



ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT PURPOSE

This project was designed to:

- ✓ Encourage the development of complete assumption applications that meet program requirements,
- ✓ Allow states to capitalize on the success of other states
- ✓ Help states plan sustainable funding strategies for assuming the §404 program
- ✓ Expand the resources available to states
- ✓ Avoid duplication in the permitting process
- ✓ Protect their watersheds and aquatic ecosystems, including wetlands



ASSUMPTION PROJECT ELEMENTS:

To help states become better equipped to explore and/or apply for assumption, ASWM will work with a national project workgroup to:

IDENTIFY BEST PRACTICES FOR SUBMITTING COMPLETE ASSUMPTION PACKAGES

Moderate assumption discussions to create an ongoing peer network of states interested in assumption

Identify best practices/principles for conducting federal consistency analyses

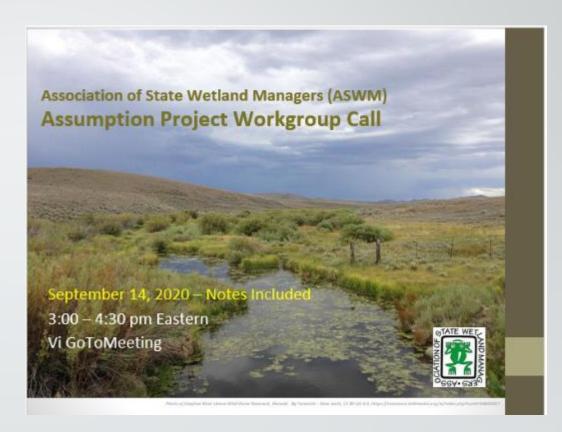
Identify best practices/principles for determining which waters within state boundaries are assumable by the state

Deliver webinars and in-person trainings on assumption topics



ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT A NATIONAL DIALOGUE

- Two+ years of monthly dialogues
- 32 project workgroup members
- Those states considering, exploring or pursing assumption and other interested parties
- Project work followed by a national-level dialogue on a specific assumption topic





SPECIAL THANK YOU FOR PARTICIPATING STATES EXPLORING ASSUMPTION

- Assumed States:
 - Michigan (On workgroup, webinar presenters)
 - New Jersey (Webinar presenters)
- Assumed During Project
 - Florida (On workgroup, webinar presenters)
- Exploring/Pursuing Assumption
 - Oregon (On workgroup, webinar presenters)
 - Minnesota (On workgroup, webinar presenters)
 - Nebraska (On workgroup, webinar presenters)
 - Indiana (On workgroup, webinar presenters)

- Considering Options
 - Maryland (On workgroup, webinar presenters)
 - Virginia (On workgroup)
- Not on Workgroup, Considering Assumption
 - Wisconsin (joined March workgroup call)
 - Arkansas
- EPA
 - HQ and Regions (On workgroup, webinar presenters)

PROCESS TO FACILITATE INFORMED DIALOGUE

AS PART OF ASWM'S ASSUMPTION WPDG PROJECT

2. Workgroup utilizes needs data and own experiences to brainstorm a list of questions for one of the key focus areas, which ASWM develops into categories

New national dialogue element



Start Here

I. Workgroup identifies key capacity building topics/issues to be explored as part of the project

> Potentially around the eight key focus areas

3. Using GoogleForms, ASWM solicits questions and needs requests from pre-identified list of representatives from states and tribes

Feeds into iterative project planning

> 6. Live webinar is delivered. Q&A session recorded; content documented: provided to workgroup for additional input into project efforts

← Including live participant polls to presenters and workgroup

4. Content requests are integrated into the workgroup list of questions and provided

Opportunity for all states to weigh in

Easy to use

Able to take pulse of emerging issues over time (not one and done)

Allows for different comfort levels/styles around sharing and asking

> **Documents** input for decisions

5. Revised list of questions/needs is used to structure both webinar content and Q&A categories



ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT REVIEW OF EXISTING MATERIALS

- Avoid recreating the wheel
- Identify existing resources and models
- Create access to useful resources







ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT EXPLORATION OF PRACTICE

- Checklists and Tracking Tools
- Assumable Waters Maps and Analyses
- Regulatory "Crosswalks"
- Feasibility Studies
- MOUs
- Program Descriptions
- Funding Models
- Working Relationships between Agencies
- Stakeholder Engagement Processes and Outreach



ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT FOCUS AREAS

- Assumption Basics
- Assumption Frameworks
- Assumable Waters Analysis
- State/Tribal and Federal Regulatory
 Crosswalks
- Developing Program and Workload Descriptions

- Data Management for Assumption
- Mitigation Banking as a Component of Assumption
- Exploring Funding Strategies
- Making the Case for Assumption
- Exploring Options: Existing, SPGPs,
 Assumption



Association of State Wetland Allanagers Clean Water Act §404 Assumption Webinar Series

Assumption 101:

Introduction to Assuming the CWA Section 404 Program





Webinar Presenters:

- Kathy Hurld, US Environmental Protection Agency
- Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection
- Anne Garwood, Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes and Energy
- Susan Lockwood, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
- Brenda Zoffitsch, Association of State Wetland Managers

Part 1: Introduction: Brenda Zoilitsch, Association of State Wetland Managers Presenter: Kathy Hurid, US Environmental Protection Agency







Introduction to Assuming the CWA Section 404 Program

- Introduction the concept of assumption
- EPA's current efforts to encourage assumption
- review the basic steps in the assumption process and requirements.
- MI and NJ share their experiences as assumed states and what the benefits and challenges have been.
- alternatives to assumption.





ASSUMPTION BASICS

 The process whereby a state or tribe obtains approval from the EPA to administer the § 404 program within their borders and consequently begins administering all aspects of the program.

 Allows a state or tribe to carry out a fully integrated and comprehensive water program

Assumption is not delegation



NO LESS STRINGENT THAN

To assume the § 404 program, a state or tribe's program must be no less stringent than program requirements in the CWA and implementing regulations.

For example, a state or tribe must:

- Have sufficient authority to regulate all waters of the US that may be assumed;
- Regulate at least the same activities as listed in the Act and regulations;
- Provide for sufficient public participation;
- Ensure compliance with the Section 404(b)(1) guidelines, which provide environmental criteria for permit decisions;
- Have adequate enforcement authority; and
- Comply with other applicable regulations (33 USC part 1344(h); 40 CFR part 233)



ASSUMABLE WATERS

Assumption by a state or tribe does not alter CWA jurisdiction over waters of the United States.

States and tribes assume permitting authority for certain waters, but others are retained under the authority of the Corps.

CWA section 404(g)(1):

• "... those waters which are presently used, or are susceptible to use in their natural condition or by reasonable improvement as a means to transport interstate or foreign commerce shoreward to their ordinary high water mark, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide shoreward to their mean high water mark, or mean higher high water mark on the west coast, including wetlands adjacent thereto ..."



THE EPA CONTINUES TO REVIEW SOME PERMIT APPLICATIONS

- In an assumed § 404 program, the EPA reviews defined categories of permit applications and may request review of any application.
- Any permit for which the EPA has not waived review, EPA sends to the Corps, USFWS, and NMFS for comment.
- If EPA comments on, objects to or requires conditions for a § 404 permit, the state or tribe cannot issue the § 404 permit unless the EPA's concerns are resolved.



POTENTIAL BENEFITS OF ASSUMPTION

- Improved resource protection
- Increased program efficiency
- Effective allocation of federal and state agency resources
- Improved integration with other state resource programs
- Use of state-specific resource policies and procedures
- Increased regulatory program stability
- Increased public support



COMMON BARRIERS TO ASSUMPTION

- Meeting program requirements
- Inability to assume administration of Section 10 waters of the Rivers and Harbors Act and wetlands adjacent to these waters:
- Inability to assume § 404 authority in only one geographic portion of the state.
- Need for alternative coordination with other federal resource programs
- Federal agencies and interest groups may oppose asssumption over concerns about maintaining protection consistent with the other federal laws in the state following assumption
- Lack of dedicated federal funding specifically for Section 404 Program administration
- Wetland Program Development Grants Cannot Fund Implementation Activitie





ASWM § 404 ASSUMPTION PROJECT FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ) RESOURCE



Association of State Wetland Managers Assumption Frequently Asked Questions – March 202

A. What is Clean Water Act § 404 Assumption?

"Assumption" of the Coan Main Act (2004) Section 600 program describes the process whenthy a situal or tribe obtains approach on the TAA to administe the § 400 program within their borders and companying the plan administering all a spects of the program. For those states or or both with mature, integrated water management programs that include the regulation of deepen off at articles, § 600 program assumption about a state or tribe to company at anything regulated and comprehensive water program anderwork of the companyate mature is companyated with programs and companyate and program and described and the companyate of the state or that I and COAN requirements. Assumption is on delegation, because the program is operated under state or that I also and not delegated the described authority. Delegated programs mean that a state or who is having a permit or taking an action on behalf of the finderal government. A state or tribul cheefs and III permit program may protect waters of the states or the that are not waters of the Mothe States.

8. Benefits of Assuming the § 404 Program

- Improved removres protection: Ultimately, prester protection of welfand resources will result from
 the coordinated efforts of both state/rical and federal agency staff, the use of methods specific to
 the state or tribe, and state/fittal expertise backed by federal scientific expertise, and a more
 efficient regulatory program.
- Increased program efficiency: Program assumption can greatly reduce depticals instalythal and federal permitting requirements. Sails permit approach have other between one strenk that defeard programs. In Michigan, for excepts, actions typically must be ables on completed permit applications within 30 polars, with the service permit preceding that is paperdisarily foll dating fives for greenal or misor permits), in lives inners, promaily permit decidion are made in 10 days on average while weithed boundary erifications peremity are completed in 80 days and individual permit decidions their but that 10 days.
- Effective allocation of federal and state agency resources: State programs such as those in Michigen and New Jersey are staffed by local offices with the capability of providing on-the review of airmost all permit supplications (including those reviewed by the Corps under the multipasside permit process) and work directly with permit applicant to induce adverse impact to the securics.

When reviewing particularly comp resource agency staffs retain the o

- Improved integration with other a permitting program at the state less other related land and water manawater management, local or region to be fully integrated into the permitted associated organizations revocal.
- Use of state-specific resource polis state has a degree of flexibility in the needs of the state, provided that if a wetland delineation manual that manual deleveloped for the neither suecological types of wetland present program is tailored to the needs of
- increased regulatory pegyan stab program requirements have nereal 400 permit program administered for this stability. First, became Mic impacted by changes in the federal inconsisters with the federal prograignificant degree of controversy a Michigan's program (ag., early rem).
- Increased public support: State per public support for wetland regulation and federal agencies, and by policie

C. Burriers to Assumption

 Meeting program requirements: C in terms of the definition of coveresception. To be approved to adthat it has equivalent authority in a the basis for state authority in a the basis for state authority in a cast deen motise their program as example, while federal jurisdiction U.S. Comutitation, state jurisdiction and to protect to the state's nature authorities may, failed as proper or substitution, visited as proper or

- Basics of Assumption
- No Less Stringent Requirements
- Benefits and Barriers
- Status of States
- Complete Assumption Package
- Assumption Process
- Roles of Different Agencies





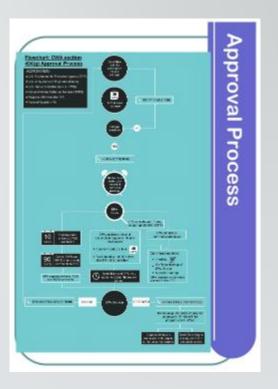


THE ASSUMPTION PROCESS

At least until the new 404(g) rule is released

Assumption process steps are formally outlined on the EPA's website at: https://www.epa.gov/cwa404g/assumption-process-under-cwa-section-404.

- Step 1: State or Tribe submits a complete assumption application
- Step 2: EPA Reviews Application
- Step 3: EPA Distribution of Application for Public Comment
- Step 4: EPA holds Public Hearing
- Step 5: EPA Makes Decision



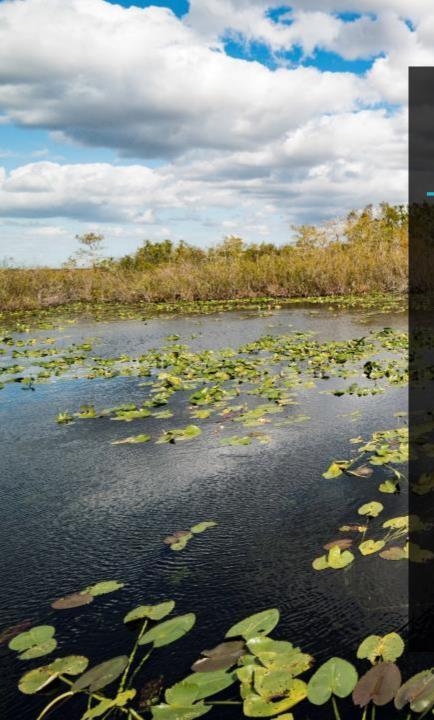


THE COMPLETE ASSUMPTION 'PACKAGE'

- Details what a state or tribe will do
- What the permit process is
- What criteria are used in the review, appeals processes
- Who is responsible
- How, when and with whom coordination will occur

- Copies of permit forms, approval forms and any review criteria or guidance manuals.
- Describe the structure of the state/tribal regulating agency and its regulatory program
- Details funding and staffing levels

The EPA does not determine these elements of the program, only the state or tribe does this decision-making.



ASSUMPTION PACKAGE REQUIREMENTS



A state or tribal package requesting Section 404(g) assumption must include:

- L. A letter from the Governor or equivalent tribal leader;
- A complete program description;
- 3. A statement from the Attorney General or tribal equivalent;
- A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with the respective EPA Regional Administrator;
- 5. A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with Secretary of Army (through the Chief of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers); and
- 6. Copies of all applicable state or tribal statutes and regulations administering the program.



A state or tribe must develop a **complete program description** (40 CFR 233.11). The program description must include (but is not limited to):

- A description of the scope and structure of the program, including jurisdiction, activities regulated, anticipated coordination, permit review criteria, and scope of permit exemptions, if any;
- Procedures for permitting, administrative review, and judicial review;
- Structure and organization of state or tribal agency responsible for program administration;
- Funding and staffing levels;
- Anticipated workload;
- Copies of permit application forms, permit forms, and reporting forms;
- Compliance evaluation and enforcement programs;
- Description of the waters under state jurisdiction and those under the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) jurisdiction; and
- Best Management Practices proposed to satisfy farm, forest, and temporary mining roads exemption provisions.





CONDUCTING REGULATORY CROSSWALKS

DEMONSTRATING EQUIVALENCY IN STATE/TRIBES REGULATIONS AND PERMITTING ACTIVITIES

An analysis that demonstrates program equivalency.

- Ensures that the assumed program is equivalent to –
 even if not necessarily the same as federal requirements.
- Requires a comparison (aka "crosswalk") of federal requirements with proposed state/tribal document(s).

Emerging Options:

- Narrative, programmatic approach (ex. FL)
- Comparison grids showing side-by-side text (ex. OR)
- Hybrid (ex. MN)

Conducting Federal-State/Tribal Regulatory Crosswalks for Clean Water Act Section 404 Assumption

Monday, March 22, 2021 - 3:00 - 4:30 pm Eastern



PRESENTERS

- Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection
- Barbara Poage, Oregon Department of State Lands
- Les Lemm, Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources
- Ken Powell, Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources

Sign Up Today! March 22 Webinar

ABSTRACT

In the assumption planning process, states and tribes must complete a regulatory crosswalk. The purpose of the crosswalk is to examine any differences between state and federal standards and to provide insights into any gaps that may need to be filled. The regulatory crosswalk allows states and tribes to show that the final program, when ready for assumption, provides a no less stringent than federal regulatory program. This webinar will discuss the basics of regulatory crosswalks and provide three different experiences from states that have completed or are in the process of completing a regulatory crosswalk as part of their assumption planning process. Presenters will include staff from Florida (which recently assumed the 404 Program), Oregon which has completed the crosswalk but is still in the process of developing their assumption package, and Minnesota, which is in the early phases of conducting their analysis. Each presenter will share when in the assumption process they conducted their crosswalk, what process and format they used to conduct it, and any challenges they encountered. They will share what their crosswalk found/is finding, whether there were any gaps or inconsistencies that needed to be addressed and how they filled them. Each presenter will share what their crosswalk and tops for others planning to conduct a regulatory crosswalk. The webinar will end with a Q&A session with the presenters.

EPA's assumption regulations establish the requirements for the crosswalk

OF RESTANDING TO SERVICE OF THE SERV

ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT CONDUCTING AN ASSUMABLE WATERS ANALYSIS

- Administrative Boundary of Retained Waters 300 Foot **Proposed Wetland** Guideline Project 1 Project 2 Retained Waters 300 Foot Project 3
- What's In/What's Out?
- Assumable Waters Report
- Building Technical Understanding
- Working with the Corps
- Mapping Considerations
- Documenting Results
- Crafting Report(s)

Brenda Zollitsch, Association of State Wetland Managers [POWERPOINT PRESENTATION]

View Recorded Webinar

PRESENTERS

Want a Deeper Dive?

Held Friday, November 6, 2020 - 3:00-5:00 pm ET

- Eric Metz, Oregon Department of State Lands [POWERPOINT PRESENTATION]
 Randy Sounhein, Oregon Department of State Lands [POWERPOINT PRESENTATION]
- . Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection [POWERPOINT PRESENTATION]

Webinar #5 - Documenting Assumable Waters for Assumption for the CWA § 404

- Camille Beasley, Florida Department of Environmental Protection [POWERPOINT PRESENTATION]
- Les Lemm, Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources Wetland Section Manager [POWERPOINT PRESENTATION]

ABSTRACT

While the new 404(g) assumption rule has not yet been released by EPA, this webinar provided food for thought as states consider assumption before formal guidance is provided in the form of the new rule. This webinar began with an introduction to assumption and assumable waters: What are assumable waters and what role do they play in an assumed program? What does a state or tribe gain through managing assumable waters? The webinar continued with discussion of the different roles states, tribes, the Corps and EPA play in determining assumable waters and discuss what needs to be done to determine assumable waters for the assumption process. The webinar then shared the work of three different states currently engaged in different phases of the assumption process: Florida, Oregon and Minnesota. State agency staff will share their approaches to analysis, discuss how they have been working with the corps, and share information about their GIS layers, as well as any lessons learned.

CONDUCTING A FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS

DETERMINING IF ASSUMPTION IS RIGHT FOR YOUR STATE OR TRIBE

- Assumable workload
 - Identify waters retained by the Corps vs. assumable waters
 - Calculate workload considering past permits and processing times while accounting for NWPR
- Staffing Levels and Administration Costs
 - Determine program staffing needs including specialized positions
 - Estimate annual cost to administer the program keeping in mind economies of scale issues
- Sustainable Funding = Major Barrier
 - Develop funding scenarios that cover the true cost of the assumed program
 - Consider a mix of appropriated funds as well as user pay structures like an hourly rate, permit type, project cost or chargeable impact rates





WHERE TO START? WHAT TO CHOSE? WHO TO ASK?









Association of State Wetland Managers
Checklist of Useful Considerations for States and Tribes
Exploring Assumption of the § 404 Program

In recent years, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has been encouraging states and tribes to assures the Clean Water Act 5-058 Program. Additionally, changes in federal regulations have prompted states and tribes to consider assumption jp gride tip streamline and/or increase the predictability of 5-404 permitting, and ensure important wetlands and waters are appropriately potter-tied.

Assumption of the CIMA 3-400 program describes the process whereby a state or title obtains approved from the DPA to administer the §-400 program within their borders and consequently begins administering all aspects of the program, for those states or tribes with mature, integrated water management programs that include the regulation of deedge or fill activities, assumption of the §-400 program allows a state or tribe to carry out, a fully integrated and comprehensive water program addressing the complete range of state, tribal, and CVIA, respirates and host ander feederol authority. Collegated programs may that a state or tribe in houting a permit or fighting griping on behalf of the related or tribe in houting a permit or fighting griping on behalf of the related or somewhat.

The following list identifies key elements of comidering and pursuing assumption, including suggestions for alternative actions that states and tribes might take artern the timing for is not right for assumption.

When considering assumption, state/tribe will want to:

- Define state/tribal goals for assumption.
 - a What would be the benefit to the state or tribe?
 - Why is assumption being considered at this time?
- Determine if there is public support for comprehensive administration of a dividge and fill permit program by the state or tribe.

It is important for discussion to take place with stakeholders as lower such as:

- What is the purpose of state/tribal program assumption?
- Why should the state or tribe consider the additional burden of administering a dredge/fill permit program in lieu of the federal program?
- Will the state or tribal water resources be adequately protected?
- Would it be a concern that DPA would have an oversight role, including the ability to object to an individual permit?

- Defining state/tribal goals for assumption
- Determining if there is public support for comprehensive administration of a dredge and fill permit program by the state or tribe
- Conducting an inventory of existing state/tribal statutes and regulations
- Undertaking an initial side-by-side comparison of state/tribal and federal program
- Identifying gaps
- Identifying and securing funding mechanisms to support the assumed program:
- Guaranteeing adequate public participation processes
- Identifying how the state or tribe will comply with other required federal laws

Association of State Wetland Managers - Protecting the Nation's Wetlands,







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You are here: Home - Wetland Programs - -404 Assumption

404 Assumption



What is CWA 404 Assumption?

"Assumption" of the CVA Section 404 program describes the process whereby a state or tribe obtains approved from the EPA to administer the § 404 program within their borders and consequently begins administrating all aspects of the program. For those states or tribes with mature, integrated water management program state occurs the regulation of designed or fill activities, § 404 Program assumption allows a state or tribe to carry out a fully integrated and comprehensive water program addressing the full range of state, tribal, and CVA requirements. Assumption a soci delegation. Delegated programs made to interest or tribe is insuing a permit or taking an action on behalf of the federal povernment.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 404, a state or tribe may only be authorized to session 404 Program if it has authority over all assumable waters and described in the Class Water Act (2004) requirements in specificing a portiting groups. Tribes are eligible to apply to assume the Federal parent program after they have not requirements for "insafrant as a state." See the Federal \$11, 1902, Federal Register notice.

For more information about assumption, check out the following ASWH document: ASWH CWA 404 Assumption Frequently Asked Questions (Go hams)

Which States Have Assumed the 404 Program?

Hichigan, Nov Jensy and Florida have fully assumed programs. Other states are in the precess of applying for assumption, including Florida. Windowsta and Oragon. Other states are stating the process of exploiting assumption, including Nebhasia and Indana.

To date no tribox have assumed the 404 program. However, Intibes are allowed to assume the program. In 2020, several tribos are considering pursuing assumption.

The Assumption Process

A complete sessimption "package" must detail what a state/intre will do, what the permit process a, what officers are used in the neview, appeals processe, who is responsible, and lately have, when and with when concertication will occur. The package, must include copies of permit forms, approval forms and any neview criteria or guidance manuse. Additionally, the shumber of detailment and any neview criteria or guidance manuse. Additionally, the shumber of detailment applicating agency must be dissorbed, as veril as invalid as shifting levels. EVA does not detail these elements of the program, only the state, tribe does this decision-waves.

The assumption process is comprised of multiple steps. These steps are formally sublined on DNAs website term.

EPA Assumption Process Flowchart

EPA has developed a flowchest for the stops and timing of the assumption process. To view the disvolver, click horn, to go to EPA's document. A new flowchest will be released by EPA when the new 40-92 fault common into effect.

Assumption Package Requirements

Assumption package requirements can be found in the fluideal assumption regulations, however, CPA close soil provide a standardized assumption application form. The requirements for a completion assumption request peckage and discribed in CPA Section 404(2) regulations (40 CPR 201.18-203.14), Also see CPAIs page on the assumption septiments.

A state or tribal package requireting Section 404(g) was implied must include:

- 1. A latter from the Governor or equivalent tribal leader;
- 2. A Complete program streetlytion;
- 2. An Attorney General's statement or tribal equivalent;
- A Nomensedum of Agreement (PICA) with the respective EPA Regional Administrator
- A Homorandum of Agreement (HCA) with Secretary of Army (through the Chief of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineerity and
- Copies of all applicable state or tribal statutes and regulations estrimistaring the recover.

Regulations

- 49400(1) Guidelines (PDF)
- Wintends Protection: 40 CFR Parts 22, 230 Strough 223
- Assumption Regulations (Part 203 464 State Program Regulations) (PDF)
- Section 404 State Assumption Regulations (PDF)
- Latter from Perior S. Silva, Assistant Administrator, U.S. Draftparmental Protection Agency, Discontine 27, 2015, Clarifying Defaugated Species Act Section 7 Consolidation (2016).
- Tind of Tritol Assumption Regulations (PDF)

State Feasibility Studies

Coming Scon, Please check back.

Information on Assumed State Programs

"Nesumptions, New Jersey Style" (PDF)

ASWM Template 404 Assumption Investigation Tools

- Huttis of State Assumption Sample Document (PDF)
- More resources forthcoming check back scon.

Other Publications

- Clean Water Act S4D4 Assumption: What Is It; How Doins If Work, and What Are the Exmette?
- U.S. DW Fact Shoots



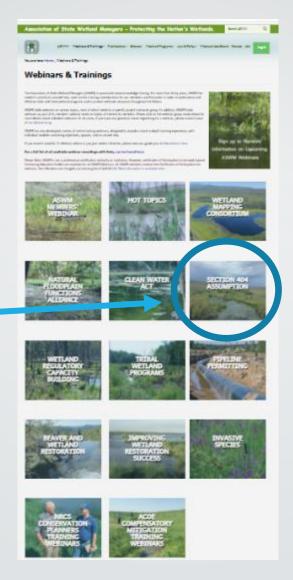
WHERE TO FIND ASWM'S ASSUMPTION PROJECT RESOURCES

404 As	sumpt	ion: https	://aswm.c	org/wetla	nd-progra	ams/s-
<u>404-as</u>	<u>sumpt</u>	ion				

- Basic Information
- Links to 404(g) Rule and EPA Guidance
- All Project Documents
 - ☐ FAOs
 - Definitions List
 - Checklist of Assumption Considerations
 - Documenting Assumable Waters
 - Conducting Crosswalks
 - Matrix of Assumption Examples
 - ☐ Planning SmartSheet
- Useful websites
- A PDF of Resource Links

ASWM § 404 ASSUMPTION PROJECT

ARCHIVE OF WEBINAR RECORDINGS AND POWERPOINTS







2020

November 6, 2020 View recording here

Webinar #5 – Documenting Assumable Waters for Assumption for the CWA § 404 Program – Eric Metz, Oregon Department of State Lands; Randy Sounhein, Oregon Department of State Lands; Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection; Camille Beasley, Florida Department of Environmental Protection; and Les Lemm, Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources – Wetland Section Manager

November 4, 2020 View recording here

Webinar #4 – Florida's Assumption Process - Planning, Decisions and Lessons Learned – Tim Rach, Florida Department of Environmental Protection and Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection

September 23, 2020 View recording here

Webinar #3 – Mitigation Banking Considerations for States and Tribes Exploring Assumption of the CWA Section 404 Program – Joe Williams, Ecosystem Investment Partners; Les Lemm, Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources – Wetland Section Manager; Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection; and Chris Tanner, Manson, Bolves, Donaldson, Varn

June 17, 2020 View recording here

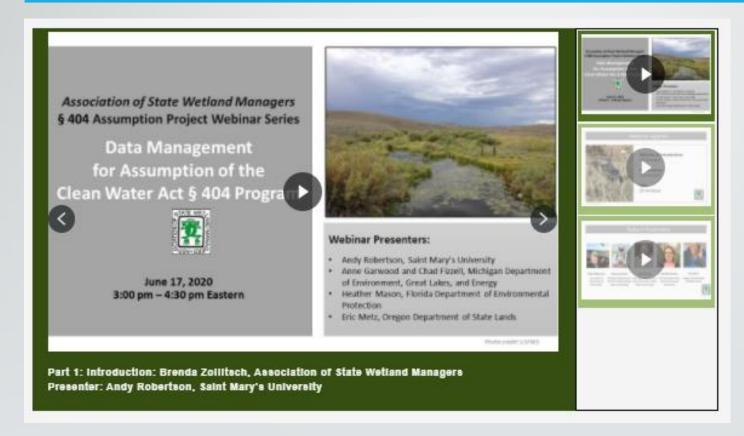
Webinar #2 – Data Management for Assumption of the 404 Program – Andy Robertson, Saint Mary's University, Anne Garwood, Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy; Chad Fizzell, Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy; Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection; and Eric Metz, Oregon Department of State Lands

February 18, 2020 View recording here

Webinar #1 – Assumption 101: Introduction to Assuming the CWA Section 404 Program – Kathy Hurld, US Environmental Protection Agency; Heather Mason, Florida Department of Environmental Protection; Anne Garwood, Michigan Department of Environmental Quality; Susan Lockwood, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection; and Brenda Zollitsch, Association of State Wetland Managers



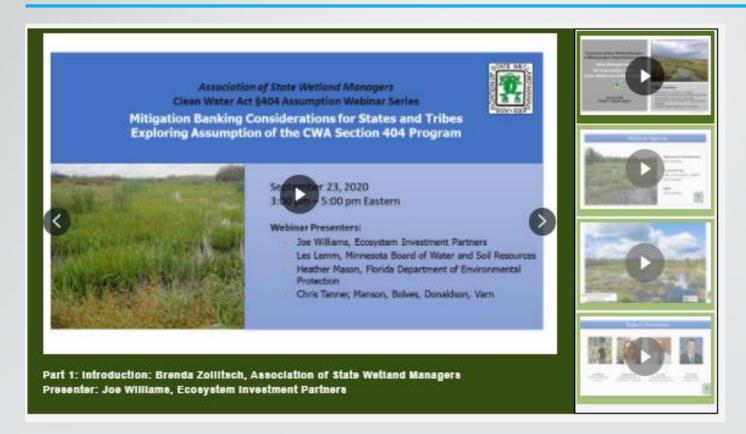
ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT DATA MANAGEMENT FOR ASSUMPTION



- What kinds of data need to be managed by an assumed state?
- Who needs access to that data and in what forms?
- How is data going to be used?
- What are database considerations?
- How is data fed into new and existing permitting and reporting systems?
- Are there examples of existing databases that can serve as models?



ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT ASSUMPTION AND MITIGATION BANKING



- How does mitigation banking get addressed when a state assumes the 404 Program?
- Who needs to be involved in working out permitting and implementation arrangements?
- Are there special considerations?
- Can a state assume all or none of the mitigation banks?
- What about existing permits, what happens to them?



ASWM'S LIBRARY OF ASSUMPTION EXAMPLES (MATRIX)

- 135 real world examples
- Avoid starting from scratch/recreating
- Benefit from others' investments of time/resources
- Do require adaptation for use in other states

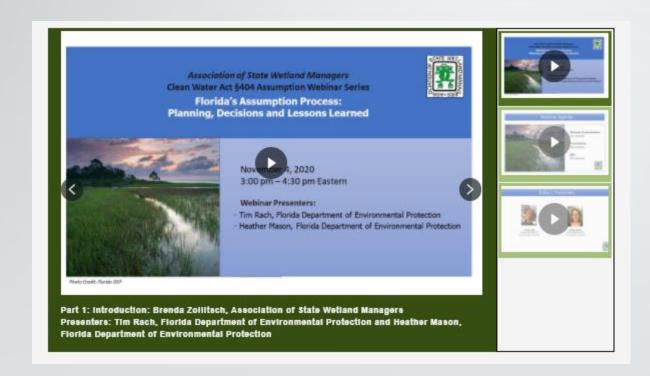
Type of Resource	Source	Link	
ASVM Links to State 404 Assumption		Last Updated: 3-10-2021	
ASWM Assumption Webpage	ASWM	404 Assumption (aswm.org)	
ASWM Assumption Checklist of Considerations (PDF)	ASWM	Link to final project document here	
Assumption Frequently Asked Questions (PDF)	ASWM	Link to final project document here	
ASWM Smartlist for Assumption Planning Process	ASWM/Oregon	Forthcoming PDF (based on Oregon Example)	
EPA Status of State 404 Assumption Map	EPA Headquarter	https://www.epa.gov/cwa404g/us-interactive-map-state-and-tribal-ass	
Final Report of the Assumable Waters NACEPT	FACA	https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2017-06/documents/awsul	
State Wetland Protection Permits (incl. assumption)	Michigan	https://www.michigan.gov/statelicensesearch/0.4671.7-180-24786-244	
State and Federal Wetland Regulations	Michigan	EGLE - State and Federal Wetland Regulations (michigan.gov)	
ACOE)	Michigan	http://www2.law.mercer.edu/elaw/wetlands/michigan%20corps%20assu	
Assumption Database (MIWaters includes Assumption Data)	Michigan	MiWaters - Home (state.mi.us)	
Michigan PPT on 404 Assumption	Michigan	https://www.michigan.gov/documents/deg/deg-whm-eac-MI404-Progr	
State Assumption Webpage (Studies, workplan,			
presentations for stakeholders, factsheet)	Minnesota	404 Assumption I MN Board of Water, Soil Resources (state,mn.us)	
State Assumption Feasability Study	Minnesota	Section 404 - Assumable Waters Analysis (arcgis.com)	
Assumable Waters Analysis (Initial Analysis)	Minnesota	https://bwsr.state.mn.us/sites/default/files/2019-01/Wetlands Regulat	
Assumable Waters Analysis Central Minnesota	Minnesota	https://www.aswm.org/assumptiondocs/mn_c_example.pdf	
Assumable Waters Analysis East Central Minnesota	Minnesota	https://www.aswm.org/assumptiondocs/mn_ec_example.pdf	
Assumable Waters Analysis Lake George Area	Minnesota	https://www.aswm.org/assumptiondocs/mn_lake_george_cass_examp	
Assumable Waters Analysis North Central Minnesota	Minnesota	https://www.aswm.org/assumptiondocs/mn_nc_example.pdf	
Assumable Waters Map	Minnesota	Section 404 - Assumable Waters Analysis (arcgis.com)	
Section 10 Waters Map	Minnesota		
Assumable Waters Analysis (Final Analysis)	Minnesota	Forthcoming PDF	
Documenting Assumable Waters - Webinar PPT (MN)	Minnesota	Title Slide with Image (aswm.org)	
Regulatory Crosswalk (Narrative)	Minnesota	Forthcoming PDF	
404 Assumption Funding Law Provision	Minnesota	2019 404 Assumption Law Provision.pdf (state.mn.us)	
Memo to Stakeholders	Minnesota	Assumable Waters Memo to Stakeholders 9-11-18	
Memo to Stakeholders	Minnesota	404 Assumption Update Memo to Stakeholders 10-13-20.pdf (state.m)	
Stakeholder Update - PPT PDF	Minnesota	Assumption of Section 404 of Federal Clean Water Act Stakeholder Up	
Nebraska 404 Assumption Elements and Tasks (2020)	Nebraska	Upload PDF (based on Nebraska Example)	
Example Gantt Chart Assumption Process Timeline	Nebraska	Upload PDF (based on Nebraska Example)	
Investigation Report - Assumable waters, workload			
allocation, cost and sustainable funding options	Nebraska	Forthcoming PDF	
State Assumption Webpage	New Jersey	https://www.nj.gov/dep/landuse/lu_epa.html	
State Wetland Permitting Webpage	New Jersey	https://www.epa.gov/wetlands/new-jerseys-clean-water-act-ss404-per	
MOA with Secretary of Army (through the Chief of the US	, i		
ACOE)	New Jersey	http://www2.law.mercer.edu/elaw/wetlands/new%20jersey%20corps%2	
State Assumption Webpage	Oregon	https://www.oregon.gov/ds//w/w/Pages/404PermitAuthority.aspx	
State Assumption Feasability Study	Oregon	404 Leg Report 12-11-2020 Final With appendices.pdf Powered by	
404 Program Partial Assumption	Oregon	https://www.aswm.org/assumptiondocs/oregon_404_program_partia	





ASWM ASSUMPTION PROJECT THE WHOLE ENCHILADA: FLORIDA'S ASSUMPTION PACKAGE AND PROCESS





Representatives from the FDEP shared their path to submittal of a complete assumption package to EPA

- Overview of the agency's structure, program, and delineation rule.
- Florida's assumption history, reasons for assuming, and rulemaking.
- Contents of Florida's assumption package.
- Preparations to implement their assumed program
- Sharing of lessons learned



ADDITIONAL PROJECT BENEFITS

- Shared regular updates/state of the practice
- Removed the sense of isolation
- Helped state keep the momentum going
- Identified and explored alternative approaches
- Built on existing resources
- Have been able to show what other states are doing
- Troubleshooting and brainstorming
- Developed a valued network of colleagues working on assumption (peer-to-peer network/support system)

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Association of State Wetland Managers

www.aswm.org

(207) 892-3399

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Association of State Wetland Managers - Protecting the Nation's Wetlands.





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404 Assumption



What is CWA 404 Assumption?

"Assumption" of the CAR Section 469 program describes the process wherein, a state or the obtains approad from the EAP to administer the § 469 program within their borders and consequently begins administering all sepecies of the program. For those exists or rinter with minute the program process program administering the process of the program. For those exists or rinter with exists the requirement programs administering the program administering the program administering the program administering the full respect of state, think, and CAR requirement, assumption is not delegated, collected on the chargement administering allowed on the delegated and components water program administering the full respect of state.

In accordance with the organization of Section 444, a state or inflor may only be authorized to sesume the Section 444 Program if it has authority over all assumable system and demonstrates that it will apply legal structured consistent with the Claim Valet Act (DWA) requirements in up assign a portificing program. These are slightle to apply to assume the Federal points program after the Register rection.

For more information about assumption, check out the following ASVM document: ASWM CWA 404 Assumption Frequently Asked Questions [Go hams]

Which States Have Assumed the 404 Program?

Hichigan, New Jensey and Florida have fully assumed programs.
Other states are in the process of applying fire assumption, including Florida,
Hinnesota and Drogon, Other states are starting the process of exploring
assumption, including Nationals and Indiana.

To date no tribes have assumed the 404 program. However, fribes are allowed to assume the program. In 2000, asserts tribes are considering pursuing assumption.

The Assumption Process

A complete seasurable? "package" must bitall what a statisfied will do, what the permit process a, what criters are used it this makes, alpeals processes, who is responsible, and beth love, when end with when coordination will occur. The package, must include coopies of permit forms, approved forms and any noview orbitate or guidence manuae. Additionally, the strumms of enabythall regulating agency must be discribed, as well as who does what, as well as in furniting and staffing lassies. (If the does not determine these elements of the program, only the statisticite does this abclasso-making.

The securities process is comprised of multiple steps. These steps see formally sublined on DNAs website here.

EPA Assumption Process Flowchart

CRA has developed a flowchart for the stops and timing of the assumption process. To see the flowchart, click hare, to go to DRAs observed. A new flowchart will be released by DRA when the new 404(g) faile comes into effect.

Assumption Package Requirements

Assumption package requirements can be found in the fedical assumption regulations, bowers; GPA dose och provide a standardard assumption application from. The requirements for a complete assumption requirements for a complete assumption on package and adactived in CPA Section 494(g) regulations (45 CPA 201.15-2)3.3-9. Also see CPA's page on the assumption

A state of tribal package requireting Section 404(g) assumption must include:

- 1. A letter from the Governor or equivalent Initial leader;
- A Complete program strattiphics;
- An Attorney General's statement or Inibili equivalent;
- A Nomonandum of Agreement (HCA) with the respective EPA Regional Administrator;
- A Homonardum of Agreement (HCA) with Secretary of Army (through the Chief of the U.S. Army Curpx of Engineers); and
- Copies of all applicable dista or tribal distates and regulations attrinishering the

Regulations

- 4D4(b)(1) Suidelines (PDF)
 Wetlands Protection: 40 CTR Parts 22, 238 Strough 223
- Assumption Regulations (Fast 222 404 State Program Regulations) (PDF)
- Gotton 404 State Assumption Regulations (PDF)
- Latter from Page S. Give, Assistant Administrator, U.S. Division and a Prosection Agency, December 27, 2013, Clarifying Distinguish Species Act Section 7
- Tind of Tribal Assumption Regulations (RDF)

State Feasibility Studies

Coming Scon, Please check back.

Information on Assumed State Programs

"Nesumptions, New Yearsy Style" (PDF)

ASWEN Template 494 Assumption Investigation Tools

Marris of State Assumption Sample Discurrent (RDF)
 More resources forthcoming - check back scien.

Other Publications

- Clean Water Act SHD4 Assumption: What In It; How Doin It Work, and What Are
- U.S. DW Tect Shoots

