# Building Capacity of the California Wetland Program to Protect & Restore Vernal Pools

#### Sarah Pearce & Sarah Lowe

San Francisco Estuary Institute-Aquatic Science Center (SFEI-ASC)
Vollmar Natural Lands Consulting, Inc.
Carol W. Witham Consulting
March 1, 2023









### Project completed in 2022



EPA Region 9 Wetland Program Development Grant (FY 2019 & 2020): CD\_99T93601 June 30, 2022

## Project Goal

Develop tools to support monitoring and assessment of Vernal Pool Systems at a Landscape Scale







## Project Team

#### San Francisco Estuary Institute-Aquatic Science Center (SFEI-ASC)

Sarah Lowe, Sarah Pearce, Cristina Grosso, Josh Collins, Lawrence Sim, Shira Bezalel, and Gemma Shusterman

#### Vollmar Natural Lands Consulting, Inc.

Cassie Pinnell, John Vollmar, Ivy Poisson, Eric Smith, Misaki Yonashiro

#### Carol W. Witham Consulting

Carol Witham and Bob Holland

#### **Project Tasks**



Level 1 - Update the geospatial dataset for vernal pools in the GCV



Level 2 - Rapid Assessment of Condition using CRAM

- Conduct an ambient baseline survey
- Develop a Habitat Development Curve



Outreach - Make the information publicly accessible

- Upload the Vernal Pool areas to the EcoAtlas basemap
- Add Vernal Pool CRAM data, CDF and HDC to EcoAtlas
- Add vernal pool projects in Project Tracker in EcoAtlas
- Presentation to stakeholders

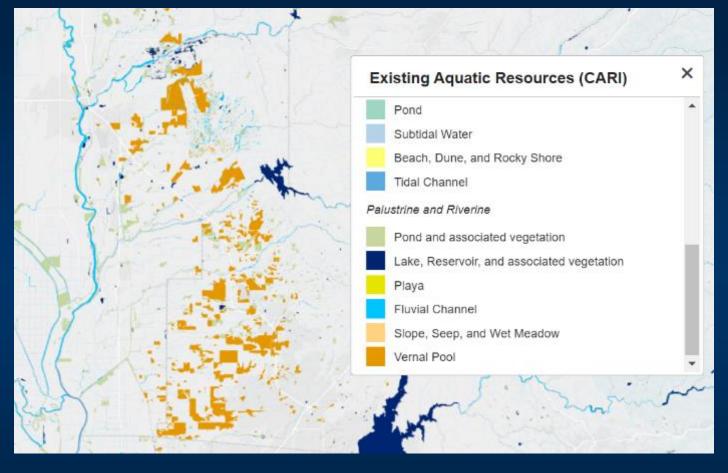
## Updated Vernal Pool Mapping

Carol Witham remapped vernal pool habitats (originally mapped in 2005, updated in 2012) using 2018 aerial imagery for the Central Valley.

The updated mapping allowed comparison of vernal pool abundance, distribution, and diversity between 2005 and 2018.

Mapping includes extant and extirpated pools, land conversion, and preserved areas.





The updated ArcGIS geodatabase and a copy of the report are available on SFEI-ASC's Data Center <a href="https://www.sfei.org/data/changes-distribution-great-valley-vernal-pool-habitats-2005-2018#sthash.4UE36SGK.dpbs">https://www.sfei.org/data/changes-distribution-great-valley-vernal-pool-habitats-2005-2018#sthash.4UE36SGK.dpbs</a>.

## Level 2: Rapid Assessment of Condition

California Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands (CRAM)





#### What is CRAM?

- CRAM is a field-based "walk and talk" diagnostic assessment tool.
- It provides rapid, repeatable, numeric assessment of the *overall condition* of a wetland (capacity or potential of a wetland to provide the functions and services expected).
- Assessments use visible indicators of wetland form, structure, and setting, relative to the least impacted reference condition.
- Provides a common language

#### CRAM Structure- Vernal Pool Systems

- CRAM recognizes 4

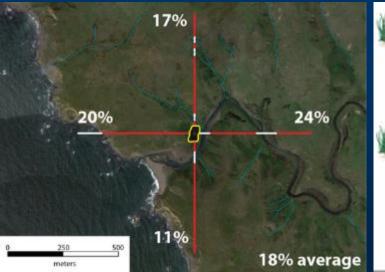
   attributes of wetland
   condition (consistent across all modules)
- Each attribute is represented by 2-3 metrics, some of which have submetrics
- 4 mutually exclusive alternative states, scored A, B, C, D
- Scores range from 25-100

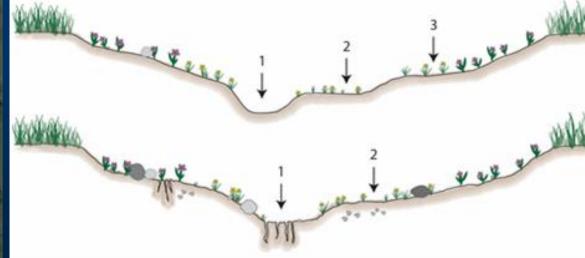
Overall Index Score	Attributes		Metrics and Submetrics
	Buffer and Landscape Context		Aquatic Area Abundance
			Buffer:
			Percent of AA with Buffer
			Average Buffer Width
			Buffer Condition
	Hydrology		Water Source
			Hydroperiod
			Hydrologic Connectivity
	Structure	Physical	Structural Patch Richness
			Pool and Swale Density
			Topographic Complexity
		Biotic	Horizontal Interspersion and Zonation
			Plant Community Composition:
			Number of Co-dominant Species
			Percent Non-native Species
			Endemic Species Richness

### Complex Ecological Relationships

CRAM incorporates many complex ecological relationships into a relatively simple field assessment.











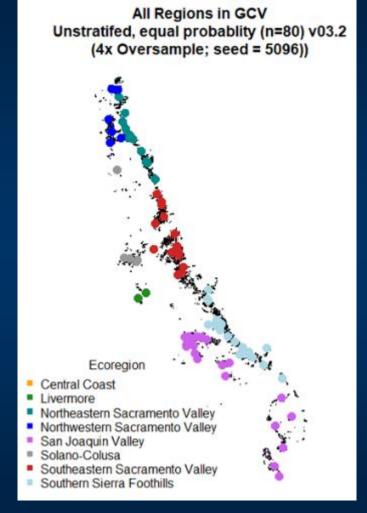
Index Score: 63

Index Score: 92

### **Ambient Survey of Condition**

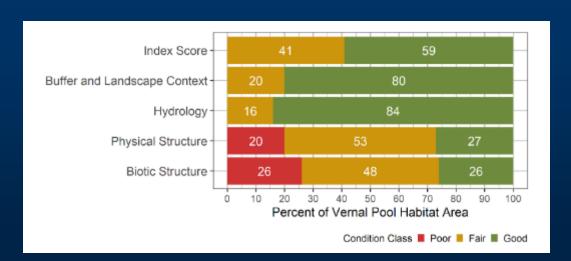
Spatially balanced probability surveys identify the overall condition of wetlands within a particular region, and allow for comparison between regions.

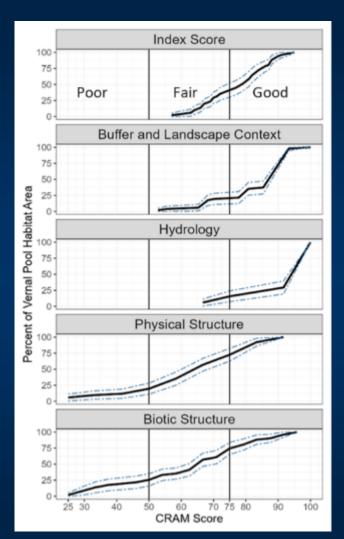
- Level 1 mapping
- GRTS survey design
- Sample draw- target 50 sites, 4x oversample



### **Ambient Survey Results**

A CRAM probability survey outputs a cumulative distribution function estimate (CDF) of the condition of the assessed wetland across the surveyed area with a known level of confidence.





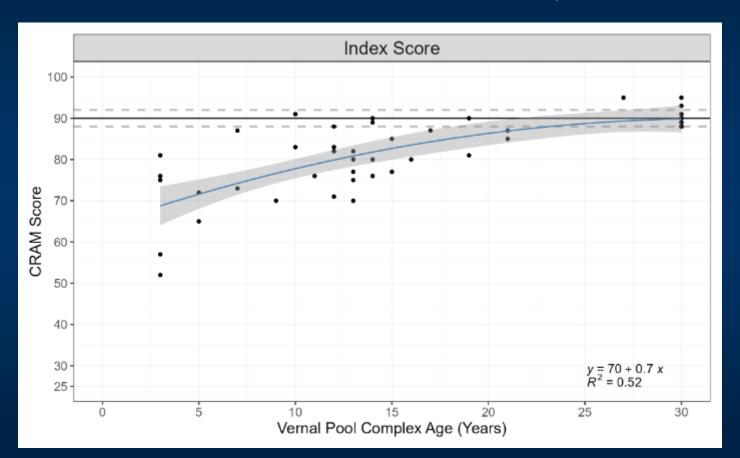
### Habitat Development Curve

Habitat Development Curves (HDCs) are built by assessing the condition of projects of different ages to characterize different developmental stages. Also assessed are minimally impacted wetlands that represent reference conditions.

The curve represents the expected rate of improvement of a project through time.

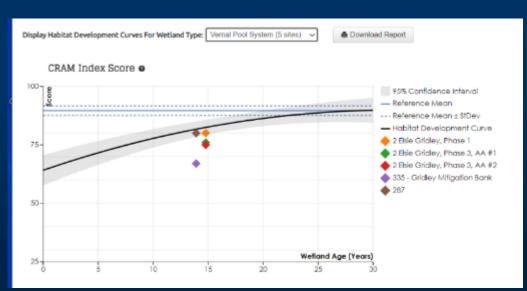
From 90 candidate CRAM assessments, ultimately 49 existing and new CRAM assessments were utilized to build the curve.

### Vernal Pool Central Valley HDC

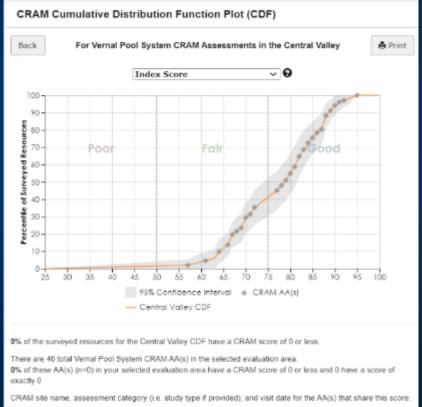


#### CRAM CDFs and HDCs are accessible on EcoAtlas

EcoAtlas is a statewide website that supports local and state regulatory agencies and the public with wetland monitoring and assessment data and other spatial datasets.



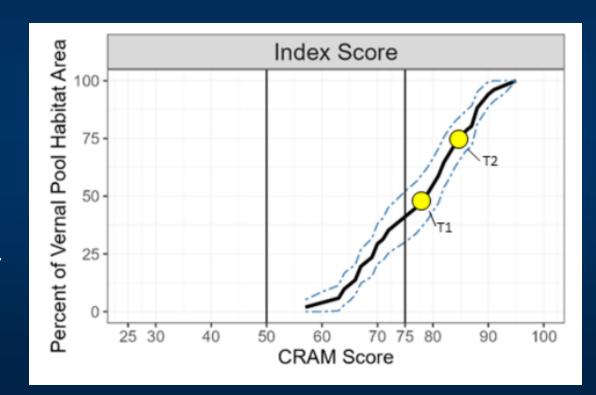
www.ecoatlas.org



# Vernal Pool CRAM tools can support projects

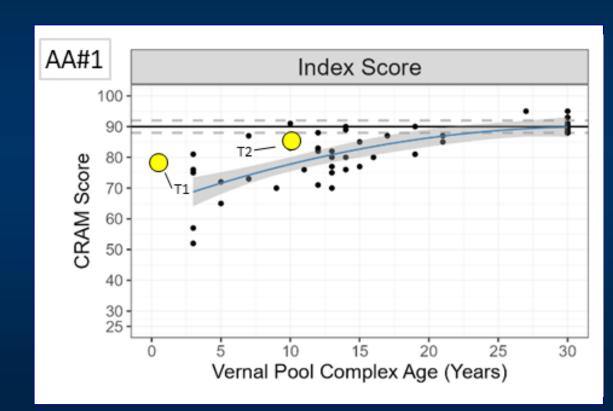
These tools can support vernal pool projects, including project siting, planning and monitoring.

 CDFs provide a landscape context for project evaluations and tracking.



# Vernal Pool CRAM tools can support projects

HDCs can forecast the expected condition of a project at a future date, can estimate the number of years for a project to reach reference condition, and can help establish project performance targets.





## Thank you