### Mitigation Plan Review Site Selection Riverine Systems

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#### Mitigation Plan Components 332.4 (c)

- 1. Objectives\*
- 2. Site selection\*
- 3. Site protection instrument
- 4. Baseline information\*
- 5. Determination of credits
- 6. Mitigation work plan\*

7. Maintenance plan 8. Performance standards 9. Monitoring requirements 10. Long-term management plan 11. Adaptive management plan 12. Financial assurances

#### **Mitigation Plan - Site Selection**

#### 332.4 (c)(3)

"A description of the factors considered during the site selection process. This should include consideration of watershed needs, onsite alternatives where applicable, and practicability of accomplishing ecologically selfsustaining aquatic resource restoration... at the compensatory mitigation project site. (See 332.3(d))"

#### Watershed 332.2

"A land area that drains to a common waterway, such as a stream, lake, estuary, wetland or ultimately the ocean."



#### Watershed Approach Overview 332.3(c)

#### A general framework for better decision-making

- Goal: "maintain and improve the quality and quantity of aquatic resources within watersheds through strategic selection of compensatory mitigation sites"
- Use of preservation, riparian areas, uplands (buffers)
  - Must be used to the extent appropriate and practicable
- Information and analysis must be commensurate with the scope of mitigation site (size and type of resource)



### Type and Location of Mitigation 332.3 (b)

Should be within same watershed as impact AND where most likely to replace lost functions Watershed Approach

- Considerations:
  - Habitat diversity
  - Connectivity
  - Land use trends
  - Adjacent uses
- Marine resources
- Coastal watersheds
- Risks to aviation



### General Compensatory Mitigation Requirements - Site Selection 332.3 (d)

#### Ecological Suitability

- Landscape Setting Aquatic Resource Processes
- physical, chemical, & biological characteristics of the site
  - hydrology, soils, geology, plants and special status species
- Proposal is "natural" for the landscape position
  - Appropriate Landscape Connections are required for success
  - Wetland or stream class or "typology" can be naturally sustained
  - Hydrology sources and hydrodynamics are achievable
  - Soils support target plant communities

#### Watershed Approach?

# Site Selection Review – Riverine Focus

Q1. Would the site naturally support the type of wetland or riverine system proposed?

**Q2.** Does the site location meet the watershed needs?

Q3. Does the condition of the watershed and drainage sub-basin allow for a restored wetland or stream?

Q4. Is the post-restoration condition self-sustainable?

# **Q1: Naturally Support Target Resource?**



**Example:** Proposed mitigation is establishment of floodplain alkali marsh wetlands primarily supported by shallow groundwater. We need groundwater monitoring data to determine grading elevations.

#### Subsurface hydrology observations

Well ID			TAB	LE 1 - Depth	of Water B	selow Groun	d Surface	(feet)		
Weind	11/22/2011	11/29/2011	12/6/2011	12/14/2011	12/20/2011	12/27/2011	1/4/2012	1/17/2012	1/24/2012	2/1/201
B-6	8.51	10.00	10.26	9.69	5.97	10.21	10.36	10.22	9.84	10.24
OW-2	2.28	3.05	3,44	2.14	2.68	3.01	3.31	3.61	2.41	3.11
OW-3	2.07	3.07	3.53	2.15	2.87	3.37	3.66	2.90	1.97	3.14
OW-4	1.38	2.81	3.39	1.47	2.55	3.20	3.52	2.74	1.36	2.88
OW 5	0.70	2.14	2.72	0.78	1.91	2.54	2.8.5	2.20	0.54	2.24
OW-5	2.16	3.39	3.79	2.28	3.27	3,58	3.86	3.68	2.75	3.69
OW-7	0.69	2.22	2.50	0.87	2.05	2.59	2.72	2.46	1.45	2.52
OW-8	5.93	6.62	7.20	5.23	6.48	7.02	7,33	7.38	5.35	6.95
OW-9	1.18	2.21	2.75	1.40	2.00	2.53	2.81	2.65	1.55	2.44
OW-10	1.32	2.61	2.96	1.44	2.42	2.83	3.06	2.10	1.32	2.75
OW-11	0.87	2.44	2.77	1.19	2.33	2.68	2.86	2.81	0.84	2.58
OW-12	1.95	3.32	3.51	2.28	3.25	3.52	3.69	3.45	2.40	3.54
OW-13	1.12	2.29	2.75	1.25	2.19	2.58	2.84	2.76	2.24	2.82
OW 14	2.16	3.20	3.56	2.50	3.18	3.52	3.69	3.60	3.21	3.64
OW-15	5.21	5.42	5.94	5.57	5.52	5.75	6.10	6.39	5.19	6.14
OW-15	5.69	5.95	6.08	5.74	5.87	6.00	6.09	6.00	5.74	5.95
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### **Q2: Meets Watershed Needs?**



#### San Luis Rey Mitigation Bank



Figure 7. Location of groundwater monitoring wells on the SLRMB, and Figures 3-6. Photo source: Wildlands, 8/1/11



Figure 8. Groundwater elevation and river stage for the SLRMB (river stage is taken for eastern and not adjusted for gradient across the site). Data source: Wildlands, 1/8/11.



	LEGEND			
	Approximate Projects Boundary		43 scm	
	Approximate Bark Boundary	_	SH arrest	
	Restore / Rehabilitate 404 Welland Rose Contrilor	000	T areas	
	Restors / Re-establish 404 Weldard Nove Combor	000	ST arrest	
	Picotyle: Beller Restoration	0-0-0	TT arrive	
	Upland Buffer Renkraphie	0-0-0	S arrest	
	100 year PEbbh Rossiplant	12/2/2		
	Existing Rost	-		
	Existing Steam / Dairage	-		
	Restored Row	-		
	Restored Econolicy Charved	~		
WILDLANDS				
San Luis Ray Mitigation Bank. Prospectus	9		August 2, 2011 - Fi Preliminary Conc	

### **Q3: Condition of Watershed?**



#### Existing and Anticipated land use changes

Otay Watershed Subbasin Boundaries and Land Use Distribution



### Q3, Cont.

#### Physical characteristics

Ctay Concept Plan

Kelve Discolar (1994)

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ACCOUNTS AND

Execution Index Courses

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- Soils Disturbed/Absent from Mining
- Hydrology 30% of Historic Watershed Drains to Site



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### Q3, Cont.

#### Enclosure 2: CRAM - Success criteria for Riverine and Depressional Assessment Areas

#### What's Attainable?

#### **HGM or CRAM**

Example: CRAM

Pre-Project Baseline Scores (impact and mitigation sites)

Post-Project Baseline Scores

Year 1, 3, 5 Projections (or Year 1, 5, 10) (long-term requirement every 5 years)

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AA	e Xe		Buffer		Scot Inal)	e	87	02	Scort Inal)		2 2	Scol	Plant	Commu	inity		fic	Scot Inal)	Overall
	Landscape Connectivity	% of Assessm ent Area in Buffer	Average Buffer Width	Buffer Condition	Attribute Score (Raw/F)nal)	Water Source	Hydroperiod or Channel Stability	Hydrologic Connectivity	Attribute Score (Raw/Final)	Structura Patch Richness	Topographic Complexity	Attribute Score (RawiFinal)	#of Plant Layers	# of Co- dominant species	% Invasion	Horizontal Interspersion and Zonation	Vertical Biotic Structure	Attribute Score (Raw/Final)	AA Score
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Pre	D/3	A/12	D/3	C/6	9.0/3 7.5	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/5	12.0/ 50.0	A/12	B/9	C/6	A/12	A/12	33.Q/ 91.7	70
Post	C/6	A/12	C/6	A/12	16.1/ 67.1	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	AV12	B/9	A/12	AV12	A/12	35.0/ 97.3	78
Year 1	D/3	A/12	D/3	C/6	9.0/3 7.5	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	A/12	B/9	C/6	A/12	A/12	33.0/ 91.7	70
Year 3	C/6	A/12	C/6	B/9	14.7/ 61.5	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	A/12	B/9	B/9	A/12	A/12	34.0/ 94.5	76
Year 5	C/6	A/12	C/6	A/12	16.1/ 67.1	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	A/12	B/9	A/12	A/12	A/12	35.Q/ 97.3	78
DEP-06										67 I.S.									
Pre	D/3	B/9	C/6	C/6	9.6/ 40.2	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	C/6	D/3	A/12	A/12	24.0/ 66.7	64
Post	D/3	C/6	C/6	B/9	10.3/ 43.2	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	C/6	A/12	A/12	A/12	27.5/ 75.0	67
Year 1	D/3	C/6	C/6	C/6	9.0/ 37.5	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	C/6	C/6	A/12	A/12	25.0/ 69.5	64
Year 3	D/3	C/6	C/6	B/9	10.3/ 43.2	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	C/6	B/9	A/12	A/12	26.0/ 72.3	66
Year 5	D/3	C/6	C/6	B/9	10.3/ 43.2	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	C/6	A/12	A/12	A/12	27.0/ 75.0	67
DEP-07										100 - 100 100 - 100									
Pre	C/6	C/6	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	B/9	C/6	24.0/ 66.7	C/6	B/9	15.0/ 62.5	A/12	C/6	D/3	C/6	B/9	22.0/ 61.2	61
Post	C/6	B/9	C/6	B/9	14.1/ 58.9	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	B/9	15.0/ 62.5	B/9	C/6	A/12	B/9	B/9	27.0/ 75.0	72
Year 1	C/6	C/6	C/6	C/6	12.0/ 50.0	B/9	BV9	C/6	24.0/ 66.7	C/6	B/9	15.0/ 62.5	D/3	D/3	C/6	C/6	D/3	13.0/ 36.2	54
Year 3	C/6	B/9	C/6	B/9	14.1/ 58.9	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.0/ 83.4	C/6	B/9	15.0/ 62.5	C/6	C/6	B/9	B/9	C/6	22.0/ 61.2	68
Year 5	C/6	B/9	C/6	B/9	14.1/ 58.9	B/9	A/12	B/9	30.U/ 83.4	C/6	B/9	15.0/ 62.5	B/9	C/6	A/12	B/9	B/9	27.0/ 75.0	72

### Q4: Self-Sustainable?

- Water source is disconnected or can be diverted or depleted
- Water source needs are engineered maintained (water rights.)
- Adjacent land uses (weeds, encroachment/trespassing/new trails, dumping, vandalism)







### Q4, cont.: Poor Site Selection and Design



**Corps San Luis Rey Mitigation Site:** 

No hydrologic connection to river



# Q4: Self- Sustainable? Additional Considerations

- Maintenance needs and costs?
- Engineered Hydrology (i.e., pumps, weirs, sluice gates)?
- Public access/vandalism/Trails (i.e., ATVs)?
- Intensive invasive species control?













# **Summary of Information Needs**

- Historic and Current Ecological Conditions
- Classification (Cowardin, HGM, etc.)
- Existing and Target
  - Hydrology
  - Vegetation
  - Functions and Services (HGM/CRAM, etc.)
- Soils and Geology
- Topography
- Jurisdictional Boundaries
- Other constraints:
  - Property lines, utilities, easements
  - Existing structures



### **Work Plan Components**

- Detailed written specs & descriptions including:
  - Geographic boundaries
  - Construction methods
  - Phasing schedule
  - Sources of water
  - Methods for establishing plant community
  - Control of invasive species
  - Soil management and Erosion control (BMPs)\*
  - Grading Plan, Planting Plan, Irrigation Plan\* 19

Enclosure 3 Construction Phasing, Schedule, Impacts and Mitigation Table

Phase	Description	Estimated Schedule Pending Funding	Impacts/Mitigation 0.73 scre of permanent impact 0.08 scre of temp impact		
1A	Discovery Sheet Widening and Floodwall between Bent and Via Vera Cruz	Fal 2012-Fal 2013			
18	Enhancement and Preservation from C/E Eastern Boundary to Discovery Road (C/E Western Boundary)	Fal 2012-Fal 2013	30.11 acres of enhancement 9.92 of preservation		
2A	Caltrans SR-76 Culvert Maintenance	Sept 2012 or with Phase 7	0.51 acres of temp impact		
28	Restoration of SR-78 Culvert Maintenance Temporary Impacts and Enhancement from SR-78 to Johnston Lane (approx. 7001 near feer up stream of SR-78*)	Sept 2012 or with Phase 7	0.51 acre restoration 0.99 acres of enhancement 0.01 acre of preservation		
3A	Building padvearthen fill from Grand Ave to Les Posas Creek on north side of creek and Via Vera Cruz to McWahr on south side.	Fal 2012-Fal 2013	9.14 scres of permanent impact 1.26 scres of temporary impacts		
38	Migation Implementation Between Grand Ave and McMahr	Fall 2013Winter 2014	12.52 acres of establishment 1.26 acres of restoration		
4A	New Bridge at Bent Ave and Easement	Winter 2015-Spring 2016	0.24 acre of permanent impact 0.09 acre of temporary impact		
48	Revegelation under Bont Ave Bridge & Easement	Winter 2016	7.68 acres of establishment 0.09 acre restoration 1.1 acre revegetation		
5A	New Bridge at Ma Vera Cruz with Easement and Pedestrian Bridge at McMahr	Spring 2016–Winter 2017	0.43 acre of permanent impact 0.31 acre of temporary impact		
58	Miligation implementation associated with Via Vera Cruz Bridge and Essement and McMahr Bridge	Winter 2017	0.83 acres of establishment		
6A	Construction of Embankment for widening of San Marcos Blvd.	Winter 2017-			
6B	Realignment of Las Pesas Creck Channel and welland floodplain creation	Winter 2017-			
7A	Calbans Construction of SR-78 Bridge and flooddain restoration area	Fal 2017-Fa	Crist Street		
7B	Milgation Implementation from SR-76 project footprint east to SPA C/E boundary. (Includes fill pad removal just east of SR-78)	Fal 2017-Fa	1 - 40		
70	Mitigation Implementation (creation) associated with channel widening into upland/developed areas on north side of creek west of McManr (channel widening required due to increased flood capacity from new SR- 78 bridge)	Fal 2017-Fa	and the second s		

## **Riverine Work Plan Component's...**

- Watershed size (drainage basin)
- Watershed land uses (% imperviousness)
- Design hydrology and sediment
  - transport analysis
- Planform geometry (sinuosity/meander)
- Channel form (cross-sections,
  planned riffle-pool sequences)
  Riparian area plantings



# Review of Webinar 1: Main Messages

Landscape setting drives ecological processes

Function reflects the integration of past and present landscape setting

Planning successful mitigation projects begins and ends with ensuring appropriate <u>landscape connections</u>

 Classification – Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) describes appropriate type based on landscape position + water source + hydrodynamics

Resiliency of mitigation must consider current and likely future landscape processes