Wetland Restoration Targeting New Guidance in West Virginia

- Performance Standards (draft)
 - Minimum requirements for credit release
- **WVWRAM Restoration Supplement**
 - How much mitigation credit can you get?

Presented by Elizabeth Byers WVDEP Watershed Assessment Branch



Meadow River Mitigation Site

- 1 acre met minimum requirements; Wetland Function Score of 0.59 x 1 acre = 0.59 credit units
- Additional 2.5 acres did not meet minimum requirements: 0 or reduced credit units







Jessica Bryzek compiled performance standards nationwide (327 standards from 24 states)



Restoration

- USACE delineation criteria
- WVWRAM wetland function score increases over time





Hydrology

No more than 10% in open water



Soils

Hydric soils exposed AND bulk density < 90 lbs/ft³ (loamy) or < 110 lbs/ft³ (sandy)





Vegetation

- **Planting mix** has no more than 20% of a single species (minimum 5 species).
- Planting mix is drawn from **WV Planting Tool** (restoration option) for site location.



- **Highly invasive species** < 5% cover per species AND < 10% total cover.
- **Diverse vegetation** present with no single species > 40% cover.
- Rapid FQA score increases each monitoring year (abundance weighted mean CoC for plants with >10% cover).

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Wetland Mitigation Performance Standards (under review)

Forested wetland vegetation

- Initial planting density of at least 400 stems/acre, native species FAC or wetter. Once all stems > 3" dbh and 6' height, at least 150 stems/acre. Once 30% canopy cover and 6' hgt achieved, maintenance of this minimum cover and height.
- At least 20% of tree species produce hard or soft mass AND tree layer not dominated by box elder or black willow.
- Year 5 & 10 reports: **avg tree height** has increased by 10%/yr OR total **stem area at groundline** has increased by 50%/yr. Applies until height is 6' and canopy cover is 30%.





Scrub/shrub wetland vegetation

- Native stem density of at least 400 stems/ac FAC or wetter, native, until 30% cover is attained.
- Native or non-invasive herbaceous cover >60% year 1, thereafter 80%, until woody vegetation cover attains 30%. Combined woody and herbaceous cover at least 90%.

Emergent wetland vegetation

• Native or non-invasive herbaceous cover >60% year 1, thereafter 90%.



WVWRAM Restoration Supplement

- Requested by IRT and mitigation bankers
- Explains how specific restoration actions will increase WVWRAM score
- Incentivizes restoration to highfunctioning wetlands



WVWRAM Restoration Supplement Version 1.0





Find a restorable site

- 1. Hydric soils are present (may be buried).
- 2. Existing stressors can be removed or reduced.



Find a good neighborhood

Which WVWRAM metrics are a largely function of location rather than design?

Uncommon Geology or Substrate

- Karst and Limestone-influenced Wetlands
- Peatlands

Hydrology

- Floodplain Location
- Headwater Location
- Watershed Position
- Impaired Waters/Discharges Impacting Wetland
- Wetland Discharges to Impaired Waters
- Runoff from Contributing Watershed

WATERSHEDS



Find a good neighborhood

Which WVWRAM metrics are a largely function of location rather than design?

Buffer Condition and Extent

- Roads and Railroads
- Land Use Disturbance in Buffer

Landscape or Watershed Scale

- Land Use Disturbance in Contributing Watershed
- Aquatic Area Abundance
- Biodiversity Rank of 12-digit HUC
- Water Quality Issues in 12-digit HUC
- Mean Slope of Contributing Watershed
- Wetland Breeding Bird Occupancy



Level 1 function & condition score for all mapped wetlands





Restoration Actions: Restore hydrology

- **Remove hydrologic stressors** to restore intact hydrology (0-0.071)
- Create depressions that store water for several days after a storm (0-0.059)
- Re-connect wetland to adjacent stream (0-0.024)
- Increase portion of wetland that is flooded by stream (0-0.024)
- Increase the complexity of the **wetland-stream boundary** (0-0.024)





Restoration Actions: Expose hydric soil, add micro- and macro-topography

- Expose buried hydric soils containing clay or organic material near surface, or have them develop naturally after fixing hydrology (0-0.035)
- Add structural patches such as coarse woody debris (0-0.035)
- Increase the proportion of wetland with seasonal ponding/saturation (0-0.035)
- Create microtopography (0-0.024)
- Remove soil stressors/compactors such as ATVs, livestock (0-0.024)
- Create a diffuse and irregular upland-wetland boundary (0-0.012)





Restoration Actions: Vegetation

Note that vegetation is also the most reliable indicator of successful improvements to hydrology/soil.

- Improve floristic quality (0-0.129)
- **Remove livestock or stop mowing**: persistent ungrazed veg (0-0.059)
- Plant woody veg (0-0.059)
- Create multiple natural vegetation types: horizontal **interspersion** (0-0.035)
- Create several **strata in forested** wetland (e.g., remove herbivory to restore shrub/herb layer) (0-0.035)
- Create vegetated wetland 10m wide that **fringes** open water (0-0.012)





Restoration Actions: Buffer rehabilitation

- Restore natural vegetation and remove stressors from 10m perimeter (0-0.024)
- Restore natural vegetation and remove stressors from **50m** water quality buffer (0-0.035)
- Restore natural vegetation and remove stressors from **300m** wildlife buffer (0-0.024)







Thank you! Elizabeth.A.Byers@wv.gov