

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

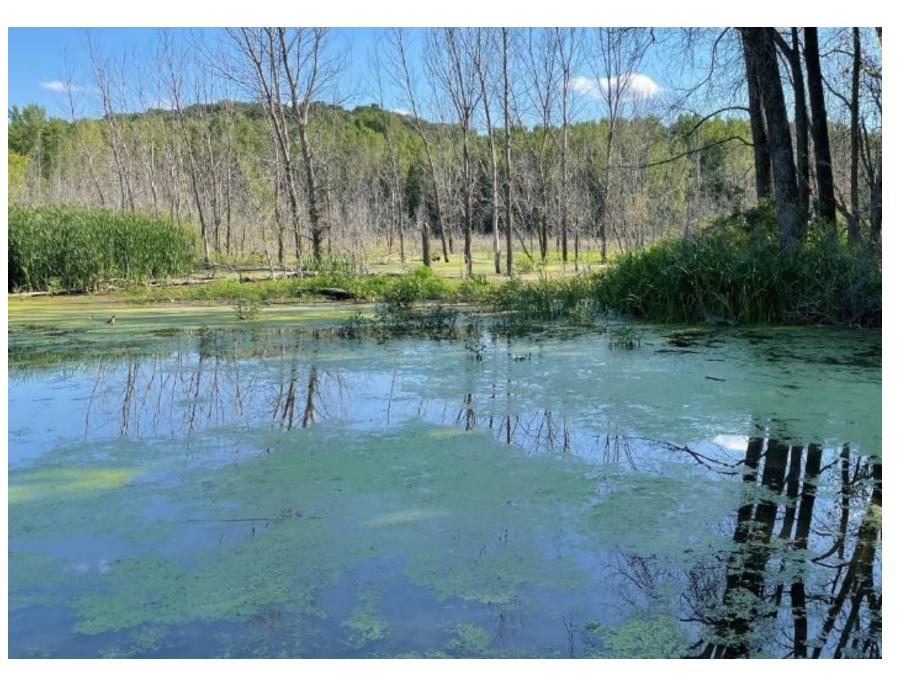
Eye of the Beholder: Perceptions of the Natural Beauty of Wisconsin Wetlands

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ANALYSIS SERVICES SECTION
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS AND SUSTAINABILITY

Introduction DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES



Background

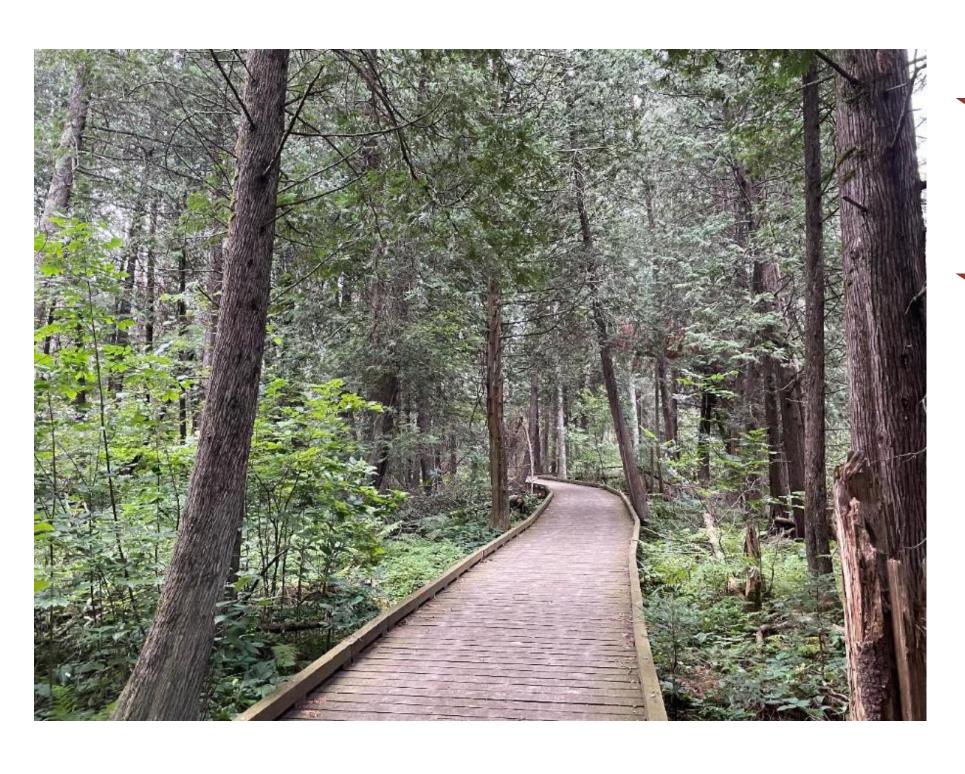
- Natural Scenic Beauty (NSB) is a wetland functional value identified as a wetland water quality standard. (s. NR 103.02, Wis. Adm. Code)
- No calibrated tool to incorporate NSB into regulatory decisions.

Study purpose:

- To inform development of a decision support tool to facilitate consistency in assessing NSB.
- To assess the extent of diversity of perceptions within the public..



Assessment of Natural Scenic Beauty



• Four main paradigms in landscape perception research:

★o Expert

• Evaluation by skilled observers, trained in fields where sound management is assumed to lead to intrinsic aesthetic qualities.

> Psychophysical

• Evaluation by untrained observers and assumes that correlations exist between landscape properties and observers' ratings.

o Cognitive

• Search for meaning associated with landscapes, based on past experiences, future expectations, and socio-cultural conditioning.

o Experiential

• Considers the iterative process of humanlandscape interaction to be the basis of landscape value.



Scenic Beauty Estimation

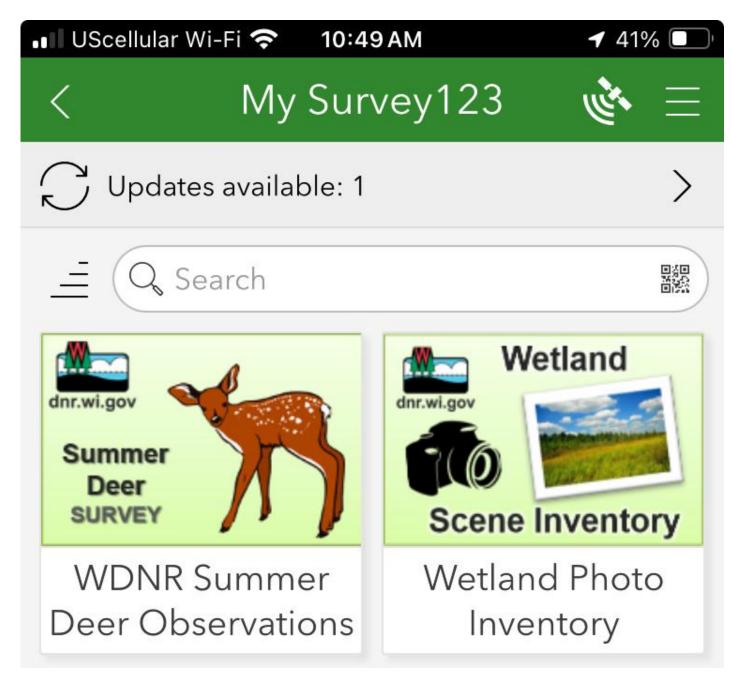
- Psychophysical approach
 - Developed in the 1970s by US Forest Service to address common rating problems:
 - Internal scale biases among respondents
 - Incomplete sets of stimuli
- Links observer rating to biophysical features of the landscape through regression analysis.
- Requires no special training for observers.
- Established validity
 - Near perfect linear relationship with willingness-to-pay (Daniel et al. 1989)
 - o Strong correlation between in-person and photo-based ratings (Brown et al. 1988)





Step 1: Establishing a Photo Catalogue

- Wetland Program staff collected photos using a standardized protocol between July 1 and September 15, 2022.
- Photos uploaded in the field
 - o Information captured onsite:
 - Date, time and location
 - Wetland Type(s)
 - Plant diversity at site (Low, Med, High)
 - Extent of Invasive vegetation
 - Presence or Absence of notable features:
 - Wildflowers in bloom
 - Areas of open water
 - Anthropogenic Structures including:
 Roads/Driveways, Buildings, Utilities, Berms
 - A brief written description
 - Aesthetic quality rating (1 to 10)





Step 1b: Establishing a photo catalogue

- During the field season:
 - o Followed an iterative process to evaluate photos that were submitted and fill in gaps within the experimental space.
- After the field season:
 - o Curation of the photo library.
 - Culling poor quality and repetitive photographs.
 - o Coding of additional variables depicted.
 - Cloud cover, hills, etc.





Step 2: Photo Evaluation (Online Survey)

- Target Audience:
 - o Wetland Program Staff
 - o Online panel of 900 Wisconsin Residents
 - census matched to age, gender and income.
- Bank of 100 scenic photographs
 - o Each respondent randomly assigned to rate 21 images.
 - o All respondents rated an additional common set of 4 images.



Scenic Beauty of Wisconsin Wetlands

Natural scenic beauty is a key consideration in the management of Wisconsin's wetlands and is specifically identified as a wetland water quality standard Wisconsin

Administrative Code (NR 103). The data provided by this survey will be used to better understand public perceptions of natural scenic beauty in the context of Wisconsin wetlands and to incorporate natural scenic beauty assessments, which have been appropriately calibrated with public input, into wetland permitting decisions.

On the following pages, you will be asked to rate several randomly selected photos depicting a variety of wetland views on a scale from 1 (Very unattractive) to 10 (Very attractive).

Please take a moment to look at the photos on this page, which reflect the types of landscapes that you will be asked to rate.
Then, click next to begin rating!



- Transform raw ratings into Standardized Scenic Beauty Estimates (SBE) (Daniel and Boster, 1976).
- Multiple Regression to predict SBE as a function of biophysical characteristics of landscape

Model 1: To what extent do differences in perceptions exist between the experts (Wetland Staff) and the nonexperts (Online Panel)?

Model 2: What differences exist in perceptions among the nonexperts?

• Latent class regression to identify groups of respondents to maximize differences in aesthetic preferences



Regression Model Staff vs Panel

	1 —							, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			5.5.		 .
WISCONSIN DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES	Ct:	aff vo	Da	nel				Type: Wet Prairie	Absent	17.64	3.77	5.06	1.19
DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES	Ull		TU						Present	-17.64	3.77	-5.06	1.19
		Sta	ıff	Pa	nel			Type: Marsh	Absent	4.81	3.81	3.09	1.19
	R^2	0.3	19	0.	07				Present	-4.81	3.81	-3.09	1.19
	Class Siz	e 3.4	%	96.	.6%			Type: Mature Forest	Absent	-13.87	4.28	-14.02	1.35
Attribute	Level	Beta	s.e.	Beta	s.e.	p-value	p-value (=)		Present	13.87	4.28	14.02	1.35
Intercept		-114.66	11.85	-13.47	3.79	<0.001	<0.001	Type: Immature Forest	Ahcant	25.75	E E2	11 10	1.71
Anthropogenic Structure		_		- 0		•	11.00	•					1.71
	Preser	Severa	I stati	stically	' signit	ficant of	differer	ices in magnitud	de:				1.09
Dead Trees	Abser	 Anthr 	opogei	nic struc	tures (Absent)							1.09
	Presei		Presen		(,							1.34
Dead Vegetation	Abser	•		•		/50 750/		11 0 50()		.			1.34
	Preser	• Invasi	ve veg	etation (extent	(50-75%	; followe	ed by 0-5%) – Large	est single	e factor i	for Pane	elists	2.07
Flowers	Abser	Wet P	rairie (Absent)									2.07
•	Preser	• Imma	ture Fo	rest (Pr	esent)								
Open Water	Abser	• Tall Sh		•	,								
D C - 'I	Preser		•	•		l C.		CL - ((
Bare Soil	Abser	• Farme	ed (Abs	sent) – L	argest :	single ta	ictor for	Start					
	Preser												
Hill	Abser Prese r	Eow ct	atictic	ally sig	nifica	nt diff	oroncod	in direction:					
Plant Divorcity				ally Sig	iiiiica	iit uiii	erences	ili ullection.					
Plant Diversity	Low Mediu	Dead	trees										
		 Plant 	diversi	ty									
la sel a Manadalla a	High		e mead	•									
Invasive Vegetation Extent	Less tha	Scage	. IIICaa	OVVS									
Extent	5 to 2)											
	25 to 50		7.52	-7.08	2.38								
	50 to 75	28.11	8.09	21.64	2.65								

Green Cells indicate most preferred attribute value. Border indicates group with statistically significantly stronger preference.

-19.57

2.14

7.08

75 or more 10.68

Attribute

Staff

s.e.

Beta

Level

Panel

s.e.

Beta

p-value (=)

0.002

0.670

0.970

0.012

0.009

0.020

<0.001

p-value

<0.001

0.016

<0.001

< 0.001

<0.001

<0.001

<0.001



Decision Support Tool

DNR Waterways Staff versus Online Panel of Wisconsin Residents



	Wetland Profile
Anthropogenic Structures	Absent
Dead Trees	Absent
Dead Vegetation	Absent
Flowers	Absent
Open Water	Absent
Bare Soil	Present
Hill	Present
Plant Diversity	Low
Invasive Vegetation Extent	5 to 25
Type : Wet Prairie	Absent
Type: Marsh	Present
Type: Mature Forest	Absent
Type: Immature Forest	Absent
Type: Sedge Meadow	Absent
Type: Tall Shrub	Absent
Type: Farmed	Absent
	_
Predicted Scenic Beauty	Relative Score
Staff	53%
Panel	59%

Salaulatiana	C+- { { { { { { { { { { { { { { { { { { {	Daniel .
Calculations	Staff	Panel
ntercept	-114.7	-13.5
Anthropogenic Structures	20.5	9.6
Dead Trees	-5.9	1.7
Dead Vegetation	17.8	20.7
lowers	-3.2	-4.0
Open Water	-7.1	-5.6
Bare Soil	-1.0	4.8
till	25.2	15.4
Plant Diversity	-49.2	-2.0
nvasive Vegetation Extent	-33.8	-15.7
ype : Wet Prairie	17.6	5.1
ype: Marsh	-4.8	-3.1
ype: Mature Forest	-13.9	-14.0
ype: Immature Forest	-25.8	-11.2
ype: Sedge Meadow	-1.6	8.3
ype: Tall Shrub	17.5	7.3
ype: Farmed	52.9	10.8
Predicted SBE	-109.5	14.8
Max Possible Predicted SBE	157.9	132.3
Min Possible Predicted SBE	-412.5	-156.7
Range of Possible Predicted SBE	570.4	289.0
Relative Score:	53%	59%



Select Scenarios: DNR Staff vs Online Panel

	Most	Scenic	Least	Scenic	Biggest difference		
	Staff	Panel	Staff	Panel	Staff	Panel	
Anthropogenic Structures	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Absent	Present	
Dead Trees	<u>Present</u>	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Present</u>	Present	Absent	
Dead Vegetation	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Present	Absent	
Flowers	Present	Present	Absent	Absent	Absent	Present	
Open Water	Present	Present	Absent	Absent	Present	Absent	
Bare Soil	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Present</u>	<u>Present</u>	<u>Absent</u>	Absent	Present	
Hill	Present	Present	Absent	Absent	Present	Absent	
Plant Diversity	<u>High</u>	<u>Medium</u>	Low	Low	High	Low	
Invasive Vegetation Extent	50 to 75	50 to 75	<u>5 to 25</u>	75 or more	75 or more	5 to 25	
Type: Wet Prairie	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Absent	Present	
Type: Marsh	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Absent	Present	
Type: Mature Forest	Present	Present	Absent	Absent	Absent	Present	
Type: Immature Forest	Present	Present	Absent	Absent	Present	Absent	
Type: Sedge Meadow	<u>Present</u>	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Present</u>	Present	Absent	
Type: Tall Shrub	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Absent	Present	
Type: Farmed	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Absent	Present	
Percentile: Staff	100%	95%	0%	11%	85%	12%	
Percentile: Panel	89%	100%	12%	0%	48%	38%	

Relative Score

81 - 100% 61 - 80% 41 - 60% 21 - 40% 0 - 20%



Online Panel LC Model

		Class 1		Class 2 Class		s 3	Class 4		Class 5		Class 6				
	R ²	0.1	1	0.2	5	0.0	8	0.2	7	0.2	4	0.	3		
	Class Size	29.8	0%	19.2	0%	18.5	0%	16.1	0%	8.20	%	8.2	0%		
Attribute	Level	Beta	s.e.	Beta	s.e.	Beta	s.e.	Beta	s.e.	Beta	s.e.	Beta	s.e.	p-value	p-value
Intercept		48.47	6.69	-34.09	9.57	-20.79	12.12	-67.68	8.38	-135.65	11.42	97.37	11.12	<0.001	<0.001
Anthropogenic Structures	Absent	9.25	1.87	-6.62	2.32	24.67	2.16	19.76	2.84	-2.49	2.64	7.84	2.67	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	-9.25	1.87	6.62	2.32	-24.67	2.16	-19.76	2.84	2.49	2.64	-7.84	2.67		
Dead Trees	Absent	4.59	1.52	-2.93	2.12	2.71	2.05	1.99	2.02	-7.24	2.61	9.40	2.69	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	-4.59	1.52	2.93	2.12	-2.71	2.05	-1.99	2.02	7.24	2.61	-9.40	2.69		
Dead Vegetation	Absent	26.75	2.08	9.65	2.90	30.65	2.83	23.87	3.04	-0.61	3.38	28.54	3.51	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	-26.75	2.08	-9.65	2.90	-30.65	2.83	-23.87	3.04	0.61	3.38	-28.54	3.51		
Flowers	Absent	-7.42	1.49	4.64	2.08	-14.25	2.16	-5.02	2.79	14.59	2.60	-7.37	2.65	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	7.42	1.49	-4.64	2.08	14.25	2.16	5.02	2.79	-14.59	2.60	7.37	2.65		
Open Water	Absent	2.64	2.07	-9.95	2.92	-9.99	2.73	-17.15	2.88	-27.01	3.76	24.69	3.74	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	-2.64	2.07	9.95	2.92	9.99	2.73	17.15	2.88	27.01	3.76	-24.69	3.74		
Bare Soil	Absent	-6.13	1.60	-4.30	2.21	-10.84	2.14	-3.52	2.24	0.26	2.63	-2.40	2.87	<0.001	0.02
	Present	6.13	1.60	4.30	2.21	10.84	2.14	3.52	2.24	-0.26	2.63	2.40	2.87		
Hill	Absent	-5.04	1.93	-16.58	2.48	-20.11	2.28	-28.23	2.61	-31.44	3.10	7.25	3.33	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	5.04	1.93	16.58	2.48	20.11	2.28	28.23	2.61	31.44	3.10	-7.25	3.33		
Plant Diversity	Low	7.74	2.84	-2.77	4.05	-3.36	4.55	-12.82	3.92	-20.00	5.18	13.08	5.14	<0.001	<0.001
	Medium	-4.71	2.26	2.67	3.17	8.96	3.16	9.71	3.01	13.93	3.98	-3.70	3.99		
	High	-3.02	2.50	0.11	3.49	-5.61	3.54	3.11	3.59	6.07	4.42	-9.38	4.69		
Invasive Vegetation Extent	Less than 5	29.81	3.02	8.50	4.13	36.10	4.39	25.07	4.17	0.79	4.91	17.67	5.28	<0.001	<0.001
	5 to 25	-7.52	2.81	-13.91	3.83	-26.13	3.61	-28.94	3.44	-18.30	4.66	-7.46	4.97		
	25 to 50	-10.17	3.99	-7.07	5.34	-8.95	5.01	-7.66	5.14	-20.21	6.60	-0.23	6.82		
	50 to 75	27.75	4.43	12.55	6.58	22.75	6.10	9.69	5.60	13.39	7.58	46.20	7.92		
	75 or more	-39.87	3.73	-0.08	5.45	-23.77	7.19	1.83	4.82	24.33	6.05	-56.18	6.46		
Type: Wet Prairie	Absent	3.99	1.99	9.63	2.77	3.77	2.56	0.41	2.63	6.43	3.42	4.58	3.58	<0.001	0.34
	Present	-3.99	1.99	-9.63	2.77	-3.77	2.56	-0.41	2.63	-6.43	3.42	-4.58	3.58		
Type: Marsh	Absent	2.26	2.00	1.78	2.75	3.42	2.52	-1.02	2.57	5.30	3.34	9.63	3.74	0.031	0.28
	Present	-2.26	2.00	-1.78	2.75	-3.42	2.52	1.02	2.57	-5.30	3.34	-9.63	3.74		
Type: Mature Forest	Absent	-23.70	2.25	-10.82	3.20	-14.45	2.95	-9.33	2.94	-4.74	3.85	-17.87	4.03	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	23.70	2.25	10.82	3.20	14.45	2.95	9.33	2.94	4.74	3.85	17.87	4.03		
Type: Immature Forest	Absent	-11.96	2.95	-4.96	3.90	-17.15	3.74	-18.30	3.71	2.06	4.89	-7.37	4.83	<0.001	0.006
	Present	11.96	2.95	4.96	3.90	17.15	3.74	18.30	3.71	-2.06	4.89	7.37	4.83		
Type: Sedge Meadow	Absent	11.81	1.84	5.91	2.44	9.95	2.29	-2.83	2.56	-0.42	3.17	21.76	3.26	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	-11.81	1.84	-5.91	2.44	-9.95	2.29	2.83	2.56	0.42	3.17	-21.76	3.26		
Type: Tall Shrub	Absent	7.32	2.22	7.64	2.99	3.35	2.90		2.76	5.60	3.70	15.12	4.07	<0.001	0.082
	Present	-7.32	2.22			-3.35	2.90	-1.02	2.76	-5.60	3.70	-15.12	4.07		
Type: Farmed	Absent					18.74		31.19		42.86	5.84	-18.78	6.33	<0.001	<0.001
	Present	11.28	3.54	-7.54	4.85	-18.74	5.39	-31.19	4.82	-42.86	5.84	18.78	6.33		

Most prefer presence of:

- Flowers- except Class 2,5 (presence); Class 4 (indifferent);
- Open water– except Class 1 (indifferent); Class 6 (absence)
- Hill except Class 6 (absence)
- Medium Plant Diversity except Class 1,6 (Low); Class 2 (indifferent)
- Less than 5% Invasive Vegetation except Class 2,6 (50-75%);
 Class 5 (More than 75%)
- Mature forest except Class 3,4,5 (indifferent)
- Immature forest except Class 2,5,6 (indifferent)

Most prefer absence of:

- Anthropogenic Structures except Class 2,5 (presence)
- Dead Trees except Class 2,5 (presence);
- Dead Vegetation except Class 5 (indifferent);
- Wet prairie except Class 4 (indifferent) Not Sign. different
- Sedge meadow except Class 4,5 (indifferent)
- Tall Shrub except Class 2,4,5 (indifferent) *Not Sign. different*
- Farmed wetland except Class 1,6 (presence)

Most indifferent to:

- Marsh except Class 6 (absence) Not Sign. different
- Bare soil except Class 1,3 (presence)



Age:

- Class 5 is most likely to be older.
- Class 3 is most likely to be younger.

Hiking:

- Class 2 is more likely to participate.
- Class 6 is least likely to participate.

Birdwatching:

- Class 4 is most likely to participate.
- Class 6 is least likely to participate.

Trapping:

• Class 5 is most likely to participate.

Distribution within Class		Class1	Class2	Class3	Class4	Class5	Class6
	Class Size	29.8%	19.2%	18.5%	16.1%	8.2%	8.2%
Age	18 to 34	31.2%	18.3%	45.1%	17.4%	14.9%	31.0%
	35 to 64	43.4%	46.0%	46.7%	48.0%	45.9%	33.0%
	65 and older	25.4%	35.7%	8.3%	34.5%	39.2%	36.0%
Hike	No	45.3%	26.8%	43.2%	31.5%	44.6%	59.9%
	Yes	54.8%	73.2%	56.8%	68.6%	55.4%	40.1%
Birdwatch	No	62.3%	61.3%	71.1%	45.5%	73.8%	76.9%
	Yes	37.7%	38.7%	29.0%	54.5%	26.2%	23.1%
Trap	No	97.8%	97.8%	91.4%	95.1%	90.9%	98.4%
	Yes	2.2%	2.2%	8.6%	4.9%	9.1%	1.6%



Select Scenarios: Latent Classes within Online Panel

DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES	Most Scenic							Least Scenic					
	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	Class 5	Class 6	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	Class 5	Class 6	
Anthropogenic Structures	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	
Dead Trees	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	
Dead Vegetation	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Present	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	
Flowers	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	
Open Water	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	
Bare Soil	Present	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	
Hill	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	
Plant Diversity	<u>Low</u>	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	<u>Low</u>	<u>Medium</u>	Low	<u>High</u>	Low	Low	<u>High</u>	
Invasive Vegetation Extent	Less than 5	<u>50 to 75</u>	Less than 5	Less than 5	75 or more	<u>50 to 75</u>	75 or more	5 to 25	5 to 25	5 to 25	<u>25 to 50</u>	75 or more	
Type: Wet Prairie	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	
Type: Marsh	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Present	
Type: Mature Forest	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	
Type: Immature Forest	Present	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	Absent	
Type: Sedge Meadow	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	<u>Absent</u>	Present	
Type: Tall Shrub	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	
Type: Farmed	<u>Present</u>	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<u>Present</u>	<u>Absent</u>	Present	Present	Present	Present	<u>Absent</u>	
Percentile: Class 1	100%	76%	89%	80%	24%	97%	0%	33%	18%	29%	64%	3%	
Percentile: Class 2	69%	100%	86%	80%	74%	57%	35%	0%	13%	18%	24%	48%	
Percentile: Class 3	84%	78%	100%	94%	37%	72%	17%	19%	0%	7 %	54%	22%	
Percentile: Class 4	69%	81%	98%	100%	58%	51%	39%	15%	6%	0%	42%	51%	
Percentile: Class 5	34%	95%	79%	77 %	100%	20%	72%	2%	22%	18%	0%	86%	
Percentile: Class 6	91%	66%	70%	57%	20%	100%	4%	45%	31%	48%	71%	0%	
Weighted total	84%	85%	90%	84%	46%	75 %	18%	18%	12%	19%	47%	26%	

Relative Score

81 - 100% 61 - 80% 41 - 60% 21 - 40% 0 - 20%



Key Takeaways

- More diverse perceptions of NSB within the public than between the public as a whole and DNR Staff.
- SBE models offer a consistent and transparent starting point to consider NSB in wetland management.





- The "most preferred" wetland scene may not exist in Wisconsin (or anywhere!)
 - Solution: integrate SBE models in GIS to map wetland scenic beauty values
- Photographs were collected opportunistically in one summer field season.
 - Limits precision with which characteristics can be coded and effects estimated.
 - Solution: Additional resources for field data collection
- Response quality and representation issues associated with the use of online panels.
 - o Solution: Additional resources to use a mixed mode probability sample.



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"WILD WISCONSIN: OFF THE RECORD"



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ANALYSIS SERVICES BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS AND SUSTAINABILITY



Model Selection and Summary Statistics

Selection Criteria:

 Minimize Bayesian Information Criterion among candidate models

Selection Process:

- Step 1: Select most informative number of Latent Classes
 - 6 Class solution identified
- Step 2: Stepwise removal of potential Covariates predicting class membership
 - Final model retained Age, Hiking, Birdwatching, Trapping.

Supplemental Information

Sample	Model	LL	BIC(LL)	AIC(LL)	Npar	Class.Err.	R²
Staff	1-Class Regression	-7340.4	14756.3	14724.8	22	0.0%	0.386
Panel	1-Class Regression	-141519.0	283187.6	283082.0	22	0.0%	0.070
Staff vs Panel	Known Class Regression	-148995.3	298298.2	298080.6	45	0.0%	0.102
Panel - No	2-Class Regression	-138983.5	278273.0	278056.9	45	2.2%	0.303
Covariates	3-Class Regression	-138363.2	277188.8	276862.3	68	5.4%	0.362
	4-Class Regression	-137998.5	276616.0	276179.1	91	6.0%	0.388
	5-Class Regression	-137882.7	276540.8	275993.5	114	9.6%	0.406
	6-Class Regression	-137788.3	276508.4	275850.6	137	13.0%	0.417
	7-Class Regression	-137722.2	276532.6	275764.4	160	13.8%	0.427
	8-Class Regression	-137660.9	276566.5	275687.9	183	16.4%	0.434
	9-Class Regression	-137614.9	276630.9	275641.8	206	17.6%	0.442
	10-Class Regression	-137563.5	276684.5	275585.0	229	18.0%	0.447
Panel 6-class	All Covariates	-137698.7	277077.3	275891.3	247	11.5%	0.415
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove Urban/Rural	-137773.2	277124.2	276010.3	232	8.7%	0.407
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove Income	-137703.7	276951.2	275861.4	227	11.6%	0.414
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove Gender	-137708.2	276892.3	275850.4	217	10.7%	0.414
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove Region	-137718.6	276743.1	275821.2	192	10.8%	0.414
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove Motorboat	-137718.8	276709.4	275811.5	187	10.8%	0.414
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove fish	-137720.8	276679.4	275805.6	182	11.1%	0.415
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove hunt	-137724.9	276653.6	275803.8	177	11.3%	0.415
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove canoe	-137730.6	276631.1	275805.2	172	11.4%	0.415
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove forage	-137735.2	276518.5	275804.3	167	11.4%	0.415
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove trap	-137741.8	276537.4	275807.7	162	11.6%	0.416
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove age	-137768.8	276585.5	275831.6	147	11.7%	0.416
Panel 6-class	Stepwise <u>remove</u> birdwatch	-137776.4	276606.1	275836.7	142	12.9%	0.416
Panel 6-class	Stepwise remove hike (No Covariates)	-137788.3	276508.4	275850.6	137	13.0%	0.417