



# Moving toward Floodplain Restoration at Scale on the Illinois River and Upper Mississippi Basin: Valuing Ecosystem Services, Demonstrating Flood Reduction, and Policy Implications

Webinar for the Natural Floodplain Function Alliance
18 November 2013

#### Presenters:

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Director of River Conservation,
The Nature Conservancy in Illinois

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Large River Ecologist
US Army Corps of Engineers
Rock Island District





# Two floodplain restoration sites of The Nature Conservancy during the Illinois River Flood of 2013

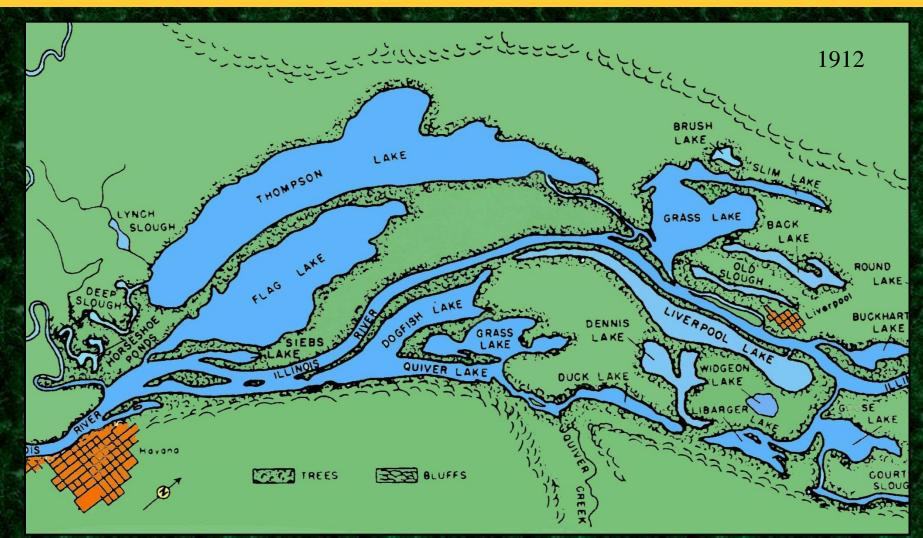
Part of a webinar for the Natural Floodplain Function Alliance

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by
K. Douglas Blodgett
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The Mason County

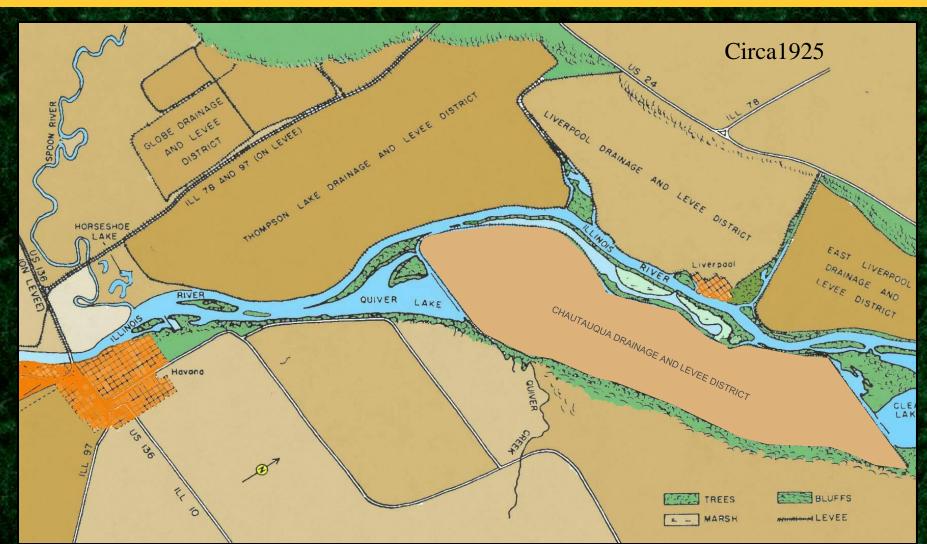
DEMOCRAT

HAVANA — The three dredges that are working on Thompson Lake are throwing up a new levee in 'Dan Hole's Field'....













### Some benefits of functional floodplain wetlands ...

- •Provide <u>habitat</u> for native plants and animals (aquatic and terrestrial, resident and migratory)
- •Contribute to a more natural <u>hydrology</u> by storing storm water (moderates unnatural water level fluctuations, reduces flooding and associated damages, and provides base flow)
- •Facilitate infiltration and groundwater recharge
- •Store and process <u>nutrients</u> (e.g., nitrogen, phosphorous) and <u>sediments</u>
- Improve water quality
- Sequester carbon (helps reduce global climate change)
- •Provide opportunities for recreation, education, and economic development



Restoration of Aquatic Ecosystems: Science, Technology, and Public Policy. National Research Council, National Academic Press. Washington, D.C. 1992. 662 pp.



Illinois River Site Conservation Plan. The Nature Conservancy. 1998.



## Restoration of functional floodplain is Jpper essential for restoring ecosystem health



Impact Statement for the UIVIK-IVVVV Navigation Feasibility Study. US Army Corps of Engineers. 2004. 606 pp.

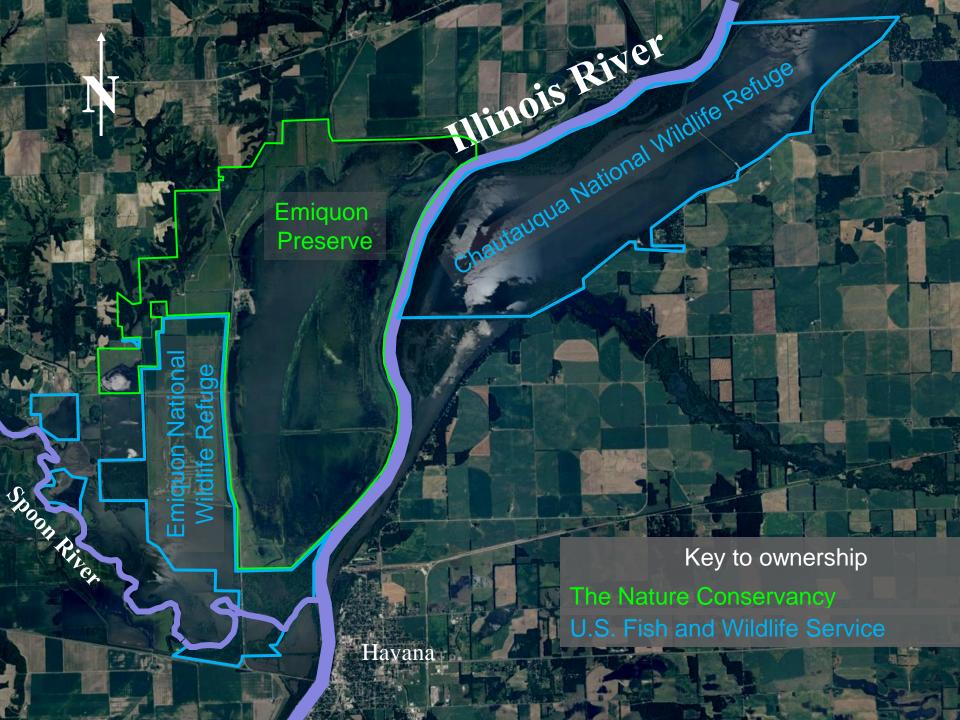


Illinois River Basin Restoration Comprehensive Plan with Integrated Environmental Assessment. Main Report, Public Review Draft. US Army Corps of Engineers. February 2006. 452 pp.













## More than 250 bird species observed to date with many relatively rare species ...













including >90% of the wetland-associated T&E bird species





# Public boating/fishing, waterfowl hunting, and education programs











CONSERVATION

## Wetlands internationally important

Emiquon, Dixon among only 34 sites nationwide given designation









Yellowheaded blockbird



Black meadowhork



CONVENTION ON WETLANDS

CONVENTION SUR LES ZONES HUMIDES

CONVENCIÓN SOBRE LOS HUMEDALES

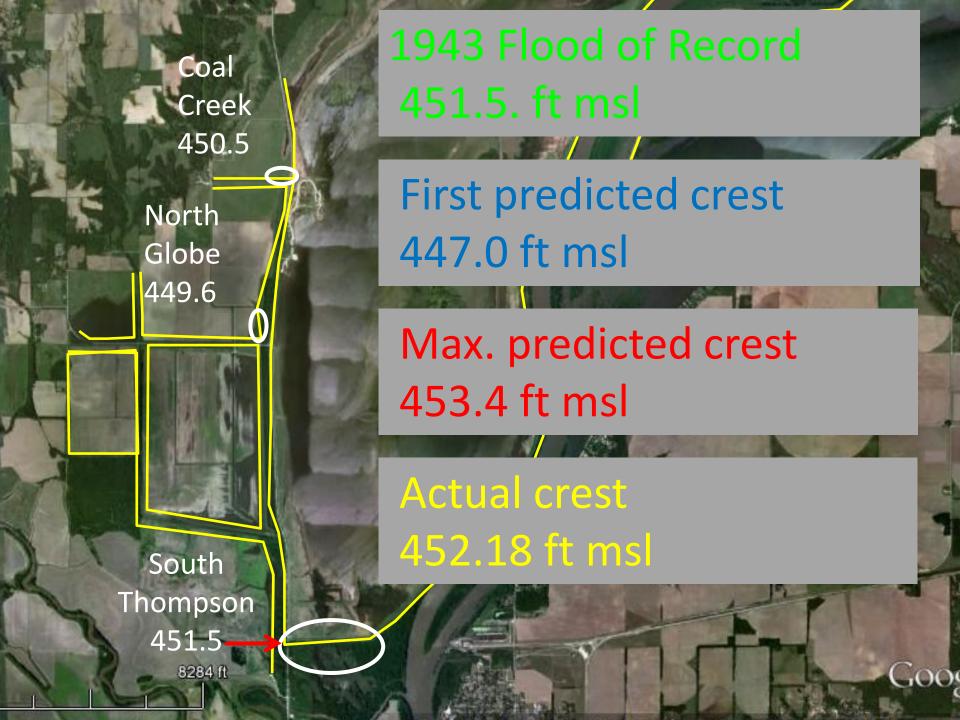
(Ramsar, Iran, 1971)

#### Illinois wetlands get international designation

The Sue and Wes Dixon Waterfowl Refuger at Hennopiu and Hopper Lakes in Patnam County

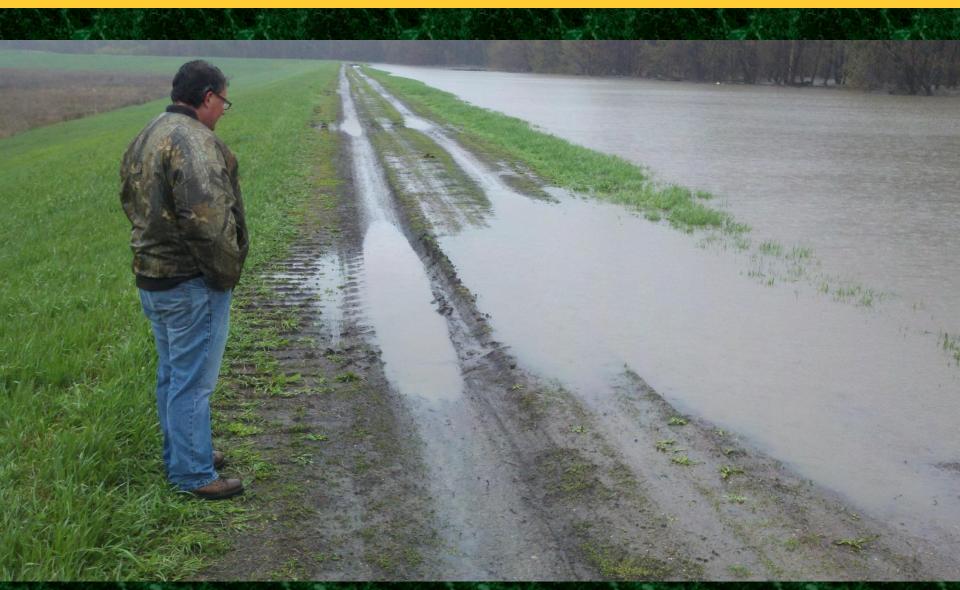
Peoria sits on the Illinois River about 45 miles between two wetland complexes that have been recently designated as having international "What this adds up to is, this is a great day for the Illinois River. That, to me, is the summary message. We hope that this recognition will bring to some people's attention who aren't aware of all the good and exciting stuff that's happening in the central Illinois descrealized. Better one.

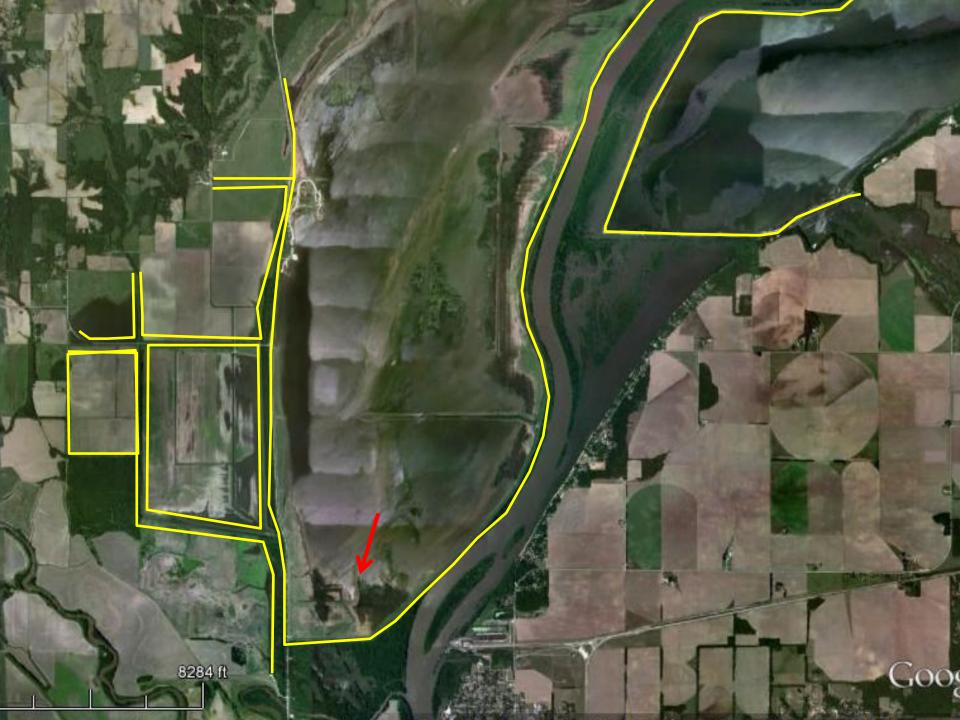








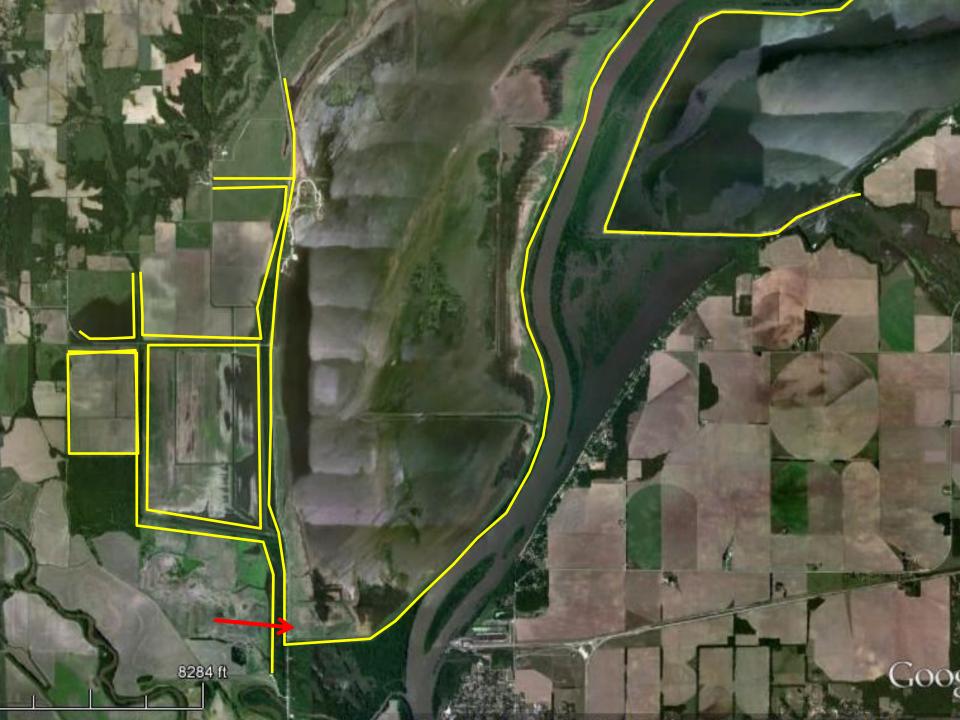












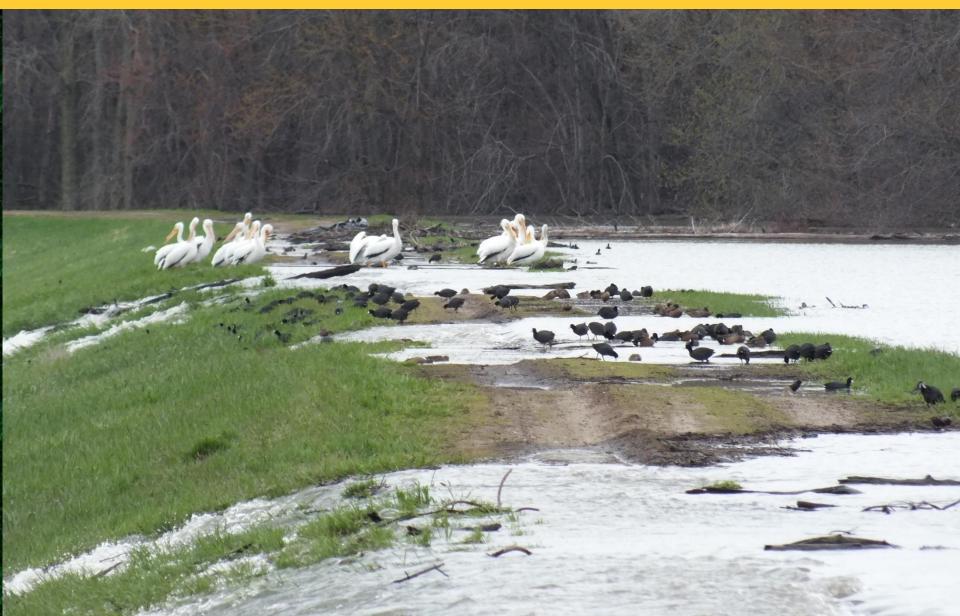


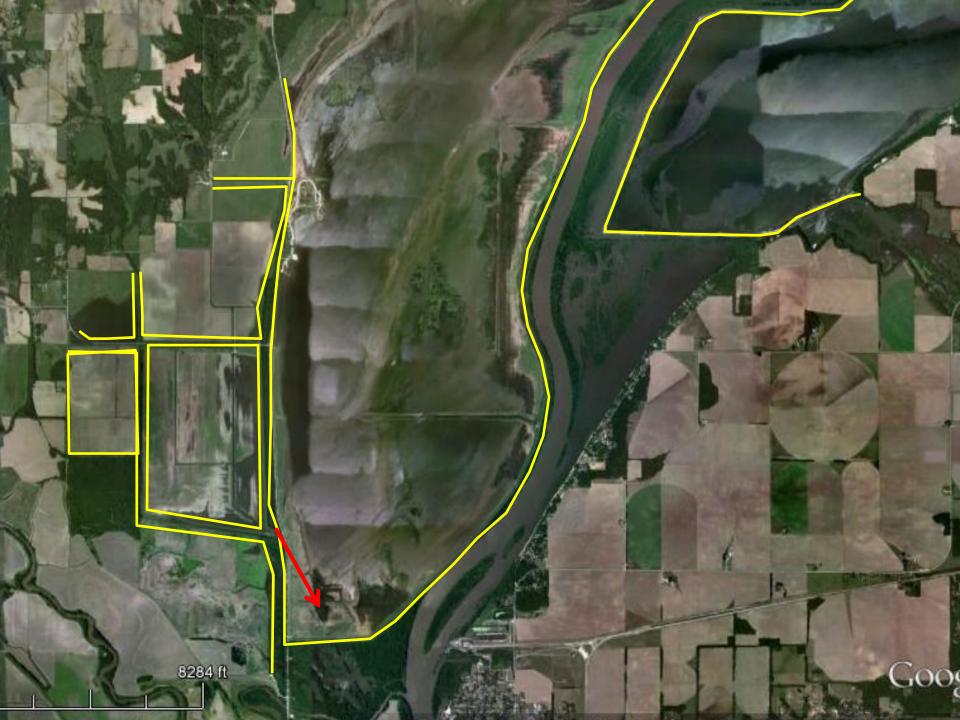






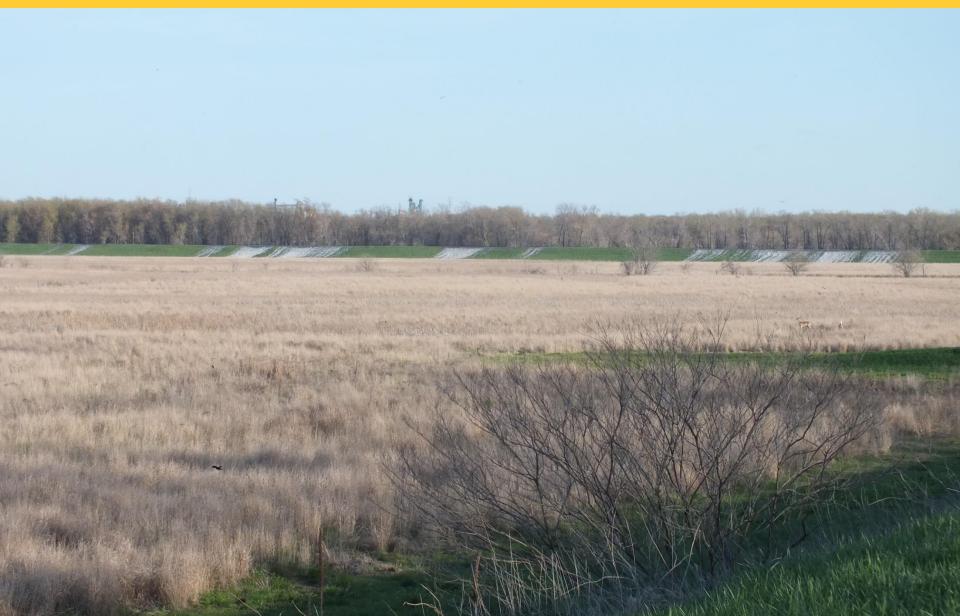






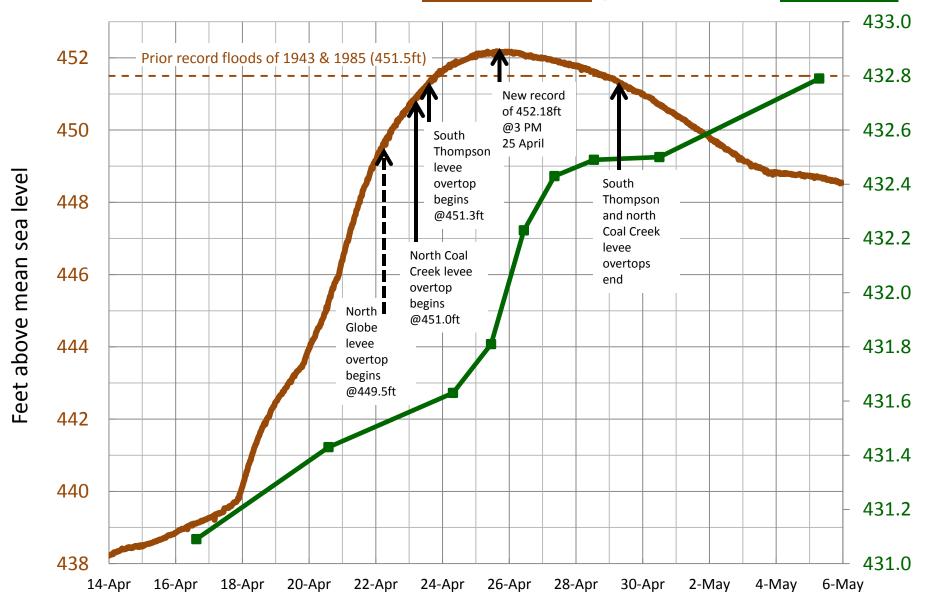


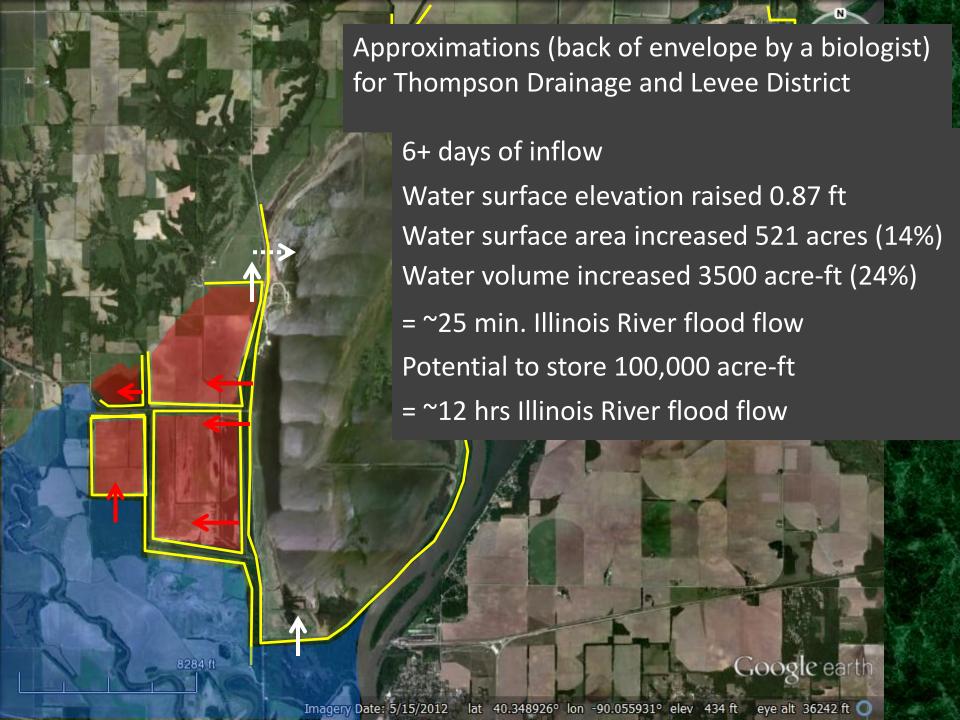




### The record flood of 2013

Water surface elevations of the **Illinois River** @Havana and **Emiquon** 







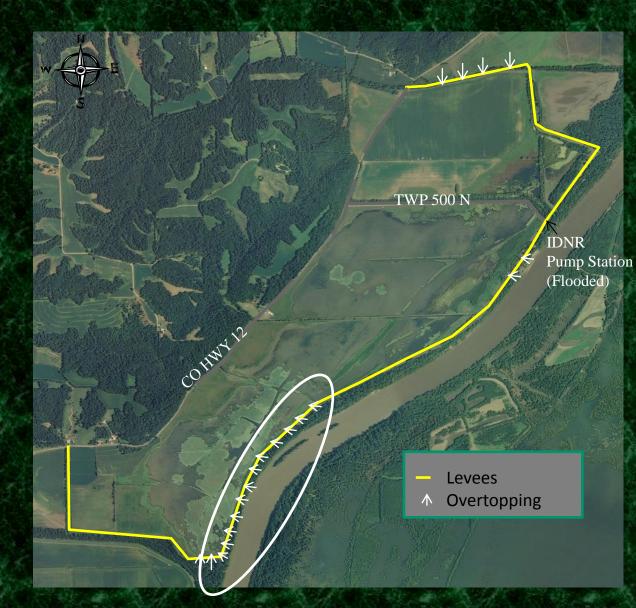








### The Great Flood of 2013 at Spunky Bottoms





















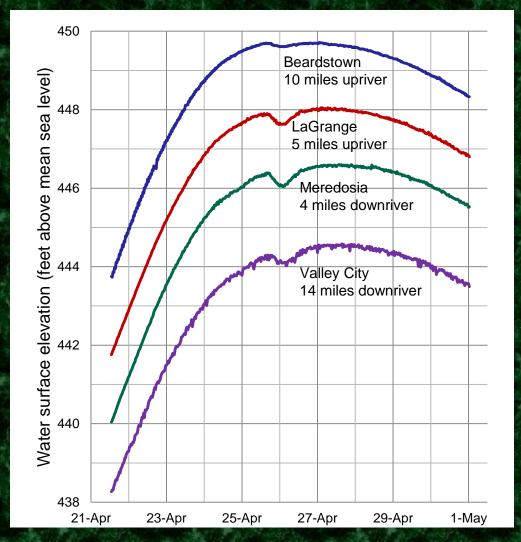




### Effect of the Spunky Bottoms levee breach on the Illinois River

Rough approximations (by a biologist):

17 ft head 8 hrs to fill 22,500 acre-ft stored = 2 ½ hrs of IR flood flow IR level dropped 0.3 ft Effects down- and upriver







Contract Report 645

An Analysis on Managed Flood Storage Options for Selected Levees along the Lower Illinois River for Enhancing Flood Protection

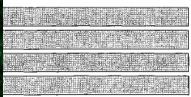
Report No. 4: Flood Storage Reservoirs and Flooding on the Lower Illinois River

bv

Abiola A. Akanbi, Yanqing Lian, and Ta Wei Soong

Prepared for the Office of Water Resources Illinois Department of Natural Resources

June 1999



Illinois State Water Survey Watershed Science Section Champaign, Illinois Utilizing 17.6% (25,800 acres) of the drainage and levee districts on the lower Illinois River for flood storage could protect 40.7% (59,845 acres) of the drainage districts from overtopping during a 100-year flood event.

A Division of the Illinois Department of Natural Resources





### Effects on Illinois River water surface elevation

	Spunky Bottoms	Emiquon	
	April 2013	April 2013	Potential
Situation	Levee failure	Overtopping	2
Duration (days	0.3	6+	?
Stored (acre-ft)	22,500	3,500	100,000
IL River flow equivalent (hrs	) 2 ½	0.4	12
IR level drop (ft	e) 0.3 ft	?	?



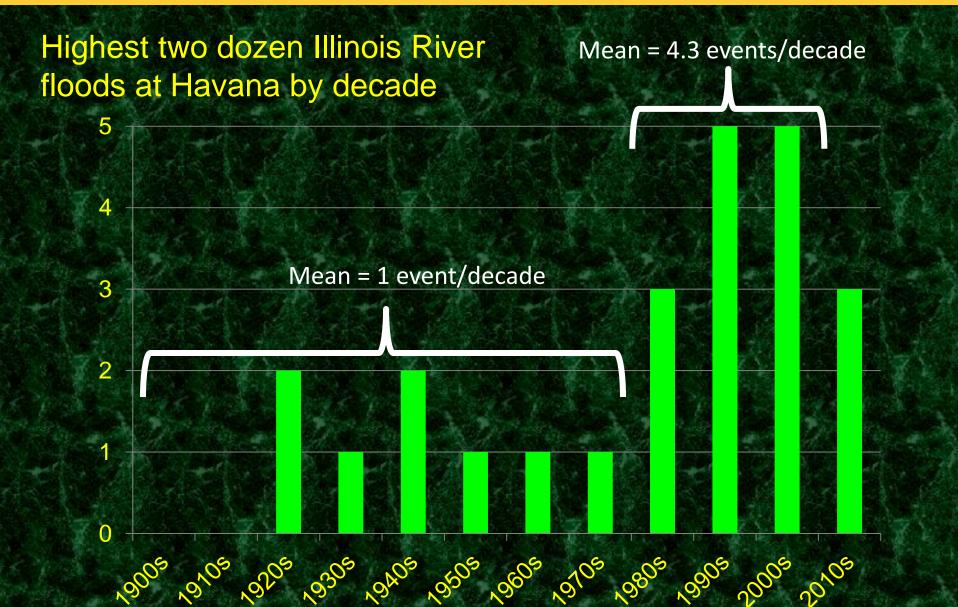


### Great Flood of 2013 on the Illinois River









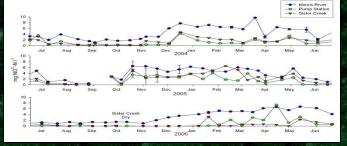




# Post-flood investigations University of Illinois Springfield Illinois Natural History Survey The Nature Conservancy















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