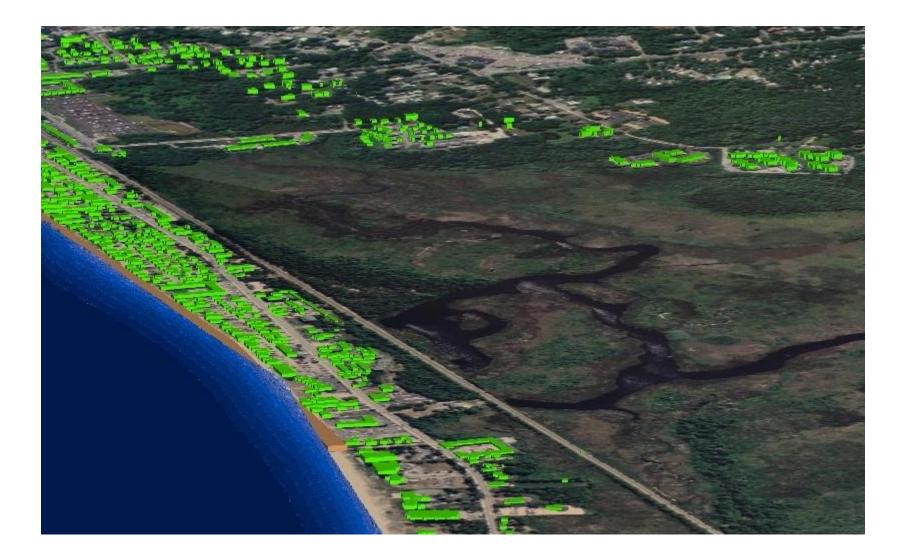
- NOAA funded through Maine State Planning Office
- RFP out, town applications received.
  - Conduct COAST runs to analyze <u>not vulnerability</u>, but
  - <u>Opportunity</u> for proactive creation of wetland function

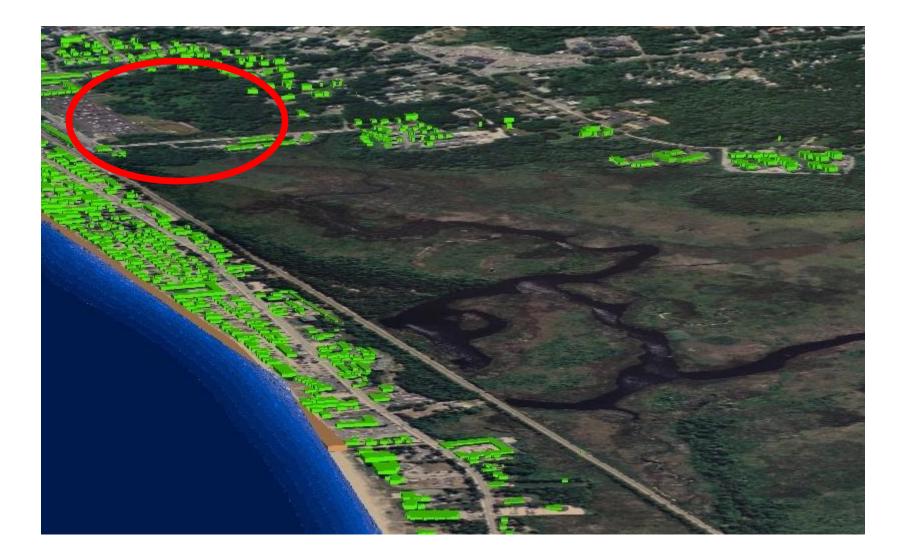
# Side Note: New Wetlands Projects Starting in 3 Maine Towns

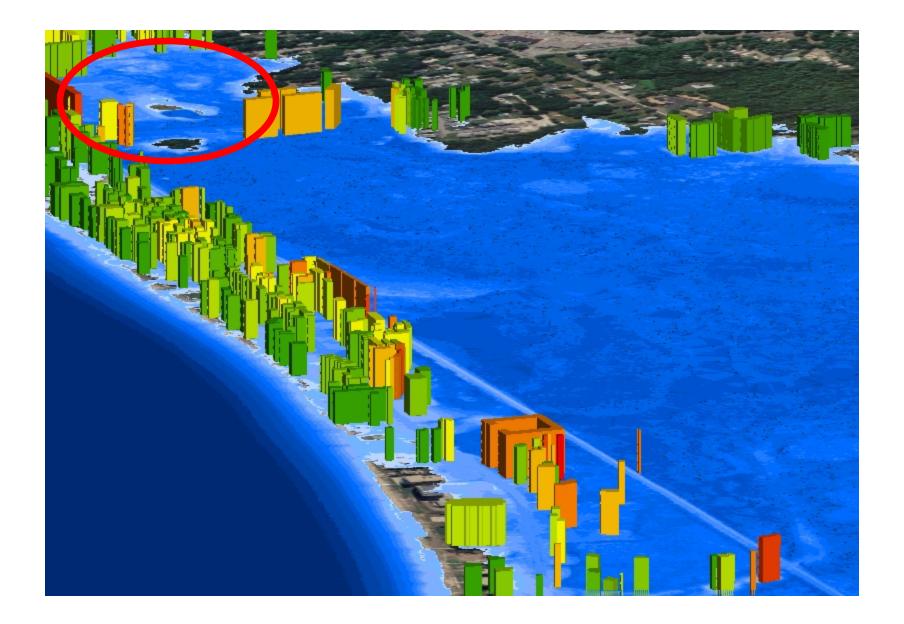
- NOAA funded through Maine State Planning Office
- RFP out, town applications received.
  - Conduct COAST runs to analyze <u>not vulnerability</u>, but
  - <u>Opportunity</u> for proactive creation of wetland function
  - Not a depth damage function

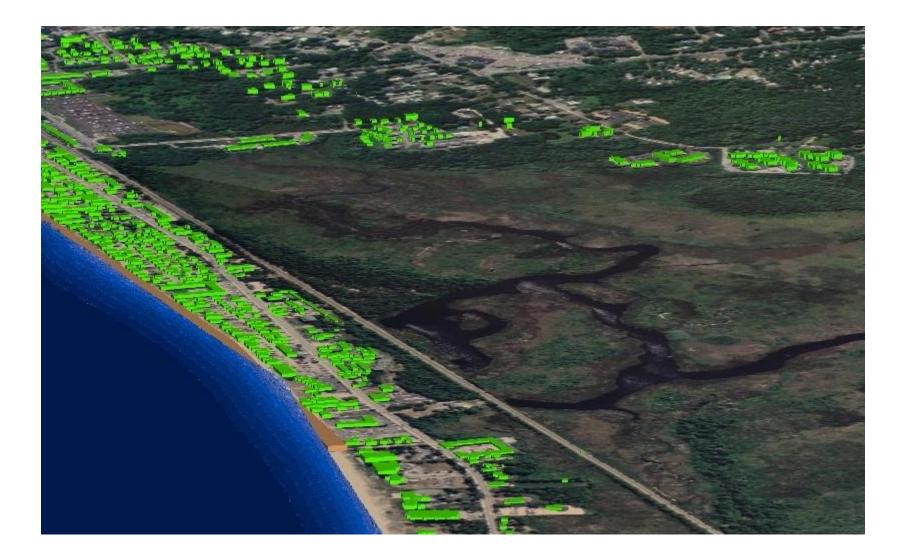
but a

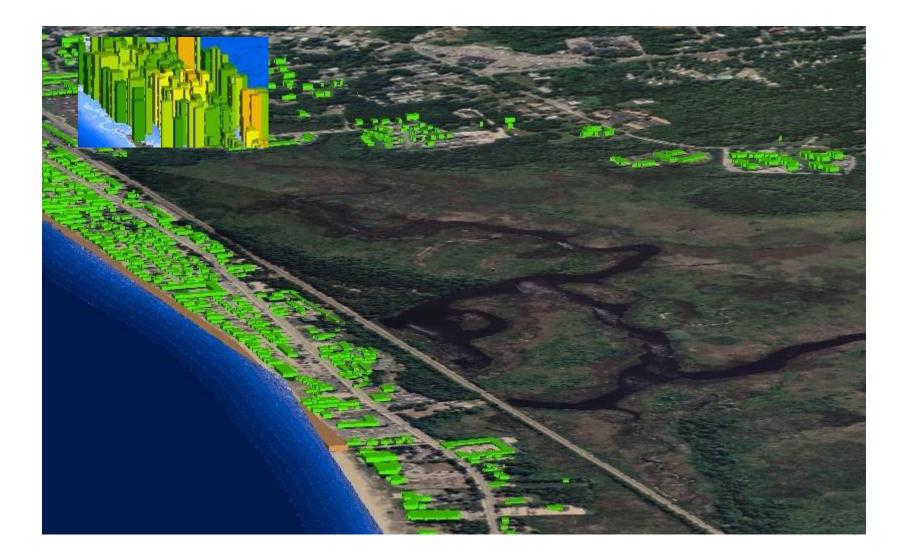
Value creation function

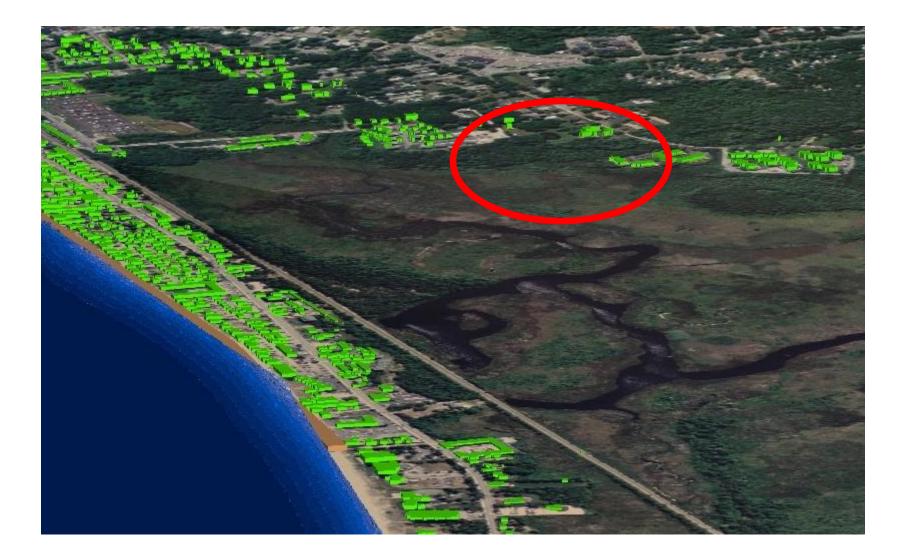














#### Adaptation Scenario 1

#### Adaptation Scenario 2



## Adaptation Actions: Hard or Soft

- Revetments
- Geotextile tubes
- Sea walls













## Input: a range of adaptation options

- Revetments
- Geotextile tubes
- Sea walls
- Jetties



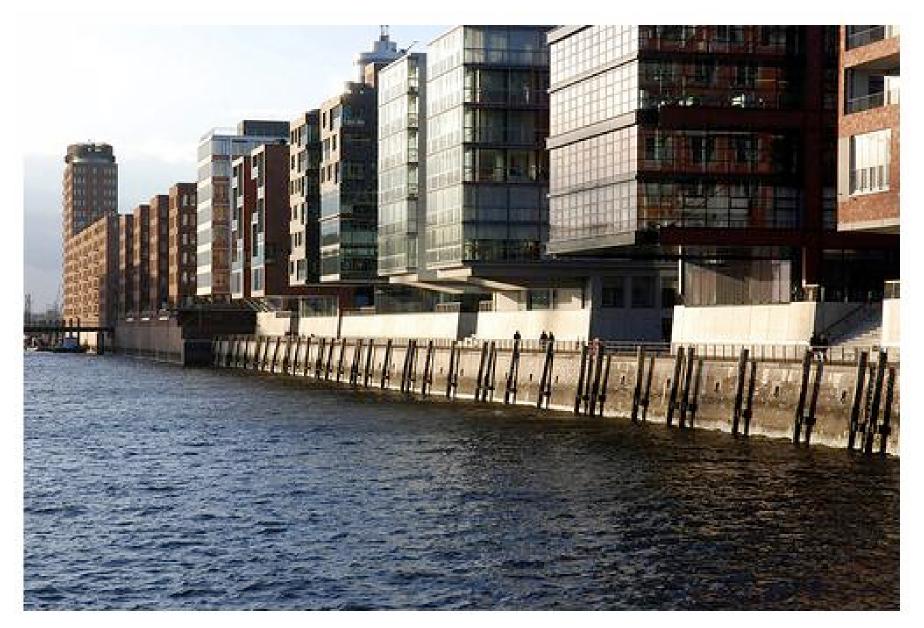


# Adaptation Actions: Hard or Soft

- Revetments
- Geotextile tubes
- Sea walls
- Jetties
- Other creative approaches



Floodwalls with removable aluminum or steel gates. Cologne, Germany (Rhine).



Buildings have a "hardened" 1st story along a wide pedestrian walkway.

### Urban design strategy: Hamburg, city on the water

ALL DI KRI

Level of harbour: 5.3 m Emergency routes

0

gency

10

# Adaptation Actions: Hard or Soft

- Revetments
- Geotextile tubes
- Sea walls
- Jetties
- Other creative approaches
- Wet or dry floodproofing
- Incentives, zoning, and other regulatory changes

### Back Cove, Portland Maine



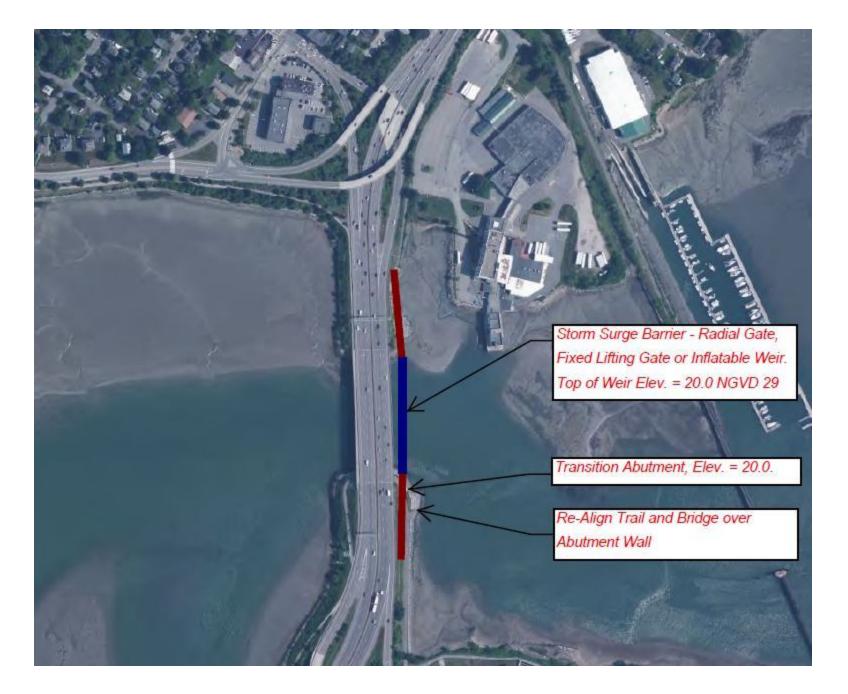
### 2100, high sea level rise and mean higher high water

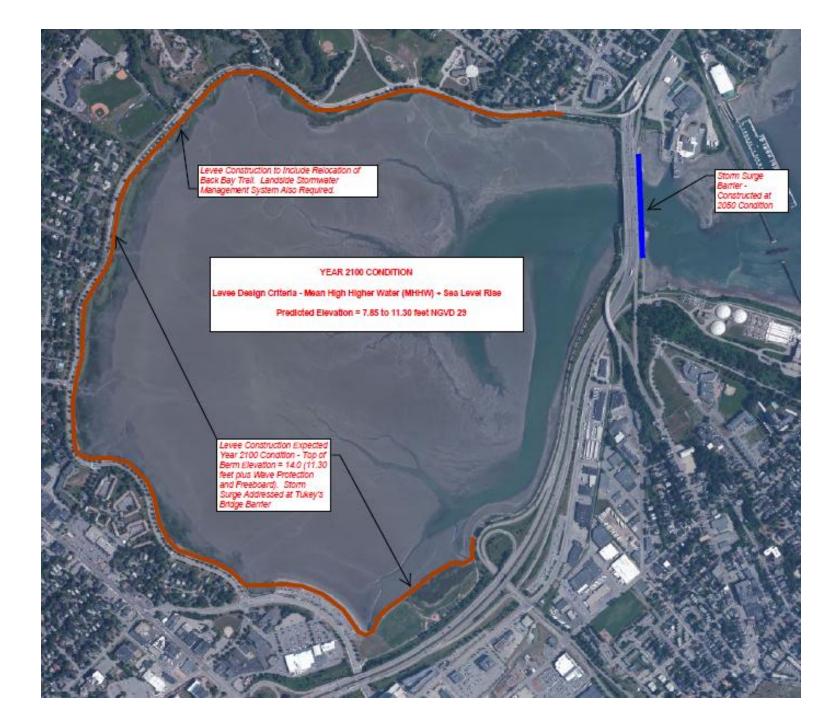


# Now the Portland Case:

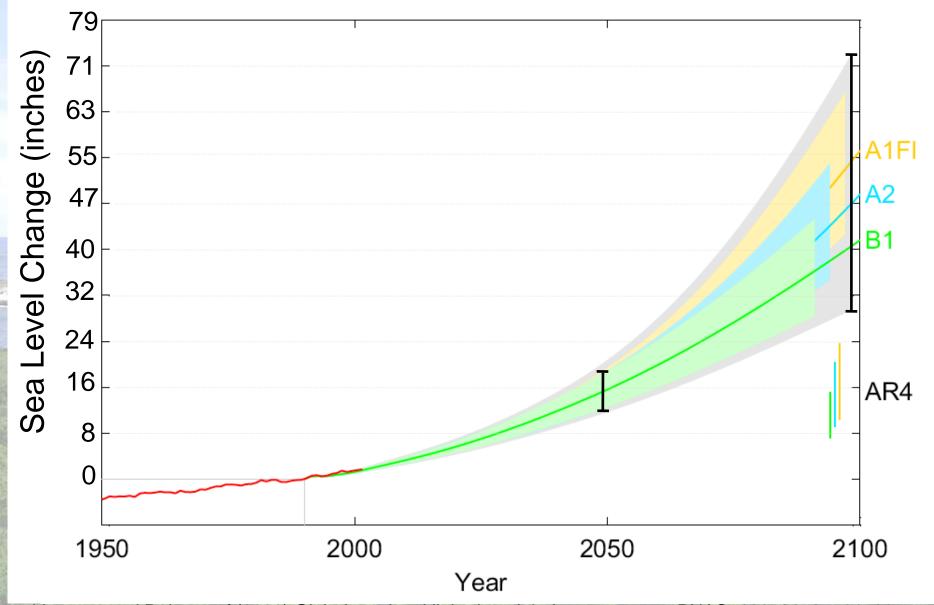
The four options:

Do nothing
 Fortify assets
 Relocate assets
 Accommodate higher water levels



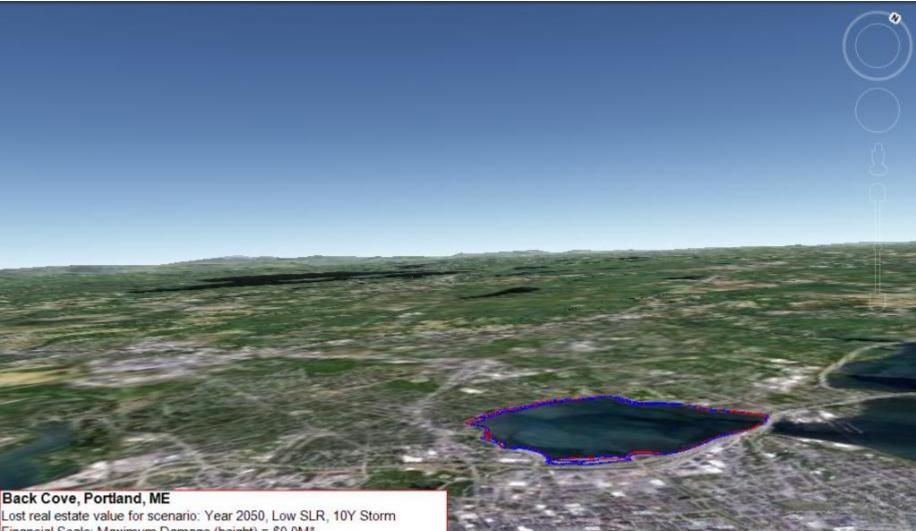


# Projection of Sea Level Rise from 1990 to 2100



Vermeer and Rahmstorf (2009) Global sea level linked to global temperature. PNAS 106, 21527–21532.

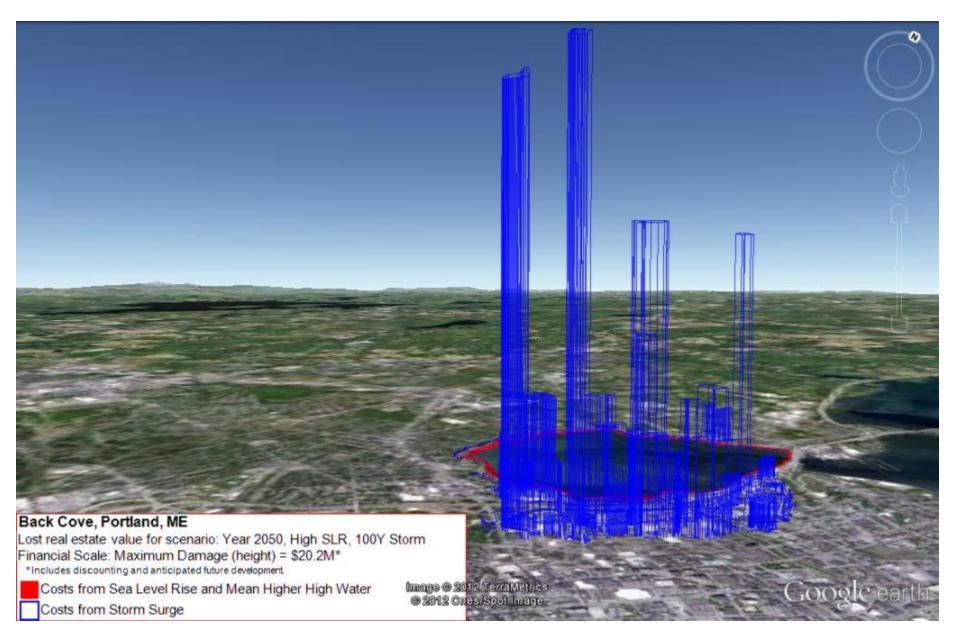
# 2050, low sea level rise, 10 year storm



Financial Scale: Maximum Damage (height) = \$0.0M\* \*Includes discounting and anticipated future development.

Costs from Sea Level Rise and Mean Higher High Water Costs from Storm Surge Image © 20<mark>12 TerraMetrics</mark> © 2012 Cr<mark>es/Spot. Image</mark>

### 2050, high sea level rise, 100 year storm

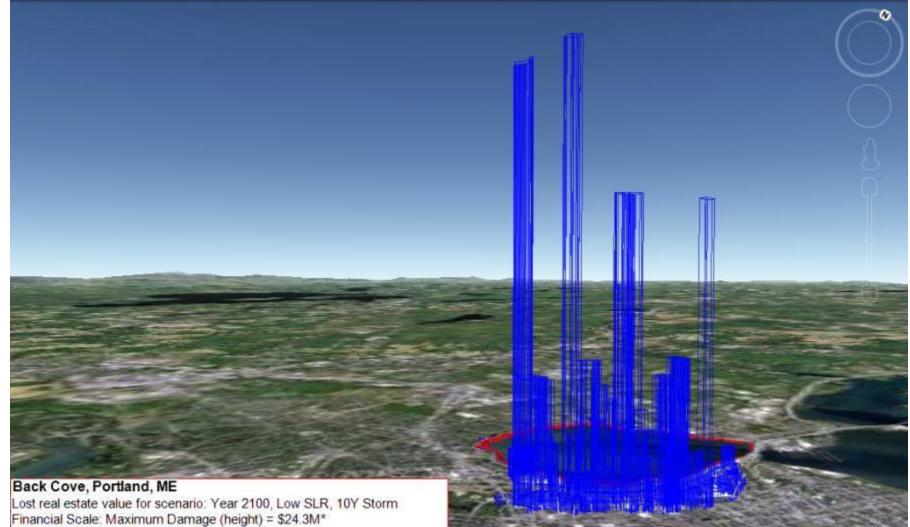


#### **Back Cove, Portland, Maine**

#### Adaptation Costs and Cumulative Expected Damages, through 2050.

<u>2050</u> SLR			Real Estate	Percent of damage from	
Scenario	Adaptation	Cost (M)	Damage (M)	Storm surge	SLR
No SLR	No Action Surge Barrier / Levee	\$0 \$103 / \$0	\$356 \$0	100%	0%
Low SLR (7.9")	No Action Surge Barrier / Levee	\$0 \$103 / \$0	\$407 \$0	100%	0%
High SLR (19.7")	No Action Surge Barrier / Levee	\$0 \$103 / \$0	\$447 \$0	100%	0%

### 2100, low sea level rise, 10 year storm

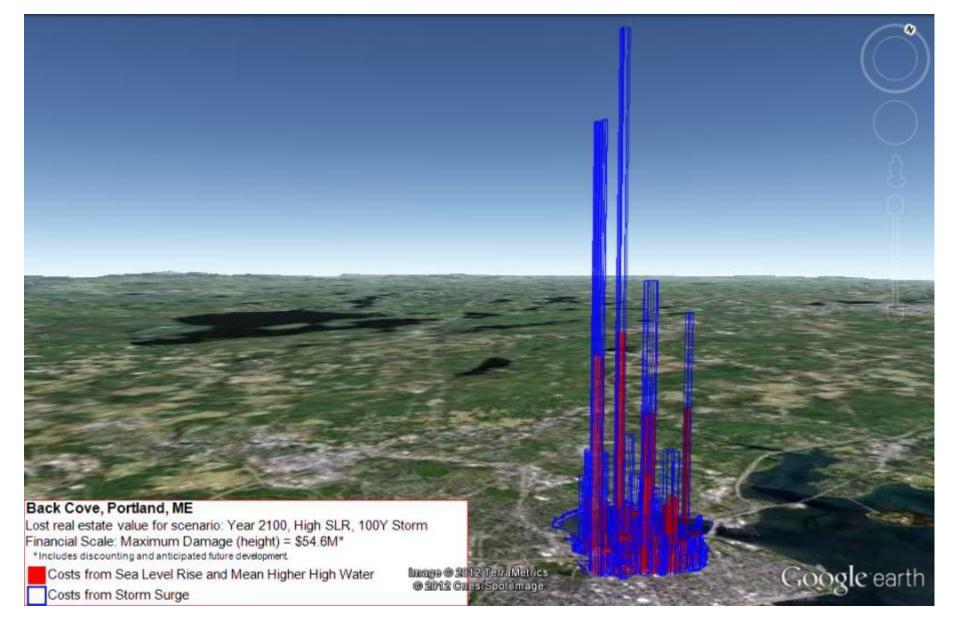


\*Includes discounting and anticipated future development.

Costs from Sea Level Rise and Mean Higher High Water Costs from Storm Surge Image © 2012 TerraMetrics © 2012 Cres/Spot Image

Google ear

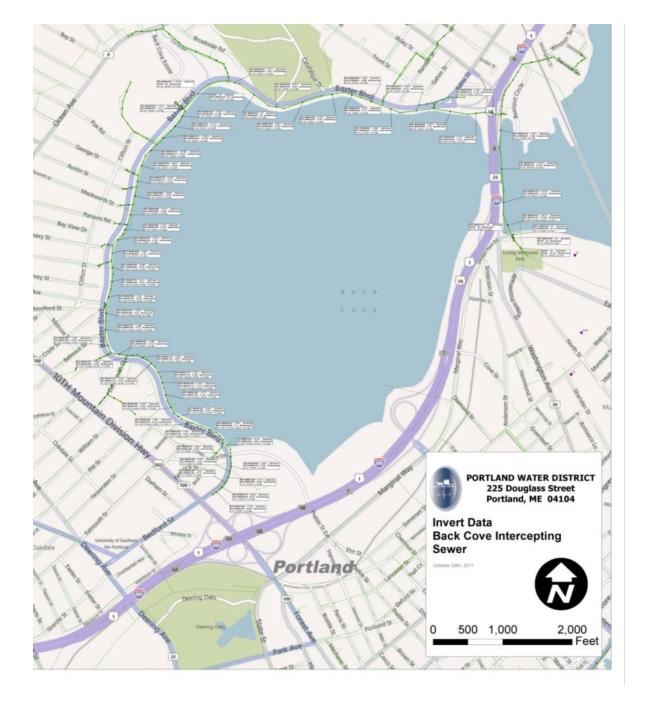
### 2100, high sea level rise, 100 year storm



#### **Back Cove, Portland, Maine**

#### Adaptation Costs and Cumulative Expected Damages, through 2100.

<u>2100</u> SLR			Real Estate	Percent of damage from	
Scenario	Adaptation	Cost (M)	Damage (M)	Storm surge	SLR
No SLR	No Action Surge Barrier / Levee	\$0 \$0 / \$40	\$1,791 \$0	100%	0%
Low SLR (27.6")	No Action Surge Barrier / Levee	\$0 \$0 / \$40	\$2,674 \$0	97%	3%
High SLR (70.9")	No Action Surge Barrier / Levee	\$0 \$0 / \$40	\$3,680 \$0	71%	29%

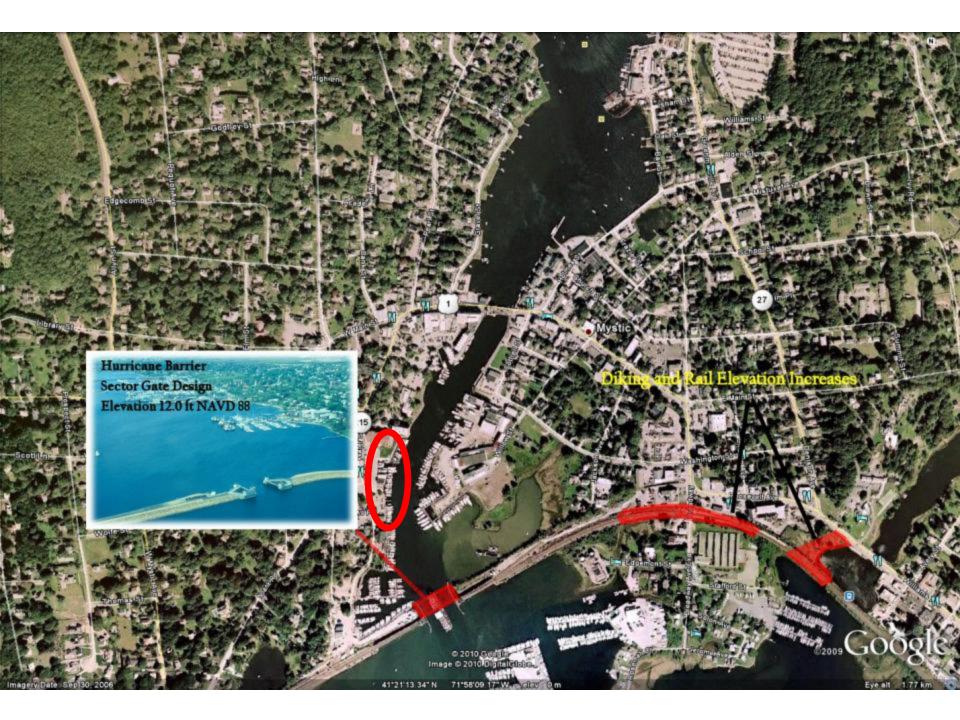


**Consider hurricane barriers for storm surge protection** 

Stamford, CT



Cumulative Damage: \$8,768,776 1 CENTIMETER = 50 METERS FLOOD LEVEL (ft) FLOOD DAMAGE IN DOLLARS 2 \$0 - \$51,976 6 1 \$51,976 - \$98,670 0 \$98,670 - \$207,761 3 \$207,761 - \$606,502 MYSTIC, NO ACTION \$606,502 - \$841,579 2070, 10 YEAR EVENT, LOW SLR



Scenarios		Max. Water Elev. (ft., NAVD88)	Engineering Options	Construction Costs	Annual Maintenance Costs
Sea level rise, normal tides	Α	3.2 – 4.0	No action up to minimal flood proofing and infrastructure elevation along river.	Insignificant	Insignificant
	В	5.5 – 6.5			
100-year storm event in 2010	С	5.4		\$18 Million	\$75,000
	D	7.4	Hurricane Barrier at Mystic River entrance.		
	Ε	7.0			
10-year storm in 2070, Hi SLR	F	8.9	Hurricane Barrier at Mystic River entrance. ADDITIONAL FORTIFICATION and elevating the	\$27-30 Million	\$100,000
	G	8.6	railroad, as well as increased diking to east.		
100-year storm in 2070, Hi SLR	Н	10.5	Hurricane Barrier at Mystic River entrance. <u>FURTHER FORTIFICATION</u> and elevating the railroad, as well as increased diking to east.	\$35 Million	\$120,000

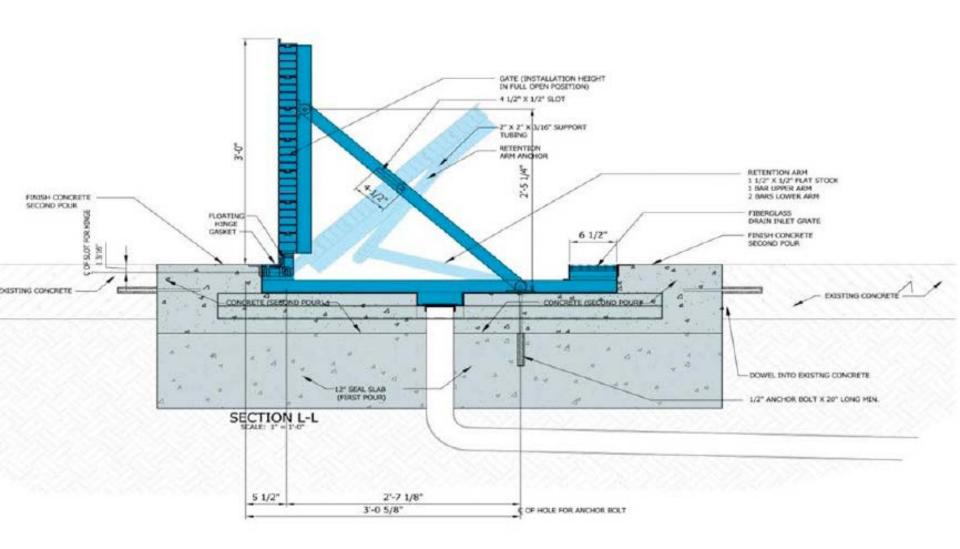


# Transit Applications

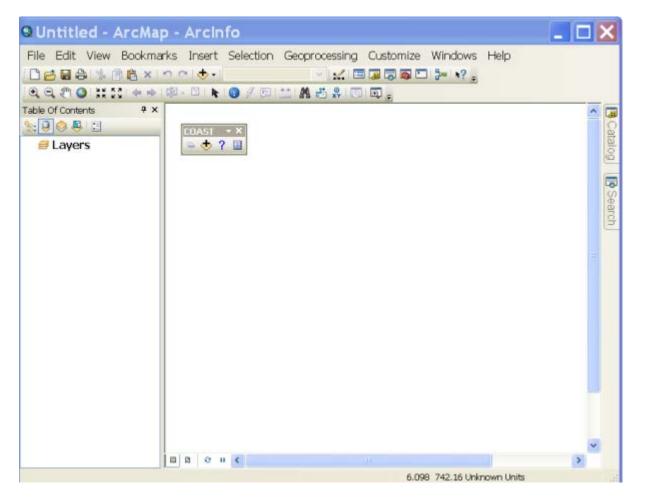




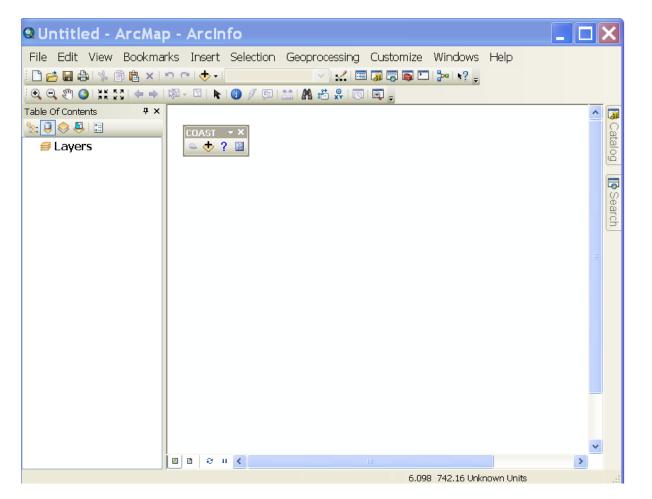














Portland1 - COAST
File
Scenario Name: Bac Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🛨 Eustatic SLR: High 💌 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
Properties
Adaptations
New
Properties
Additional Parameters Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Discourit Nate (pc). [3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

## To set up a COAST scenario, needed are:

1. A base land elevation layer.

Portland1 - COAST
Eile
Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
En concerner C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🗧 Eustatic SLR: High 💌 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
Properties
Adaptations
Levee New
Properties
Additional Parameters
Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

## To set up a COAST scenario, needed are:

- 1. A base land elevation layer.
- 2. A base asset data layer. (Vector file with features for assets to be modeled. Can be a shapefile or a table in an Esri geodatabase).

Portland1 - COAST
Eile
Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🗧 Eustatic SLR: High 💌 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
Properaes
Adaptations
✓ Levee     New
Properties
Additional Parameters
Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

Define Asset	x
Name: Parcels	
Map Layer: Parcels_allData	]
Attributes Asset Value: VALUE	1
Use alternate asset value: ADJ_VALUE	]
Output Asset Depth: Depth Asset Damage: Damage	
Additional Parameters Appreciation rate, per annum (pct): Replacement value adjustment factor: 1	
Depth/Damage Function Definition Data: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf	
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Name Parcels
Map Laver: Parcels_allData
Attributes
Asset Value: VALUE
Use alternate asset value: ADJ_VALUE
Output Asset Depth: Depth Asset Damage: Damage
Additional Parameters Appreciation rate, per annum (pct):     1     Replacement value adjustment factor:
Depth/Damage Function Definition Data: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf
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Name: Parcels	
Map Layer: Parcels_allData	
Attributes Asset Value VALUE Use alternate asset value: ADJ_VALUE	
Output Asset Depth: Depth Asset Damage: Damage	
Additional Parameters          Additional Parameters         Appreciation rate, per annum (pct):         1         Replacement value adjustment factor:	
Depth/Damage Function Definition Data: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf	
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Name: Parcels
Map Layer: Parcels_allData
Attributes Asset Value: VALUE Use alternate asset value: ADJ_VALUE
Output Asset Depth: Depth Asset Damage: Damage
Additional Parameters          Additional Parameters         Appreciation rate, per annum (pct):         1         Replacement value adjustment factor:
Depth/Damage Function Definition Data: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf
OK Cancel

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Additional Parameters	
Appreciation rate, per annum (pct): 1	
Replacement value adjustment factor: 1	
Depth/Damage Function	
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Map Layer: Parcels_allData	
Attributes Asset Value: VALUE	,
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Output Asset Depth: Depth Asset Damage: Damage	
Additional Parameters Appreciation rate, per annum (pct 1 Replacement value adjustment factor: 1	
Depth/Damage Function Definition Data: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf	
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Map Layer: Parcels_allData
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Asset Value: VALUE
✓ Use alternate asset value: ADJ_VALUE
Output Asset Depth: Depth
Asset Damage: Damage
Additional Parameters Appreciation rate, per annum (pct): 1
Replacement value adjustment factor.
Depth/Damage Function
Definition Data: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf
OK Cancel

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Asset Value: VALUE	
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Output	
Asset Depth: Depth	
Asset Damage: Damage	
Additional Parameters	
Appreciation rate, per annum (pct): 1	
Replacement value adjustment factor: 1	
Depth/Damage Function	
Demnition Data. C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Parcel_ddf	
OK Cancel	

# **Data for Decision-Making**

Damage Functions for Single Family Residential Structures with Basement

Depth (feet)	Mean of Damage
0	25.5%
1	32.0%
2	38.7%
3	45.5%
4	52.2%
5	58.6%
6	64.5%

Portland1 - COAST
Eile
Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🛨 Eustatic SLR: High 💌 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Totar need crevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
Properties
Adaptations
Levee New
Properties
Additional Parameters
Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

Portland1 - COAST
Eile
Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🛨 Eustatic LR: High 🔻 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Total flood elevation for this event: 12:477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
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Properties
Additional Parameters
Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

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Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🕂 Eustatic SLR: High 💌 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
Properties
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Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

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Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 🕂 Eustatic SL Pringin 💽 Recurrence: 100Y 💌
Total flood elevation for this crent: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
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Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

## To set up a COAST scenario, needed are:

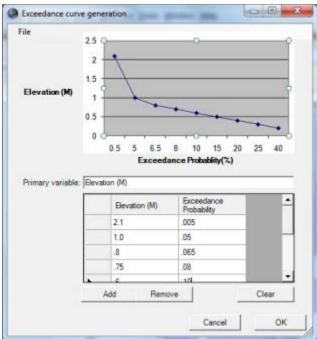
- 1. A base land elevation layer.
- 2. A base asset data layer. (Vector file with features for assets to be modeled. Can be a shapefile or a table in an Esri geodatabase).
- 3. An Excel spreadsheet containing the Depth Damage Function.
- 4. An Excel spreadsheet containing exceedance curve data.

Portland1 - COAST
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Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
anptit
Exceedance Curve: D:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 ÷ Eustatic SLR: High  Recurrence: 100Y
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
Parcels New
Properties
Adaptations
Levee New
Properties
Additional Parameters
Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

#### **Exceedance Curves:**

Specify the probability that various flood elevations will be exceeded.

Probability	Description	Surge Height (ft)	MHHW (ft)	Local SLR (ft)
0.002	500 Y	9.153543	4.652231	0.000722
0.01	100 Y	6.496063		
0.02	50 Y	5.610236		0
0.05	20 Y	4.593176		F
0.1	10 Y	3.904199		

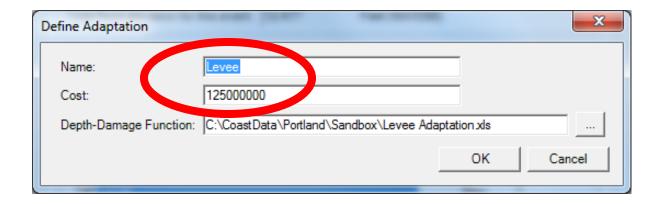


Portland1 - COAST
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Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Land Elevation
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario
Year: 2050 - Eustatic SLR: High  Recurrence: 100Y
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets
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antional Parameters
Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs
Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate Close

Portland1 - COAST
Eile
Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario       Year:     2050       Eustatic SLR:     High       Recurrence:     100Y
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
Assets       Parcels     New       Properties
Adaptations
Image: Levee     New       Properties
Additional Parameters Discount Rate (pct): 3.5
Outputs Output Data Folder: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3
Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
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File         Scenario Name:       Back Cove, Portland, ME         Input       Exceedance Curve:       C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve         Land Elevation       Layer:       BackCove_base tif       Image: Comparison of the second of the s
Input Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve Land Elevation Layer: BackCove_base.tif Vertical Unit: Feet Flooding Scenario Year: 2050 Eustatic SLR: High Recurrence: 100Y Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88) Assets Assets Properties Adaptations New Properties
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve Land Elevation Layer: BackCove_base.tff Vertical Unit: Feet  Flooding Scenario Year: 2050  Eustatic SLR: High  Recurrence: 100Y Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)  Assets  Properties  Adaptations  Levee New Properties  Additional Parameters
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Flooding Scenario   Year:   2050   Eustatic SLR:   High   Recurrence:   100Y      Total flood elevation for this event:   12.477   Feet (NAVD88)      Assets   Parcels      New   Properties   Adaptations   Veree      New   Properties   Additional Parameters
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Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
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Name:	Levee	
C	12500000	
Depth-Damage Function:	:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Levee Adaptation.xls	
	ОК	Cancel

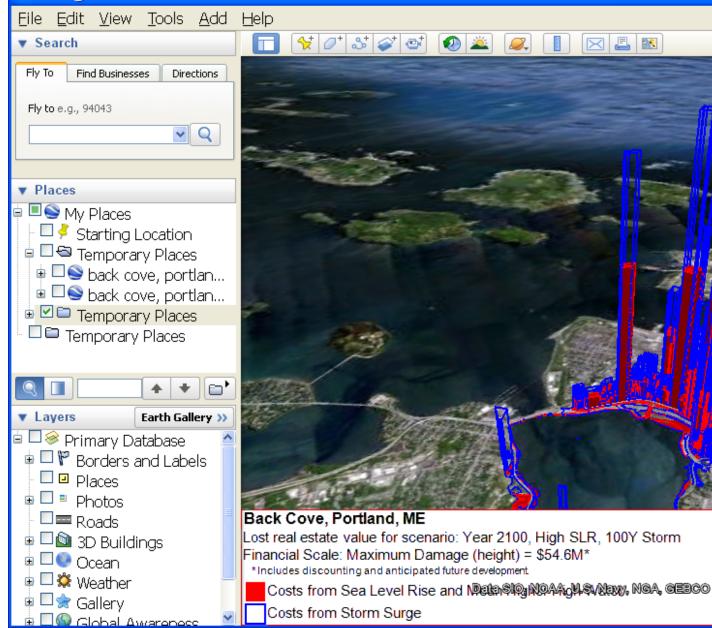
Portland1 - COAST
Eile
Scenario Name: Back Cove, Portland, ME
Exceedance Curve: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\PortlandSurgeHeightExceedanceCurve
Layer: BackCove_base.tif
Vertical Unit: Feet
Flooding Scenario       Year:     2050       Eustatic SLR:     High       Recurrence:     100Y
Total flood elevation for this event: 12.477 Feet (NAVD88)
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Summary Report File: C:\CoastData\Portland\Sandbox\Testing3\COAST_summary.xls
Calculate



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Fly To Find Businesses Directions		
Fly to e.g., 94043	Portland, ME Parcels Year 2100, High SLR,	
▼ Places	C:/Documents and Settings/smerrill/Local Settings/Temp/XPgrpwise/Revised Back Cove, Portland, ME Parcels Year 2100, High SLR, .kmz:ADJ_CURVAL	
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<ul> <li>■ South Cove, portlan</li> <li>■ South Cove, port</li></ul>	C:/Documents and Settings/smerrill/Local Settings/Temp/XPgrpwise/Revised Back Cove, Portland, ME Parcels Year 2100, High SLR, .kmz:ADJUSTMENT	
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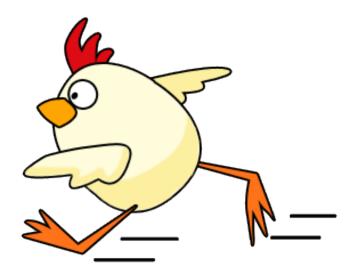
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Fly To Find Businesses Directions				
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	Back Cove, Po	C:/Documents and Settings/smerrill/Local Settings/Temp/XPgrpwise/Revised Back Cove, Portland, ME Parcels Year 2100, High SLR, .kmz:GISCBL_12	023 E002	
<ul> <li>■ ■ 10 Buildings</li> <li>■ ● Ocean</li> <li>■ 2 2 Weather</li> <li>■ 2 2 Gallery</li> </ul>	Lost real estate va Financial Scale: N *Includes discountin Costs from Se	C:/Documents and Settings/smerrill/Local Settings/Temp/XPgrpwise/Revised Back Cove, Portland, ME Parcels Year 2100, High SLR, .kmz:BLDG_DESC C:/Documents and Settings/smerrill/Local	RETAIL - MULTI OCCUPANCY	✓ pogle eath
🛓 🗆 🚳 Global Awareness 🛛 🗵	Costs from St.			



Facing the bluntness of reality is the highest form of sanity and enlightened vision.

- Chogyam Trungpa Rinpoche





Contact info:

Sam Merrill <u>smerrill@usm.maine.edu</u> <u>http://efc.muskie.usm.maine.edu</u> 207-228-8596



Catalysis Adaptation Partners <u>info@catalysisadaptationpartners.com</u> <u>http://www.catalysisadaptation.com</u> 207-615-7523

